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HEARN

22, 24, 26, and 30 West Fourteenth St.

Saturday is Children's Day
with
Special Bargains
in
Boys' Clothing
and
Misses' Cloaks and Dresses.

Boys' Gray Cheviot Suits all wool, neat checks, 4 to 14 years...... $1.98
Boys' Extra Fine Suits all wool, cheviot, best styles, 4 to 14 years.. 2.98
Navy Chinchilla Reefers velvet collar—plaid lining—4 to 15 years.... 3.98
All Wool Kilt Overcoats With capes—military trim—worth $5.00.... 2.98
Fine Melton Overcoats Extra deep cape—4 to 14 yrs.—worth $6.00. 3.98
Boys' All Wool Knee Pants neat styles in dark Cheviots sizes 4 to 15—value a dollar.... 59c
Boys' Outing Flannel Waists full pleated—best colors laced or buttoned—all sizes; worth 50c...... 19c

HATS AND CAPS.
Largest stock in New-York.
All the best shapes in reliable qualities only.

Cassimere Polos,	19c	Turkish Fez,	39c
Bicycles,	19c	Scotch Tams,	49c
Yachts,	19c	Military,	49c
Cadets,	19c	Satin-Lined Yachts,	49c

Inspection will disclose not only the lowest prices ever named for fine qualities, but also the greatest assortments to be found in any retail store......Department is the largest in the city.

Misses' and Little Children's
Jackets, Cloaks, and Dresses.

Reputation of this department for fine materials, perfect shapes, and best styles is fully sustained by stock shown this season.

Misses' Jackets,	100 styles,	$3.98 to $35.00
Girls' Gretchens,	50 styles,	3.98 to 30.00
Children's Coats,	100 styles,	1.98 to 20.00

Dresses for Misses and Children comprise a wonderful variety of plain and fancy cloths, tastefully combined with velvets and silks of contrasting colors, or trimmed with fashionable braids in the various novel styles for present season.

Ages 2 to 18.....................Prices $1.98 to $40.00

No matter what the price elsewhere, you'll find no handsomer, richer garments!

To-day's Specials are:

Misses' all-Cheviot Jackets with and without Derby Cape, 14 to 18 yrs; worth $6.00.................$3.98
Misses' Mixed Cheviot Dresses full sleeves—Derby Cape—14 to 18 yrs....... 4.98
Girls' Fancy Cloth Gretchens deep cape—pleated collar—6 to 12 yrs...... 4.98
Girls' Imported Cloth Coats Boucle and stripe effects, 6 to 14 yrs.; worth $9.00.............. 6.75
Little Children's Walking Coats soft plaids and check cheviots—braid trim—1 to 4 yrs.; value $4.00......... 2.98
Little Children's Walking Coats plain check and stripe cloth deep shoulder ruffles—ribbon trim.......... 3.98

Millinery.
TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS.
No finer anywhere.
$4.00......$6.00......$8.00......$10.00......$15.00
Equal to any exclusive milliners sell
At Double.

Seeing is believing——————Come and see

AN OPPORTUNITY TO BUY
Infants' Fine Cloaks

at very low prices—sample line of two manufacturers, bought during past week.

Long Cloaks—		**heavy lined.**
Bengaline Silk,	deep Silk emb'y,	$7.98
Fancy Merino,	hand-stitched—fur trim,	6.98
China Silk,	Angora fur,	4.98
Crepe Cloth,	emb'y and ribbon,	4.98
Bedford Cord,	trim'd waist,	3.98
Cashmere,	deep cape,	2.99
Short Coats—		**heavy lined.**
Brocade Silk—deep Krimmer collar,		$10.98
Bengaline Silk—fur trim'd double cape,		8.98
Bengaline Silk—braid and fur trim,		6.98
Chinchilla—fur trim,		5.99
Bedford Cord—Angora Cape,		4.98
Brocade Cashmere—silk braid trim,		3.98
Eiderdown—silk cord and ornaments,		2.98

All the new shapes in
Little Children's
Hats, Caps and Bonnets
to match Cloaks, 29 cts. to $8.00

Also large assortments of Little Boys' Caps and Tam o' Shanters—in Silk and Cashmere—white and col'd—no other house shows the variety.

Ladies' Cloaks and Dresses.
Extraordinary Assortments.
Unsurpassed Values.

JACKETS, $3.00 to $80.00

Black and Colored—plain and trimmed—tight and loose—single and double breast—hip seam or one piece—with single, double and triple skirts—with and without capes and revers—lined and unlined—more than five hundred styles—all new.

CAPES, $4.00 to $100.00

Plush, Silk, Matelasse, and Cloth—Black and Colored—with full collars and top capes—plain or elaborately braided, or trimmed with rich furs and satin folds and passementeries—finest collection ever shown—richest and most elegant styles made.

DRESSES, $8.00 to $100.00

Cloth, Silk, Satin and Moire—in all the styles that Fashion has made popular—all far below value.

Specials in Ladies' Jackets.

Plain and Fancy cloth—plain and trim'd	$3.98
Tight and Loose—satin lined Columbia collar	5.98
Imported Cheviot and Broadcloth—braid trim	7.98
Fine Black Broadcloth—electric seal trim	8.98
Double Breast—full satin faced—fur edge	10.98
Imported Vicuna—sable edged collar	12.98
Havana Broadcloth—rich braid trim	14.98

Specials in Ladies' Capes.

Black Broadcloth—soutache braid	7.98
Clay Diagonal—fancy braid trim	8.98
Seal Plush—double collar—fur edge	11.98
Extra fine Plush—Loie Fuller collar	14.98
With full collar—Alaska sable trim	19.98
With rich applique and fur trim	24.98
With Novelty braid and Angora fur	29.98
Finest Velvet Plush—elegantly lined	37.98

Specials in Ladies' Dresses.

Fancy all-wool Cheviot—tailor made	7.98
Black all-wool Cloth—tailor made	6.75
Fancy Scotch Cheviot—Vandyke waist	10.98
Fancy Shot Suiting—large revers	13.98
Imported Serge—Velvet folds	15.98

TWENTY-SIX MANGLED BODIES

TRAIN FILLED WITH EXCURSIONIST WRECKED AT BATTLE CREEK.

MORE THAN A SCORE BADLY INJURED.

A Frightful Holocaust Caused by Disobedience of Orders.

PASSENGERS ROASTED TO DEATH.

Raymond & Whitcomb Excursion Train Filled with Returning World's Fair Tourists Driven Like a Rod of Steel into a Pacific Express—Unlucky Thirteen Cars Crushed into Splinters About Sleeping Passengers—Then Fire Roasted Helpless Travelers Who Were Pinned Down by Debris—Terrible Suffering and Heroic Death of Mrs. Van Dusen of Sprout Brook, N. Y.—Pitiful Scenes, of Which Those Who Would Rescue Were Powerless Spectators—Engineer Wooley of the Raymond & Whitcomb Train Says Conductor Scott Told Him That the Road Was Clear—The Engineer and Conductor Arrested and Held to be Tried for Manslaughter.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Oct. 20.—Twenty-six heaps of charred, blackened flesh, all that remains of what less than twenty-four hours ago were men, women, and children in the enjoyment of life, health, and happiness, rest upon the floor of an improvised morgue in the basement of a furniture store of this city.

A mile away, in the City Hospital, are a score or more of human beings with gashed bodies and broken limbs.

Add to this an engineer and a conductor in jail, and the story is told in brief of the latest of railroad horrors, and one of the most appalling in character of this or recent years, which occurred here in the yards of the Grand Trunk Railroad when a Raymond & Whitcomb excursion train telescoped a Pacific express.

The list of dead, most of whom are unidentified, and the injured is as follows:

Dead.

HENRY, W. W., Woonsocket, R. I., lumber dealer; identified by business cards.
MAGOON, E. T., Providence, R. I.; identified by papers in a pocketbook.
VAN DUSEN, Mrs. CHARLES, Sprout Brook, N. Y.; burned to a crisp.
VAN DUSEN, CHARLES, husband of above; died of injuries this afternoon.
WOMAN—Burned to crisp. No clothing remaining.
BOY—Apparently about twelve years old. Face and upper portion of head, as well as feet, burned to a crisp. Few red hairs remaining on back of neck. In pocket of coat, handkerchief with red border, chatelaine watch.
MALE—Paper in vest pocket with statement from John Monroe, banker, New-York, to Charles E. Wenzel; also a note written in German from Charles E. Wenzel to Dr. Howard E. Vance.
WOMAN—Burned; hands clinched and horrible expression of anguish on face. Had in pocket of skirt letters addressed to Mrs. F. R. Kenzie and signed by Mrs. M. Parker; envelope postmarked Stamford, Conn.; also $25 in money. In another pocket was a handkerchief with name of F. R. McKenzie. In red plush coat taken out of the debris with the remains was a gold watch in leather case and a pair of rubbers in paper marked "Middletown, Conn."
MALE—Supposed to be T. A. McGarvey of Ontario; gold open-faced watch in vest pocket.
MALE—Apparently about thirty-five years old; heavy build; in pocket of trousers several English gold sovereigns: jackknife with horn handle in vest; silver watch, gold spectacles; handkerchief with initials "H. G" in Old English letters; trousers were brown, of the old English front-flap style.
MALE—Apparently weighed about 180 pounds; clothing destroyed; burned beyond possibility of identification.
WOMAN—Burned beyond identification; no clothing remaining.
BABY—Burned beyond recognition.
MALE—Too badly burned for identification.
MALE—Weight about 180 pounds. Silk handkerchief in hand; clothing destroyed; no identification.
WOMAN—Burned to a crisp; no identification.
MALE—About 145 pounds; no papers; silver watch with engraved initials "W. A."
WOMAN—Weight about 140 pounds; chain bracelet with key lock on right wrist; burned to a crisp.
WOMAN—Weight about 100 pounds; no identification.
WOMAN—Burned beyond identification; portion of black silk dress and blue-striped underskirt remaining; also chain bracelet on right wrist.
WOMAN—Burned to a crisp.
MALE—Supposed, from papers, to be G. W. Beardsley of Watkins, N. Y. In pockets, $30 in currency and two checks, one for $200 and the other for $100.
CHARRED TRUNK—Limbs and head missing. Medical examination necessary to determine sex.
The same.
The same.
MALE—Apparently about 150 pounds. Open-face watch of Illinois make. No means of identification.

One of the female bodies is believed to be that of Mrs. W. W. Henry of Woonsocket, R. I.

One of the male victims is believed to be William Lewis Wilson of 832 Sheridan Road, Evanston, Ill. A valise, with his visiting cards and other pieces, was found in the wreck.

INJURED.

ADAMS, C. F., Buffalo, N. Y.; left hand injured.
ASCHBELL, JOSEPH S., Evanston, Ill.; ankle smashed.
BEARDSLEE, Mrs., Springfield, Ill.; ankle hurt.
BRADLEY, ALBERT, Toronto, Ontario; left leg broken; afterward amputated below the knee.
BUSHNELL, Mrs. HENRY, Lockport, N. Y.; head injured.
DAVIDSON, EZEKIEL, ex-President of Fairport Village, N. Y.
MONROE, THOMAS J., Auburn, N. Y.
O'BRADY, MAGGIE, Oswego, N. Y.; right leg broken.
ROGERS, FRANK, Woodstock, Ontario; right hand bruised.
SMITH, HARVEY, Fort Plain, N. Y.; both limbs crushed; amputated.
SMITH, Mrs. HARVEY; right leg broken.
SMITH, FRANK, Fort Plain, N. Y.; both limbs crushed; amputated.
SMITH, NELLIE L., Fort Plain, N. Y.; right foot crushed.
SHAKLETON, GEORGE, Auburn, N. Y.; right hand and head injured.
STEWART, JOHN C., Dalton, Ill.; shoulder bruised.
STEWART, JENNIE, daughter of above, eleven years old; left arm broken.
THOMPSON, WILLIAM, Woodstock, Ontario; head injured.
TURNER, FRANK, Middle Smithville, Penn.; injured in the back.
VANCE, Mrs., Simcoe, Canada; both limbs broken.
VANCE, GEORGE, son of above, fourteen years old; bruised.
WILLIAMS, Miss BELLE, Lockport, N. Y.; ankle broken.
WILLIAMS, H. R., Toronto, Ontario; back injured.
WURTZ, FRED, Rochester, N. Y.; left side bruised.
WURTZ, EVELYN, daughter of above; left arm and right collar bone broken.

Direct disobedience of orders on the part of a Chicago and Grand Trunk engineer and conductor, both of whom had seen long service with the company and were regarded as model employes, was the cause of the tragedy.

A Raymond and Whitcomb special train of eight palace cars, filled with Eastern folk who had been taking in the sights of the World's Fair, left the Sixtieth Street station of the road at Chicago at 8:15 as the first section of the night express, known as No. 6. The train was in charge of Conductor Burt N. Scott and Engineer Harry Woolley, both residents of this place. All went well until the Battle Creek station was reached. This was at 3:35.

From here to the railroad yards, a distance of a mile and a half, there is a double track. When the Whitcomb special came to a full stop in the station the night operator handed to Conductor Scott two copies of an order for the train to proceed to the double track east of Main Street, about half a mile distant, and there await the west bound Pacific Express, known as No. 9.

This train, which was nearly three hours late, was composed of thirteen day coaches and two baggage cars. Most of the day coaches had seen many years' service and were in poor condition to withstand a collision. Every one of the fated number was packed with Eastern people, the majority of whom, taking advantage of the low rates, were on their way to take in the last week of the exposition.

The Pacific Express was in charge of Conductor John Bird and Engineer G. Cranshaw, both of whom had received orders at Lansing to look out for the west-bound train on the double track, and were accordingly on the alert.

After receiving orders at the Battle Creek station Engineer Woolley proceeded up the double track, but instead of stopping, in accordance with his instructions, until the west-bound express had passed he continued on and entered again on the single track. He had hardly gone more than an eighth of a mile when the headlight of the Pacific express was seen coming around the slight curve behind the telegraph office of the railroad yards. It was speeding westward at the rate of forty miles an hour.

There was no time to apply air brakes or reverse levers. The engineers and firemen of both trains jumped for their lives, and a second later the giant locomotives came together with a crash that could be heard a half mile away.

With fearful force the engine of the special plowed nearly half way into that of the express, driving it backward into the baggage car, and the latter in turn into the day coaches behind.

The shock was so terrific that the first four of these were completely telescoped, the first coach cutting through the second, and the second grinding into the third like a flash of lightning, the roof of each passing over the heads of the sleeping passengers and sweeping in a mass to the north end of the car.

To add to the horror, the wreck took fire from the stoves or lamps, and as the flames mounted up the groans and shrieks of the maimed and injured were succeeded by heartrending, agonizing cries and appeals for help from the scores imprisoned by the heavy timbers or held down by the seats and iron framework.

At the moment of the crash, Henry Canfield, one of the night clerks in the Grand Trunk office, a short distance away, pulled the fire-alarm box and also telephoned to the engine house for aid. The nearest hydrant was nearly 2,000 feet away, and when a line of hose was laid the pressure was not sufficient to throw a stream.

Finally a stream was secured from another hydrant, but by the time a supply of water was available the telescoped coaches had been reduced to fragments of charred timber, little more than the trucks remaining.

The firemen then commenced the gruesome work of recovering what remained of the victims. The injured were placed in buggies and carts and taken to the Nichols Home, where a corps of physicians and nurses were in waiting to minister to their sufferings.

The first body was found about 6 o'clock, and a few minutes after a dozen were discovered in a heap around the stove of the second car. The task continued until twenty-six bodies or portions of human beings had been brought out of the débris. For want of a sufficient number of stretchers, boards were nailed together, and a freight car standing on the side track was converted into a temporary morgue.

A wrecking crew set to work, the débris again sorted and afterward burned, and to-night there is nothing in the railroad yards but a heap of ashes to tell the story of one of the most awful holocausts in the history of railroading.

No pen can describe the last moments of Mrs. Charles Van Dusen. She had succeeded in getting half way out of the window, but her limbs were pinioned by the heavy framework of the seat she had been occupying with her husband, and this had taken fire. Thus held, roasting from feet up, she pleaded and begged for the help that those outside were helpless to give. Despite her terrible agony she retained consciousness to the last, and as the flames crept up and surrounded her she called out her name and address and that of friends to be notified.

"I am a teacher in the Methodist Sunday school at Sprout Brook, N. Y.," she cried; "say I died like a Christian." Then the side of the car gave way and she fell back into the flames.

Her husband had meanwhile been rescued from the next car, into which he had been driven by the force of the collision. Both limbs were fractured and he had also received internal injuries. He retained consciousness until his death this afternoon, but was kept in ignorance of the fate of his wife.

In his last breath he asked the Rev. Dr. George B. Kulp to send his love to the two children that he had left at home, and also to give them his watch. He was forty-seven years old and a Deacon in the Methodist church of his native village.

Many of the articles found in the débris may lead to the identification of some, at least, of the long list of unrecognizable dead. These include a handkerchief marked E. Wirtz; a card of A. Allen & Co., 51 Bay Street, Toronto; a card of the Meriden Fire Insurance Company, Meriden, Conn., with pencil writing that cannot be deciphered; a lady's watch, with name engraved—Ann Richard—and case numbered 7,071; an envelope addressed to Gagon Roberts, postmarked New-York City; a letter addressed to Miss Warren Garland, New-York; a letter from Sheldon & Henry of Woonsocket, R. I., introducing W. W. Henry to friends in Chicago, and with which was a round-trip ticket Boston to Chicago; a bank book 120,241, Manhattan Bank, New-York, in name of Harry J. Archbell; a bundle of personal articles with card of Henry Opperman, passenger agent, 849 Broadway, New-York; a letter addressed Gus Roberts, 99 Nassau Street, New-York; a bundle with letter addressed to James G. Worthman, 431 East Eightieth Street, New-York.

That William Lewis Wilson of Evanston, Ill., is one of the victims is evident from the contents of a valise that partially escaped the flames. These included some underwear and linen and a copy of the rules of the League of American Wheelmen, with his name and the words "Northwestern University" on the flyleaf.

After the wreck, Engineer Wooley of the special train remained upon the spot and viewed the horror that had been caused by his neglect of orders. After the last of the injured had been taken away he went to his home.

This afternoon warrants were sworn out by Prosecuting Attorney Clark, charging Wooley and Scott with manslaughter.

Wooley was found at his home by Sheriff King and taken before Justice Henry, who set the preliminary hearing for Monday and fixed bail at $3,000. After this had been done Wooley, who was on the verge of prostration physically and mentally, asked permission to make a statement, which the Justice reduced to writing.

"When my engine was coupled on the train at the depot," he began, "Conductor Scott asked me if I was ready to go. I said no; that I had not oiled my engine yet. I took my oil can and got off on the side furthest from the depot, on the south side. Scott came around on my side of the engine and handed me my orders, and said to me, 'No. 9 has gone through.' He said the dispatcher was crazy about us not getting out of there.

"I hurried up and got through oiling my engine, got up in the cab, and at that time Conductor Scott was over near the platform. He asked me if I was ready to go. I asked him if he was sure No. 9 had gone through.

"He said, 'Yes, she has.'

"I got up on my seat and started the engine. After I got into the yards I saw a headlight. I thought at first it was the switch engine, but in a moment I saw that she was coming too fast.

"I shut the throttle and reversed my engine. My train came to a stop and was standing still when No. 9 struck my engine.

"I asked my fireman, after the wreck, if he remembered what Scott said to me. He said he did. He said that Scott told me that No. 9 had gone through."

Conductor Scott was arrested late to-night and was taken before Justice Henry. He gave bonds in $3,000 to appear on Monday. He made a brief statement to the effect that he gave the engineer a duplicate of the order he received, that he supposed the engineer understood it, that he afterward went into the baggage car and did not know that the engineer had gone over the siding and taken the single track until the collision occurred. Up to 10:30 P. M. Engineer Woolley had been unable to find a bondsman, and he will probably remain in jail until the hearing.

It is reported from the hospital that Frank H. Smith of Fort Plain, N. Y., whose limbs were so badly crushed as to compel amputation, cannot live more than an hour. This will bring the death list to twenty-seven.

The railroad officials say that outside of the legal proceedings they will hold an independent and searching inquiry into the causes of the calamity with the view of placing the blame where it belongs.

State Railroad Commissioner Billings arrived to-night and will open an inquiry next week.

Mr. Whitcomb of the firm of Raymond & Whitcomb at 31 East Fourteenth Street said that the firm's train that was in the collision was a Boston vestibule train, second section of No. 6, consisting of four Pullman sleeping cars and a dining room car, and that there were no New-Yorkers in it.

He had heard by telephone from his Boston agents that the train was in charge of an agent named Hewitt, who had telegraphed to the Boston agents that no one in the Raymond & Whitcomb train was injured.

Mr. Whitcomb said a vestibuled section is like a rod of steel, and he has never heard of one being telescoped. The collision of one with an ordinary express train was like a collision between a steel rod and a barn door.

The Raymond & Whitcomb train was delayed four hours by the collision, and left the scene of the accident at 7 o'clock in the morning.

Express Train No. 9 was a local train, leaving Niagara Falls at 6:20 A. M. and Port Huron, Mich., at 8:46 P. M.

CALISAYA LA RILLA IS IN ALL respects the best preparation of Calisaya.—*Adv.*

Shayne Receives the Highest Awards.

C. C. Shayne, the well-known manufactring furrier, 124 and 126 West 42d St., has been notified that he has received the highest awards for garments of Russian Sable, Hudson Bay Otter and Mink, over all competitors, at the World's Exposition. His brother, J. T. Shayne of Chicago, received the highest awards for Sealskin, Natural Otter, Fisher and Pelts, natural and colored, all kinds. Mr. Shayne will soon receive the medal, which will be displayed in his 42d St. window.—*Adv.*

WRECK ON ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

New-Orleans Limited Collides with Coal Train—Eight Persons Injured.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The New-Orleans Limited over the Illinois Central Railroad was wrecked by colliding with a coal train three miles beyond Kankakee, at 11 o'clock last night.

INJURED.

Mrs. T. F. BROWN, Newton, Ill., left hip bruised and ankle cut.
J. W. BROWN, baggageman, hip bruised and left ankle sprained.
Mrs. B. B. CLAYTON, Wichita Falls, Texas, head bruised and left hip badly bruised.
J. D. DAVIS, Flippen, Ga., head cut, legs bruised, and back seriously injured.
C. F. LITTLE, Chicago, scalp wounds, right hip bruised, and right leg crushed.
J. E. LOISEU, Nashville, Tenn., cut on head.
J. M. MARLEY, Plano, Ill., right hip and leg bruised, foot cut.
L. B. SAFFER, Fisher, Ill., back hurt and serious internal injuries.

The New-Orleans Limited was due at 7 o'clock.

Alpha Kappa Kappas at Dartmouth.

HANOVER, N. H., Oct. 20.—The annual banquet of the Alpha Kappa Kappa Society of the Dartmouth Medical College was held at Hartford, Vt., to-day. Dr. George Cook, Surgeon General on Gov. Smith's staff, Dr. Lilley Eaton of Boston, and Dr. Dixie Crosby of Exeter were among those present. Harrie S. Baketel, '95, of Manchester, acted as toastmaster. Responses were made as follows: "Our Guests," R. H. Bell, '95, of New-York; "My Idea of the Goat," Dr. George Cook of Concord; "The Ladies' Fair," C. W. Milliken, '94, of Portland, Me.; "August 4, 1892," A. M. Shattuck, '95, of Groton, Mass.; "Alpha Kappa Kappa," A. C. Leach, '93, of Portsmouth, N. H.

The Killing of Capt. Hadligh.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Partial confirmation is obtained at the State Department of the news brought to Philadelphia by the steamship Dorian that Capt. J. M. Hadligh, formerly of Philadelphia, had been murdered in Port au Prince, Haiti, but the official report of the matter sent to the department by Dr. John B. Terres, Vice Consul General of the United States, shows that the murderer, instead of being a Haitian soldier, was a citizen of the United States. Hadligh had a quarrel with Charley Culp, an American citizen, and one of Hadligh's workmen. Culp fired several shots at his employer. Two of the bullets took effect in Hadligh's forehead and temple, killing him instantly.

Mrs. Alexandre May Not Live Long.

Mrs. Emilie Alexandre, who was shot Thursday afternoon by Maurice Cornelissen, whose mistress she had been for several years, was still alive last night in the New-York Hospital. Her condition is critical and her death may occur at any time. Cornelissen, who killed himself after wounding Mrs. Alexandre, will be buried from 156 Seventh Avenue to-day. Mrs. Alexandre's wound is a dangerous one, probably fatal, and the physicians have not thought it best to search for the bullet. Her children are with Mme. Thuillard of 218 West Sixteenth Street. Cornelissen's lawyer will look after one of them, but the other will be left to the care of its father.

Color Line in Politics.

AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 20.—A circular has been received here by members of the Republican Party advising that in Republican conventions whites and colored men shall be recognized upon the basis of population. Where the circular came from is not known. The scheme outlined in the circular embraces a resolution for adoption by local clubs, to be sent to the National Executive Committee, requesting its authorization of local organizations on the "census plan," the proportions to be fixed according to the white and colored populations in each county or district, as shown by the United States census.

Suicide by Poison.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 20.—William B. Hathaway, silver engraver, and son of Keys S. Hathaway of Meriden, Conn., took chloral and was found dead in his bed this morning. He was out of work and despondent.

Only $17.00 to the World's Fair.

Through cars to Chicago, in charge of an attendant, via West Shore Railroad, at 10 A. M. Monday, Oct. 23, arriving in Chicago next afternoon.—*Adv.*

WEEKS WILL BE RETURNED

THE AUTHORITIES OF COSTA RICA HAVE SO DECIDED.

After Long Deliberation Officials of the Central American Republic Concluded to Grant the Extradition—Learned Lawyers to Uphold the Government, Offsetting Whatever Political Capital Might Be Made of the Proceedings—State Questions Weighed.

SAN JOSÉ, Costa Rica, Oct. 20.—Francis H. Weeks, who is wanted in New-York to give an accounting of the management and disposal of valuable trust funds confided to his care, will be surrendered by this country to the United States Government, following the request made by Secretary of State Gresham, based upon indictments found against the alleged wrongdoer and evidence furnished by District Attorney Nicoll of New-York.

The decision relative to the case was reached yesterday after a number of conferences between the officials here and Minister Baker, representing the United States Government.

President Rodriguez, while at present confined to his house with the grip, has concurred in the views held by his advisors, and he will give his sanction to the extradition, delivering Mr. Weeks to the detectives, Von Gerichten and Reilly, sent here from New-York.

The statements made in The New-York Times respecting the case against Weeks have been to a great extent used in the argument for extradition. These statements were the more conclusive when the detectives arrived with official documents to be placed before the authorities, and again when copies of additional evidence against the accused and details of the case were forthcoming.

Weeks no sooner reached here with his wife, who had been his traveling companion, than his presence was made known throughout the United States by dispatches in The Times. The authorities in New-York were stirred to activity, and the visitor, after being under surveillance for some days, was arrested. Then came the question and the negotiations for extradition, conducted through the State Department in Washington.

Minister Baker of Nicaragua was dispatched here at once, and in an energetic way began preparations looking to the return of the prisoner. When the detectives from New-York arrived with important documents bearing upon the case, Mr. Baker would have been materially aided in hastening his work had not so many of the officials with whom it was necessary for him to treat been ill.

Conferences were held off and on with those in position to take some determined action, but for a number of days it was impossible to obtain a concerted ruling so that a definite result might be reached.

As far as politics might be concerned, those in opposition to the Government saw an opportunity for making capital out of the extradition proceedings. Arguments were adduced to show that Costa Rica was practically making a great concession without any commensurate return. The attitude of the home Government and the country seeking the extradition was pictured in various lights with colorings touching upon reciprocity and comity between countries, until a strong feeling was engendered antagonistic to meeting the request of the United States.

Now that the course of the Government has been decided upon, in some quarters the feeling against the extradition is more marked. A conference will be held to-morrow between the Cabinet and a number of prominent lawyers, including Messrs. Cruz, Poez, and Jiminez, to discuss the case. The wisdom of the Government's decision will be beyond a doubt sustained and strengthened by the indorsement of such legal opinions, and coming from sources of undisputed reliability the responsibility will be in a measure shifted. The people, realizing the weight of a decision sustained by their most trustworthy jurists, will accept the conclusion losing much to politicians of the opposition who in the main have had the support of the press.

It has been the aim of the defense, both in newspaper articles and in conversations, to picture Mr. Weeks as more sinned against than sinning, and such sophisms as were employed made an impression among certain classes of the people.

In an interview early in the week between Messrs. Iglesias, Baker, Williams, his attorney; Dr. Zambrano, and Louis Chaole much was determined upon which ultimately led to a decision favoring the extradition. The interview lasted three hours and a half, and a summary of the views held can be grouped under three headings:

First—The indictments were considered as amply sufficient, notwithstanding the arguments of the opposition that not sufficient proof had been submitted.

Second—Costa Rica had to consider, among other things, whether the crimes named in the indictments were such as it may wish, in the absence of an extradition treaty, to use to establish a precedent.

Third—The Government, in reaching a decision, was to be guided by the principles enounced in similar cases by the United States. It expects the United States Government—the one asking for the extradition—to hold the same principles which Costa Rica is asked to be ruled by in the Weeks case, and does not want to be placed in the position of granting extradition and of having the United States refuse to include similar offenses in any treaty of extradition for which negotiations may in time be made.

The conclusions of this conference were practically indorsed when the surrender of Mr. Weeks was determined upon yesterday, and such of the points as related to a return of courtesies were regarded as well taken, and in all reason to be expected from the United States.

The feeling here among those who side with the Government is that Costa Rica has established for itself a reputation of high morality and set a precedent which the United States cannot fail to recognize as absolutely in accord with the doctrine of protection of one State by another against any common enemies of society.

Mauro Fernandez, the counsel for Weeks, has left nothing undone for his client, relying mainly upon efforts to establish sympathy, taking the position that he has violated no law and is merely the victim of circumstances.

Lawyer Fernandez says, among other things, that Mr. Weeks held a property worth $180,000 in West Superior, Wis., upon which $60,000 had fallen due, and he was unable to renew his notes. To save this property he transferred it to his nephew, who paid the $60,000. The nephew, he said, was ready to deliver any surplus remaining after realizing his claim through the sale of the property.

In view of the decision ordering the surrender of Weeks, the question of his return is all-important. It is thought here that an attempt may be made to send him back to New-York by the Atlas Line, which flies the English flag and touches at Fortune Island. Were such a course adopted, it has been pointed out that an avenue of escape might be opened while in neutral waters.

Much reliance is, however, placed upon the detectives, and it has been suggested that a better way would be to have the quarantine authorities at New-Orleans issue a permit to allow Weeks to enter the United States through that port. The quarantine restrictions were lessened there during the past week, and there should be no difficulty in obtaining the necessary permit, especially as Weeks will come from the interior. Limon has been free from sickness for a number of weeks.

The Foxhall flies the American flag, and will sail from here next Wednesday for New-Orleans. The alternate boat is under a foreign flag, but touches at no port between here and New-Orleans.

Mr. Weeks shows to some extent the effect of his confinement. He has been greatly worried for days, but bore up well, and even now he is buoyed up by his attorney, who says the case is not ended until Weeks is landed in New-York.

Washington Without the News.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—State Department officials have come to the conclusion that a very slim chance remains for the extradition of Francis H. Weeks from San José, Costa Rica. They are inclined to attribute this anticipated failure to the belief that the defaulter has plenty of money, which he is using lavishly in his defense. In about a week the period of forty days after which amnesty is to be given to Weeks will expire, and it is the prevailing opinion at the department that the defaulter's case will be delayed until after the expiration of that time. This would put an end to the efforts of the United States Government to secure him for the New-York authorities.

Chicago and Return via Erie, $18.00.

Personally-conducted excursion train leaves Chambers St. 10:15 A. M., Wednesday, Oct. 25, arriving in Chicago early next afternoon. Elegant new coaches with high back seats. Uniformed porters in attendance. Special coaches for ladies. Tickets good ten days, with privilege of returning via Niagara Falls.—*Adv.*

DIGBY BELL STRANDED.

Trouble Only Temporary and the Company Need Not Walk Home.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 20.—Digby Bell's Comic Opera Company is stranded here temporarily. Its receipts last night were attached by a lithographing company.

As a result the company did not go to Galesburg, Ill., where it is billed for to-night, nor will it fill an engagement to-morrow night. The company expects, however, to leave to-morrow afternoon for Milwaukee, where it opens Sunday night.

LURED TWO CHILDREN FROM HOME.

An Elizabeth (N. J.) Insurance Broker Deserts His Wife and Family.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 20.—The police are looking for Edward Hautteman, an insurance broker and steamship agent, who has lured from their homes Freda Laucks, sixteen years old, and her brother, Hubert, fifteen years old. The girl is tall and pretty. She is a brunette, while her brother is a blonde. Both are well dressed.

Hautteman deserts a wife and five children, the youngest only nine months old. He was formerly a frequent caller at Laucks's candy store, which was attended by his daughter Freda, and made love to the girl, who seemed to have been infatuated with him.

Her father drove the broker from the house two months ago, and threatened to shoot him if he again crossed the threshold. On returning to his home last evening, Mr. Laucks discovered that Freda and her brother had disappeared. They had packed their clothing in two bundles and taken a horse car to the station, where they were met by the insurance broker, and the three boarded a Pennsylvania Railroad train.

Mrs. Laucks, who has been ill, sustained a relapse from her daughter's elopement, and is not expected to live. She has four children.

The police have learned that Hautteman shipped a trunk Wednesday, and they are following up the clue. They also learned that he swindled Jeweler Hememeyer out of a gold watch and chain worth $70.

Chief Feeney says the fugitive will not go to Germany with his young companions, as he is wanted there, it is alleged, on a charge of robbing the mails while a clerk in a Post Office.

DECLINED TO CRITICISE.

Presbyterian Synod Would Not Take up the Case of Dr. Briggs.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 20.—At the Presbyterian Synod to-day the report of the synodical committee was adopted. It showed that for the year ending April 1, 1893, $69,212.18 had been raised for missionary work. This was an advance of $2,204 over the previous year. Boxes of household supplies and clothing amounting to $45,519 had been sent out to missions.

The Synod's Committee on Visitation to the University of the City of New-York then made a report showing that the affairs at this institution are in a most flattering condition. The university is free from debt.

The next session will be held in the First Presbyterian Church, New-York City.

The Rev. Dr. Sproull made a speech protesting against the action of the Synod in the Briggs matter.

The Rev. C. E. Sperry offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That in approving the minutes of the Presbytery, attention is directed to the fact that the Synod disapproved any action which appears to call in question the deliverances and judicial decisions of the General Assembly.

The Synod was then brought to a close by benediction by the Moderator.

TROUBLES IN GUATEMALA.

The National Assembly Dissolved by President Ezeta.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The first definite news of the political trouble in Guatemala consequent on the assumption of the dictatorship by President Ezeta came to the Navy Department to-day, in a cable message from Commander Whiting of the United States steamship Alliance, dated San Jose de Guatemala, Oct. 18, as follows:

The President of Guatemala has dissolved the National Assembly of Guatemala. He has declared his power supreme. March next year the new National Assembly convenes. Apparently the people are in sympathy with his action. No armed resistance; has some opposition. All quiet.

When the Secretary of the Navy cabled Commander Whiting to proceed with the Alliance to San Jose, it was believed in official circles here that a revolution would follow Ezeta's arbitrary action, news of which has been received from Mr. Young, the United States Minister to Guatemala. The Alliance will remain at San Jose until danger of a revolution has passed.

The Columbia's Official Trial Trip.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Mr. Charles Cramp and Mr. Philip Nixon of the shipbuilding firm of Cramp Brothers came over to Washington from Philadelphia to-day, and made arrangements with Secretary Herbert for the official trial of the new cruiser Columbia, which made more than her required speed of 21 knots on the contractors' trial this week. The official trial will take place about Nov. 1 on the course off the Massachusetts coast.

Did Not Return from the Yacht Race.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Oct. 20.—William Ryan, bookkeeper for Hagan & Daly, proprietors of the Queens County Boiler Works, went to see one of the races between the yachts Vigilant and Valkyrie. He has not been seen since. The police were asked to-day to aid in the search for the missing man. Ryan was twenty-nine years old and of steady habits.

Jury Bribing in the Curtis Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20.—At the close of the conference with Chief of Police Crowley relating to the alleged jury bribing in the Curtis murder case, District Attorney Barnes declared that arrests and prosecutions would soon be made. Curtis was arrested and tried for the murder of Policeman Grant two years ago, and was acquitted on the fourth trial.

Erie Lines to the World's Fair.

Last special $18 excursion leaves Chambers St. 10:15 A. M., Wednesday, Oct. 25. The Erie is the only line whose trains are protected by block safety signals the entire distance, New-York to Chicago.—*Adv.*

BOYCOTT PUT ON THE TIMES

BROOKLYN'S RING DOESN'T LIKE THE TRUTHS IT TELLS.

McLaughlin's Henchmen Resort to a Despicable Trick, for Them No New Thing—Newsdealers Warned by Heelers of the Petty Bosses that They "Don't Want to be Selling No Paper that Is Pitching Into the Boss"—Will Have Their Trouble for Their Pains.

Exasperated and alarmed by the exposures of official ruffianism and corruption in Brooklyn, the political brigands of that city have ordered a boycott on The New-York Times.

The unmasking of "Boss" McLaughlin by this paper, the presentation to the public of this selfish and arrogant ruler of Brooklyn as he really exists, the turning on of search lights upon officials who make their wives street-cleaning contractors so as to evade the law prohibiting Aldermen from engaging in city contracts; the disclosures concerning a Sheriff who boasts that he takes his sons to the brutal exhibitions at the Coney Island Athletic Club for "educational" purposes, and who flourishes his revolver in homes into which he has forced his way—all these have aroused the fiercest resentment of the Brooklyn ring.

Last Winter the McCarrens and McCartys of Brooklyn stood up in the Legislature and prevented the people of that city from obtaining permission to vote on the question of consolidation. The machine men of this type, with "Boss" McLaughlin at their head, now propose to prevent the people, if possible, from reading the paper which is daily telling some plain, if unpalatable, truths to the residents of ring-ridden Brooklyn.

This boycott is no new thing in Brooklyn politics. It has been resorted to before by the "Boss" and his gang.

While it is not within the power of Hugh McLaughlin or any of his mercenaries to put a padlock upon The New-York Times, he still hopes to keep it beyond reach of free-born citizens who are searching for the truth.

Up to date The Times has not been hurt by the boycott.

In many instances newsdealers in the City of Brooklyn are under the thumbs of ward leaders and "heelers" of the petty bosses. Many of the newspaper stands are on sidewalks, and so their hard-working proprietors are obliged to listen silently, if not respectfully, to the commands of members of the Board of Aldermen and the Superintendent of Streets.

Here is a brief conversation between the owner of a news stand and a city official which illustrates the manner in which the boycott is placed upon a paper. The newsdealer's stand is situated on one of the streets leading to City Hall Square. An official steps up to the stand, picks up a copy of The New-York Times, and then says gruffly:

"What do you sell that paper for?"

"Because the people are asking for it, nowadays," replies the newsdealer.

"Now, you take my tip, see?" remarks the official with a significant scowl. "You don't want to be selling no paper that is pitching into the 'boss' and the organization."

"What shall I say to people when they ask for The Times?" helplessly inquires the newsdealer.

"Say anything you like. If you want to keep that stand you don't want to be peddling no paper that is trying to down the organization. See?"

And then the official strolls off on his expedition of intimidation.

The boss of Brooklyn has taken his cue from the boss of Coney Island. In McKane's "Sodom-by-the-Sea" the presence and sale of any paper hostile to its ruler is semi-officially prohibited. As the unfortunates in John Y. McKane's domain are expected to buy their rum, their cigars, and their ice from duly designated favorites of the autocrat, so they are expected to buy papers that contain nothing to jar the sensitive nerves of a Sunday school Superintendent who supervises police arrangements for the brutal battles in the Coney Island Athletic Clubhouse.

The Brooklyn ring hopes to repeat in the City of Churches the success of McKane in dealing with papers which are not afraid to denounce and expose corruption and the corrupt wherever it or they may be found.

Citizens of Brooklyn who are desirous of learning the truth about the frauds which have disgraced the city, the true characters of its brutal rulers, and the disgraceful condition of public affairs generally will have every opportunity of acquiring information in the columns of The New-York Times in spite of the desperate attempt of the ring to boycott the paper.

Wherever such citizens discover any effort to place The Times beyond their reach, or whenever a newsdealer is not prepared to furnish the paper, a written statement of the facts sent to this office will not only be a much-appreciated favor, but will also result in a speedy remedy and a check to the efforts of the arrogant bosses who have attempted to institute a press censorship.

In spite of this action of the Brooklyn ring, there has been a large increase in the circulation of The Times. The decent people of the community appreciate the efforts of the paper in their behalf.

SMALL RIOT AT CORNELL DAM.

Italians Rebel Against Contractor Coleman's Boarding-House Order.

SING SING, N. Y., Oct. 20.—There was a small riot to-day among the Italians at the new Cornell Dam of the New-York Water Works Department. One man came near being killed. Angelo Paladino and Henry Episcobo keep a boarding house at the dam, which is four miles from here.

They are engaged to do this by Contractor J. S. Coleman of New-York. He issued an order that all men employed on the dam must board on the property, and this is, consequently, the only place they can board. The Italians claim they were charged extortionate rates for board and everything they needed. They refused to take board there and were discharged.

Eleven of them got clubs and went to the boarding house, where they found Episcobo and pounded him over the head and cut him severely. After throwing the boarding-house keeper down an embankment, they scattered. Deputy Sheriffs arrested seven of the rioters. They were arraigned this evening before Justice Leary, but the examination was adjourned to to-morrow.

A New Evening Paper for Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 20.—The Penny Press begins publication here to-morrow afternoon with the United Press service. The general manager will be Alden J. Blethen, formerly proprietor of The Kansas City Journal and The Minneapolis Tribune, and one of the foremost newspaper men in the West. John H. Leonard is to be managing editor. The Penny Press is in response to the demand of a United Press paper to occupy the evening field in Minneapolis. It has strong financial backing, and there is every indication that it will be a success.

Col. McClure's Condition Unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 20.—The condition Col. A. K. McClure remains unchanged. His physicians announce that the bulletin issued by them last night, in which it was stated that "the tendency to exhaustion of nervous force is still marked," is applicable to-day.

Murderer Foy Must Die.

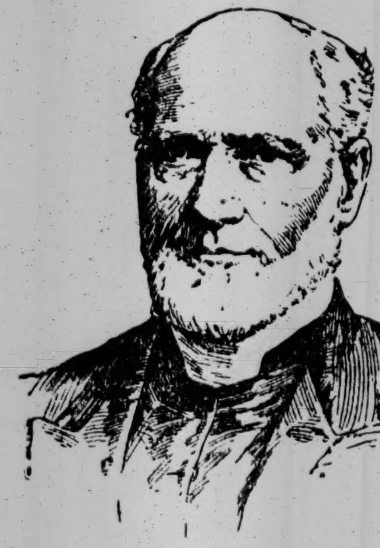
ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Gov. Flower has refused to interfere with the carrying out of the sentence of Martin Foy, who is to die in the electric chair at Clinton Prison on Monday for the murder of a woman in Saratoga.

DR. PHILIP SCHAFF'S DEATH

THE END CAME YESTERDAY AT HIS HOME IN THIS CITY.

Career of the Man Whom Theologians Regarded as One of the Greatest Teachers on Church History—His Part in Evangelical Alliance and Bible Revision—Beginning Life in a Trial for Heresy, Universities at Last Gave Him Their Highest Honors.

The Rev. Dr. Philip Schaff died yesterday morning at his home, 15 East Forty-third Street, of paralysis. This affliction came upon him about a year ago. He rallied, and for a time seemed likely to regain his powers, but for several weeks his friends knew the end must soon come. When he realized that he could not work again, he withdrew formally from his active connections. The Union Theological Seminary then made him Professor Emeritus of the branches of instruction in which he had distinguished himself and that school. He was in his seventy-fifth year. Funeral services will be held Monday morning at 10 o'clock at the Church of the Covenant, Park Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street.



Dr. Philip Schaff.

The Presbyterian Church loses one of its ablest exponents in the death of the Rev. Dr. Philip Schaff. His devotion to the interests of the Church and to the cause of Christianity, covering, without intermission, more than half a century, won him recognition not bounded by the land in which his conspicuous labors were performed. The high talents and deep learning which he applied to this work led three distinguished institutions to confer upon him the highest ecclesiastical titles and honors.

Dr. Schaff's work in this country began when, at the age of twenty-three years, he accepted a call to a professorship in the German Reformed Theological Seminary at Mercersburg, Penn. He came here knowing little of the language or of the Government, but predisposed toward republican institutions from his youth in liberty-loving Switzerland. He was born in that country, at Coire, Jan. 1, 1819, and received his early training there. From the native schools he went to Stuttgart and afterward to the universities at Tübigen, Halle, and Berlin.

The University of Berlin gave him the degree of B. D. in 1841, when he passed the examinations for a professorship. He lectured for a while and then traveled about Europe as tutor for a young Prussian nobleman. In 1842 he returned to Berlin to lecture upon exegesis and church history.

One of Dr. Schaff's first experiences in his new home was at a trial for heresy, in which he was the defendant. This happened in 1845. He showed in his defense promise of the ability that afterward distinguished him and carried his case through successfully. While by no means a comfortable ordeal, especially for one almost a stranger in the land, the trial gave him some reputation.

He still held the professorship in 1854, when he was sent to Europe, as a delegate from the American German Church, to the ecclesiastical diet at Frankfort and the Swiss pastoral conference at Basel. He lectured on America, in several German cities, during this visit. Before returning to this country, the University of Berlin invested him with the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

The urgencies of war turned the seminary at Mercersburg into a military hospital. As his work was at an end there, Dr. Schaff came to this city, and, in 1864, was appointed Secretary of the Sabbath Committee. In the five years that he served in this position he lectured on church history in the theological schools at Andover and Hartford and in this city. He also visited Europe twice within the same incumbency.

He was chosen Professor of Sacred Literature at the Union Theological Seminary in 1870. His trip to Europe in 1869 was to arrange for the general conference of the Evangelical Alliance, having been one of the founders and an honorary Secretary of the American branch. Upon the same workhe went to Europe in 1872 and 1873, and he succeeded in bringing the conference to this city in October, 1873.

Dr. Schaff's name will always rank high among distinguished churchmen for his labors with the American Bible Revision Committee, of which he was President. The English Revision Committee had invited his co-operation, and while the work went on, from the organization of the American committee in 1871, he devoted himself to it with all his powers. In 1875 he went to England and arranged for the publication and issue of the Anglo-American revision.

In August of the same year he went to Bonn and took part in a conference of Old Catholics, Greeks, and Protestants assembled to promote unity of endeavor among the churches represented. Two years before this, in 1873, Dr. Schaff had founded The Kirchenfreund, the first German monthly publication in this country devoted to church unity work such as was formally undertaken at the Bonn conference. In the same year also, in conjunction with Prof. Henry B. Smith, he began the publication of the Philosophical and Theological Library, a series of volumes issued in this city and London.

Dr. Schaff founded the American Society of Church History in 1888, and was its first President. At this time and for some years previous he had been most actively engaged at the Union Theological Seminary, his lectures there constituting a most interesting feature in the course of instruction. He was a close friend of Prof. Briggs, and, when the famous heresy proceedings came on, Prof. Briggs found in Dr. Schaff not only an able defender in Presbytery, but among his warmest sympathizers and most loyal champions at the seminary.

The fiftieth anniversary of Dr. Schaff's lectures at Berlin was made the occasion by the University of the City of New-York of conferring upon him the degree of D. D. At that time Dr. Schaff was in feeble health, having barely recovered from the paralytic stroke that afflicted him last year. Accordingly, the cermony was appointed to take place at his residence, 15 East Forty-third Street, where the council of the university visited him.

Dr. Schaff wrote much and well. Among his works are "History of the Apostolical Church," issued in 1853; a "Sketch of the Political, Social, and Religious Character of the United States"; "Germany, its Universities, Theology, and Religion"; A German hymn book, "The Christ of the Apostles," "The Person of Christ, with Replies to Strauss and Renan," "The Civil War and Overthrow of Slavery in America"; "Christ in Song," "Revision of the English Version of the New Testament," "The Vatican Council," "History and Collection of Creeds of Christendom," "Harmony of the Reformed Confessions," "Through Bible Lands," a dictionary of the Bible, "Library of Religious Poetry," in editing which he was associated with Arthur Gilman; a "Companion to the Greek Testament and the English Version," "Historical Account of the Work of the American Committee of Revision of the English Version," "Christ and Christianity," and "Church and State in the United States, or the American Idea of Religious Liberty and its Practical Effects." He also edited an adaptation of Lange's "Critical, Theological, and Homiletical Commentary on the Bible," and the "International Revision Commentary on the New Testament."

Attempted to Kill Himself.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 20.—George Chivat, or Arnoud, of the French Embassy at Washington, attempted suicide in the Kimball House here this morning. He made two attempts. First he tried to cut his throat with a razor, which was taken away from him. He then made a break for the open window and got nearly out before he was caught. Mystery surrounds the case. Chivat came here last Summer. The people who know him say it is a case of delirium tremens. The generally accepted theory is that he was in love, proposed, and was rejected, and then drank heavily. Chivat has been arrested.

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BOTH OCEAN RECORDS BROKEN.

The Lucania Breaks the Eastward and the Campania the Westward.

The new Cunarder Lucania seems to have gone into the record-breaking business. On her first trip to the westward she distinguished herself by breaking all maiden records, and on her next westward passage she displaced the American Line steamship Paris from the championship of the ocean speed course. And now, on her second trip to the eastward, she keeps up the astonishing pace which she set on her maiden voyage and races across in time to beat the best previous eastward record by one hour and thirty-five minutes. Her official time, as cabled from the other side, is 5 days 13 hours and 30 minutes.

The record the Lucania has just broken was held by her sister giantess, the Campania, established in September by a voyage made in 5 days 14 hours and 55 minutes. If the Lucania keeps on improving her speed with each successive trip, we may expect to see her arrive here before she leaves the other side, making due allowance, of course, for the difference in time.

The Lucania sailed from this port Oct. 14 and passed the lightship at 9:55 o'clock that morning. The cable announcing her arrival and her triumph in the race against time was received yesterday forenoon. Her daily runs are 28, 500, 468, 492, 501, 486, and 353 the day of arrival. The 28 knots of the first day is the distance covered from the hour of departure to noon of that day. Allowing for the difference in the length of the days when going to the eastward, the vessel's run of 500 knots on the fourth day out would have equaled nearly 540 knots had she been steaming at the same rate of speed to the westward.

The Campania, which for the past five days has been speeding to the westward, showed her lights off Fire Island at 8:55 o'clock last night. The quick passage of the Lucania led the Cunard agents to expect the Campania would make a quick voyage, and prepared them to hear of that vessel's arrival at an early hour. As she departed from Daunt's Rock at 1:35 P. M., Oct. 15, it was calculated she would gain further honors for the line if she could bring the Sandy Hook Lightship abeam before 10:45 o'clock last night.

She surpassed expectations by bringing the lightship abeam at 10:23 o'clock, and if the calculations made by her officers last night is correct she breaks the Lucania's westward record of 5 days 13 hours and 45 minutes, by exactly 22 minutes. The Campania's daily runs are 456, 517, 534, 533, 533, and 233 the day of arrival.

The Cunard Line has held the eastward record since May, when the Campania captured the pennant from the American Line steamship New-York. The westward record was surrendered by the Paris of the same line on the occasion of the Lucania's second trip to this port.

The Lucania seems to have greater speed than the Campania, judging from the performances of the two. The latter was a long time afloat before she earned any particular distinction in the way of speed. On the other hand, her vigorous young sister has been breaking records on almost every trip.

Among the passengers on the Campania are Mr. W. B. Chapman, Belgian Consul, San Francisco; A. Cohen, British Consul at Port au Prince; Gen. J. Blackburn Jones, Gen. J. C. New, E. Rawson Walker, British Consul, Charleston; the Rev. Thomas O'Carroll, Lieut. Col. W. G. Knox, the Rev. John N. Loughran, the Rev. W. F. Loughran, Miss Catharine Loughran, Master Loughran, and the Rev. T. J. Murphy.

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.

None of the President's Selections for Office Were Thrown Out.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations:

James T. Kilbreth, Collector of Customs at New-York.

J. R. Fay, William McKinney, and Jacob Schoenhof, Assistant Appraisers of Merchandise at New-York.

J. E. Grady, Collector of Customs at Apalachicola, Fla.

Charles Rumley, Melter of the United States Assay Office at Helena, Mon.

United States Marshal—George W. Levi, for the Western District of Virginia.

J. J. Van Alen of Rhode Island, Ambassador to Italy.

Secretaries of Legation—Stephen Bonsal of Maryland, at Madrid, Spain; Charles Denby, Jr., of Indiana, at Pekin, China.

United States Consuls—James H. Stewart of New-York, at St. Thomas, West Indies; George Keenan, of Wisconsin, at Kehl, Germany; A. L. Pollock, of Utah, at San Salvador.

George W. Glick, Pension Agent at Topeka, Kan.

Perry Bickford, Surveyor-General of Wyoming.

Col. Anson Mills, United States Army, United States Commissioner on the International Boundary Commission provided for in the Convention with Mexico of March 1, 1889.

A. H. Ward, special examiner of drugs, medicines and chemicals in the district of Boston and Charlestown, Mass.

Commodore George Brown to be Rear Admiral, Capt. Edward E. Potter to be a Commodore, and a large number of minor naval promotions.

Postmasters.—New-York—E. M. Wilbur, Saugerties; M. H. Northup, Syracuse; G. F. Ketchum, Warwick; Daniel Budd, Rye; D. C. Bishop, Pulaski; E. C. Reynolds, Haverstraw; J. A. McKenna, Long Island City; J. L. Dunning, Cape Vincent.

Virginia—Archer Brooks, Williamsburg.

Alabama—W. W. Screws, Montgomery.

Arkansas—G. W. Chisler, Conway.

Arizona—A. J. Halbert, Tempe.

Illinois—Emil Boehl, Blue Island; W. R. Hamilton, Carthage; J. S. Klinefelter, Bunker Hill; O. H. Stange, Elmhurst; Adam Rinard, Fairfield; P. B. Ryan, Auburn Park; F. C. Smith, Albion; J. P. Montgomery, Quincy.

Indiana—R. W. Jones, Rising Sun; H. G. Schlosser, Attica; H. K. Willman, Jonesborough; C. J. Connolly, Red Key.

Iowa—M. M. Von Stein, Glidden; L. T. Alexander, Monticello; H. E. Morison, Onawa; J. G. Hagensick, Elkader; J. A. Minor, Bedford.

Michigan—James A. Canavan, St. Joseph; W. E. Hampton, Charlevoix; M. W. Ryan, Midland; John Stiles, Menominee.

Missouri—G. C. Crutchley, Norborne; Henry Shutts, Oregon; W. D. F. Witsitt, Pleasant Hill.

Montana—J. E. Murray, Lewistown.

Nebraska—W. H. Dolan, Wymore; G. W. Myers, Neligh.

Ohio—G. W. Rohfuss, Eaton; W. H. Huffman, St. Paris; John McNamara, Barberton.

Tennessee—J. B. Tolliver, Lebanon.

Texas—W. B. Pearson, Nacogdoches; J. H. Messimer, Itasca; W. R. Ayres, Kaufman; A. M. Shannon, Galveston.

Wisconsin—Nicholas Donohue, New-Richmond; F. W. Sackett, Phillips; J. G. Wickhem, Beloit; J. W. Wightman, Elroy; J. H. Hoskins, Evansville.

Dr. Galen W. Lovatt Shoots Himself.

Dr. Galen W. Lovatt, forty-five years old, attempted to commit suicide last evening at 167 West Twenty-first Street, where he had been living since Oct. 1. He had engaged board there with his wife and his son, eighteen years old. Mrs. Lovatt and her son did not like the place or the surroundings. The doctor, however, insisted on staying. Mrs. Lovatt and her son moved away a few days ago.

When Mrs. Lovatt heard last night that her husband had shot himself she went to the house and bitterly denounced the landlady, a Mrs. McDowell. Dr. Lovatt was taken to the New-York Hospital. He had written a note saying: "I have lived long enough in misery. God forgive me for this last act. I alone was the cause of my death, with the aid of a revolver." At the hospital the physicians said that Dr. Lovatt would die.

Fourth-Class Postmasters Named.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The total number of fourth-class Postmasters appointed to-day was forty-one, of which sixteen were to fill vacancies caused by resignations and death. Among the appointments were:

New-Jersey.—T. P. Frome, Townsbury.

New-York.—H. M. Bishop, Annandale; T. F. Cahill, Argyle; J. A. Clum, Buel; L. J. Bellis, Crosby; Jacob Fidler, East Chatham; Charles Ayres, Fine; James McVeigh, New-Hampton; Michael O'Brien, Waddington.

OBITUARY NOTES.

—Christopher H. Meyer, father of Henry A. Meyer, the Republican candidate for Mayor of Brooklyn in 1891, died yesterday at his home on Bedford Avenue, Williamsburg. He was a native of Cuxhaven, Germany, where he was born in 1829. He came to this country in 1852 and was for many years associated in the cooperage business with the late Francis Nolan. He then started a grocery and became rich. He was a member of St. Matthew's Evangelical Church and belonged to a number of Masonic societies.

—Ex-Congressman John K. Luttrell, United States Commissioner of Fisheries for Alaska, died at Sitka Oct. 4. The remains arrived at Port Townsend yesterday, in charge of his wife and son, en route for San Francisco. He was sixty-two years old, a California pioneer, and had been a member of the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, and Forty-fifth Congresses.

—Horace P. Hoadley of New-Haven, probably the wealthiest real estate dealer in Connecticut, died at his home last night of pneumonia. He was sixty-five years old and leaves two children. He was regarded as one of the most prudent business men of the State, and came of an old Connecticut family.

—Fletcher S. Bassett, Lieutenant United States Navy, died at his residence in Chicago yesterday. Since 1881, when Lieut. Bassett ended a seven years' cruise with a short stay in China, he had been a sufferer from a chronic dysentery which he had contracted in Pekin.

—Jules Lefort, the well-known French chemist and member of the Academy of Medicine, died Thursday. He was the author of several important works on chemistry.

"HUNYADI" WATERS.

Paragraphs have recently appeared in some Newspapers here stating that a New York firm of mineral water dealers are the lessees in America of the Hunyadi Waters of Buda Pest, and respectively sole agents in the United States for the famous Hunyadi Springs of Hungary.

These statements are *absolutely* false, and the intention with which they are made is obvious.

Before any Hunyadi Water was practically known in the United States, The Apollinaris Company, Limited, of London, widely and successfully introduced the Hunyadi Janos Water, the Proprietor in Buda Pest of the Springs having entrusted to them, for a term of years still unexpired, the sole sale of this water in England and in all transmarine places. Hunyadi Janos Water having become very popular, quite a number of other Waters are now offered for sale, under names, of which the word Hunyadi forms part, and in bottles, and with labels, closely resembling in appearance and color those long used for Hunyadi Janos Water.

The word "Hunyadi" having become a generic name for Hungarian Bitter Waters, good, bad or indifferent, The Apollinaris Company affixed to the bottles of Hunyadi Janos, the Hungarian Bitter Water of which they have still the sole sale, a small Yellow Label with their Red Diamond, the object of this Trade Mark being *only* to indicate to the Public that the bottle so labelled is sold by The Apollinaris Company, Limited.

Consumers, who desire to secure the Hungarian Bitter Water sold by The Apollinaris Company, are requested to see that the bottle bears the Red Diamond and they are cautioned against such absolutely false statements as those contradicted herein.

CHARLES GRAEF & CO.,
32, Beaver Street, New York,
Sole Agents in the United States and Canada of The Apollinaris Company, Limited, London.

THE CUBAN PLAYS GOOD POOL.

So That He Is Now 59 Points Ahead of the English Champion.

Alfredo De Oro gave a remarkably pretty exhibition of pool playing in his contest with John Roberts the English champion, last night. At one time Roberts was on even terms with the Cuban, but the latter made one of those Garrison finishes for which he is famous, and finished 59 points ahead of the Britisher. Barring accidents he ought to win the match in the easiest possible manner. Many believe that he is Roberts's superior at the English game. Last night at English pyramids he tallied 67 to Roberts's 53, and at the Yankee game 74 to 45.

"Dis yar Roberts," said Maurice Daly's darky, who has been in attendance all week, "is a mighty fine billiard player, but when he tackles De Oro it's like shootin' craps agin a man with crooked dice. He can't win nohow."

The darky echoed the sentiment of many of the critics present. De Oro at times played good pool, but it was evident that he did not care to beat his opponent badly. He took big chances by playing risky shots, while Roberts played a very careful game throughout.

The opening games were played on the English table, and De Oro made runs of 8, 10, and 10, running the score up to 637 to 610 in his favor. In the first game on the American table, after a couple of safety shots, the Cuban tried a hard combination on the one-ball for the corner pocket. He failed, scattering the ivories all over the table. Roberts tried for the twelve-ball in the corner—a straight shot—but missed, whereupon De Oro cleared the table. This was the signal for a round of applause in which Mrs. Roberts and her daughter joined much to the astonishment of the spectators. In the next pyramid De Oro made an unlooked-for miss and the Englishman got the balls in good position, scoring all of the fifteen. In the next game the Cuban again missed by having a ball choked in the corner pocket, and the Britisher secured all but four of the spheres, making the scores: De Oro, 656; Roberts, 636.

Roberts played a wonderfully-strong game in the sixth pyramid, as the Yankee gave picking-out combinations in a most astonishing manner. He made a clean score and got within 5 points of his opponent. Roberts followed this up with 10 to 5 on the English table. The marker announced:

"Mr. De Oro, 661; Mr. Roberts, 661."

Again the spectators applauded. This time Mrs. Roberts and her daughter simply smiled. They refrained from joining in the applause, but it was evident that they were more than pleased at the change in the state of affairs. De Oro at this stage appeared to be somewhat nettled. He tried to force a smile, but, in the language of "Billy" Sexton, "it wasn't on the level."

De Oro from this point played strong pool. He quickly rolled up scores of 11, 9, and 8, and soon had a fair lead. On the Yankee table De Oro made, perhaps, one of the best averages ever witnessed in a match for four pyramids, tallying 14, 15, 15, and 11—a total of 55 out of a possible 60. These runs made the scores 744 to 682 in favor of the Cuban. Twice in succession he made runs of 15, and once he pocketed the two last balls by making a draw across the table from the side to the corner pocket. The game ended on the English table De Oro scoring 6 and Roberts 9. Three times last night De Oro tallied 15, while Roberts performed the feat on two occasions. At the conclusion of the games on Thursday night the figures were 609 to 593 in De Oro's favor. Below is the score showing the points tallied last night:

DE ORO. Score.	Total.	ROBERTS. Score.	Total.
8	617	7	600
10	627	5	605
10	637	5	610
15	652	..	610
4	656	15	625
..	656	11	636
5	661	15	651
11	672	10	661
9	681	4	665
8	689	6	671
14	703	7	678
15	718	1	679
15	733	..	679
11	744	..	679
6	750	*3	682
		9	691

*Roberts made a scratch.

The first to the third, eighth to the eleventh inclusive, and sixteenth games were played on the English table, the others on the American table.

To-night the game will begin on the English table and 250 points will be played.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Army News.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.—Capt. J. C. Scantling, Second Artillery, fourteen days; Capt. E. S. Dudley, Quartermaster Department, ten days; Lieut. R. B. Turner, Sixth Infantry, twenty days; Lieut. G. W. Gatchell, Fourth Artillery, one month's extension; Capt. O. M. Smith, Subsistence Department, seven days' extension; Lieut. J. J. Bradley, Fourteenth Infantry, ten days' further extension. Lieut. John W. Furlong, First Cavalry, on leave at Chicago, will conduct recruits to the Department of the Colorado; Lieut. T. H. Wilson, Second Infantry, Fort Omaha, Neb., ten days from Oct. 12; Lieut. G. C. M. Godfrey, Medical Department, Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, ten days from Oct. 15; Capt. G. H. Roach, Seventeenth Infantry, ten days; Lieut. C. St. J. Chubb, twenty days from Oct. 20; Lieut. P. E. Marquart, Second Infantry, one month, with permission to apply for one month's extension; Capt. G. P. Cotton, First Artillery, fourteen days, with permission to apply for ten days' extension; Capt. Joseph Anderson, Fifth Infantry, six months' extension; Major S. M. Whitside, Seventh Cavalry, two months' extension of sick leave; Capt. Thomas Wilhelm, Eighth Infantry, twenty days' extension.

ASSIGNMENTS OF OFFICERS.—The following assignments to regiments of officers recently promoted are ordered: Lieut. Ernest Hinds to Second Artillery, Battery I, vice Edgerton, appointed Associate Professor of Mathematics Military Academy; Lieut. Wirt Robinson to Fourth Artillery, Battery I, vice Totten, resigned. The following assignments of additional Second Lieutenants to vacancies of Second Lieutenants are announced: Edward J. Timberlake, Jr., Second Artillery, Light Battery A; David M. King, Fourth Artillery, to Battery K; Samuel C. Hazzard, First Artillery, to Fifth Artillery, Battery C.

LIEUT. JOHN F. MCBLAIN, Ninth Cavalry, is relieved as Judge Advocate of the court-martial at Fort McKinney, Wyoming, and Lieut. George C. Barnhard, Sixth Cavalry, is detailed as Judge Advocate and Lieut. Kenzie W. Walker, Ninth Cavalry, additional member.

ARTILLERY TRANSFERS.—The following transfers in the Second Artillery are ordered: Lieut. Tiemann N. Horn, from Battery E to Light Battery A; Lieut. Edward J. Timberlake, Jr., from Light Battery A to Battery E.

GENERAL COURTS-MARTIAL are ordered at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., with Capt. E. Von A. Andrews, First Artillery, President, and at Fort Clark, Texas, with Major H. M. Cronkhite, Medical Department, President.

LIEUT. COL. EDMUND C. BAINBRIDGE, Third Artillery, is relieved from duty as a member of the general court-martial at Mount Vernon Barracks, Ala., and Col. Lahrett Livingston, Third Artillery, detailed.

LIEUT. EDWARD T. WINSTON, Fourteenth Infantry, is ordered to Fort Townsend, Washington, for temporary duty.

A COURT-MARTIAL is ordered at Fort Omaha, Neb., Capt. Charles Keller, Second Infantry, President.

Navy News.

LIEUT. COMMANDER SETH M. ACKLEY, now on duty as hydrographic inspector under the coast survey, has been ordered to command the United States ship Yantic, stationed in the Rio de la Plata, to look after American interests in that locality. Commander Ackley will sail from New-York on Nov. 16, and on his arrival the present commander of the Yantic, Lieut. Commander Henry W. Lyon, will sail for home to await orders.

THE OLYMPIA, one of the ships built on the Pacific coast, will be taken on her trial trip early in November. A board of officers has been detailed to meet at San Francisco on the 1st of November, Capt. C. S. Cotton being the senior member.

PASSED ASSISTANT SURGEON G. T. SMITH is detached from the Wabash and ordered to the Chelsea (Mass.) Naval Station, relieving Assistant Surgeon E. M. Shipp, who goes to the Wabash, Boston Navy Yard.

ASSISTANT NAVAL CONSTRUCTOR LAWRENCE SPEAR is detached from the Bureau of Construction, and ordered to Union Iron Works, San Francisco.

MR. MYERS THEIR CANDIDATE

PUT UP FOR CONTROLLER AT A CITIZENS' MASS MEETING.

The Large Hall of Cooper Union Filled with an Enthusiastic, Though Heterogeneous, Crowd—Republicans, Democrats, Labor Men, and Men Not Known in Politics Were Present—Congressman Fitch, Opposition Candidate, Invited—Mr. Myers Won't Say Whether He Will Accept.

Theodore W. Myers, who for the last six years has been Controller of this city, was renominated for that office for a third term at the citizens' mass meeting, held in the large hall of the Cooper Union last night. The hall could not have held more persons than crowded into it. All were enthusiastic over the business on hand.

Although a big meeting it was in no sense what could be called a meeting of representative business men. There were business men there, to be sure, but a large section of the crowd was made up of the followers of political leaders. There were men who have been conspicuous in union movements against Tammany Hall for many years. There were Republicans, plain Democrats, anti-Tammany Democrats, men who have been rejected by the Wigwam, and many men who were there from motives wholly unselfish, like the City Club members, who were instrumental in arranging for the meeting.

Among the politicians present were Assemblyman Otto Kempner of the Seventh District with a big crowd of his followers, Daniel Dowling of the Fourth District, the old county Democracy leader; John A. Sullivan of the Bureau of Markets, a leading member of the Business Men's Democratic Club; ex-Aldermen Jacob Kunzenmann of the Tenth District, Charles P. Blake, the leader of the Anti-Tammany men in the Fifth District; Police Justice John R. Voorhis, with a number of the district leaders of the almost defunct Voorhis Democracy; John E. Owens of the Welsh Democratic Club, known as the Jeffersonians; James A. Archibald, who was Chairman of the People's Municipal League, and several labor agitators.

On the platform were Cornelius N. Bliss, R. W. G. Welling, William H. Crouse, Charles Robinson, Richard Watson Gilder, Thomas A. Phelan, Patrick Callanan, Henry W. Bibby, Dr. Wendell C. Phillips, Thomas McNulty, Henry Pearson, C. H. Lake, William Mitchell, James Dermody, Robert Patterson, Mortimer A. Taggart, Louis W. Blum, ex-Assistant District Attorney Jerome, ex-Sheriff James O'Brien, Charles J. McGee, Secretary of what is left of the County Democracy; ex-Sheriff Bixby, Col. A. C. Dunn, Walter W. Bahan, the Ninth District Assemblyman whom Tammany refused to renominate, and who brought seventy-five of his followers with him from his district, where he is running as an independent, and Sol Berliner, who has an independent candidate for the Assembly in the Eleventh District. Mr. Berliner occupied a very prominent place upon the platform.

A long list of men who indorsed the movement was circulated. It contained few names known to the public.

Gen. Wager Swayne was the presiding officer of the evening and Edward Kelly of the City Club was the Secretary. Upon taking the chair Gen. Swayne, who is a Republican, made a brief address, the keynote of which was opposition to Tammany Hall, and which was partly an appeal to the laboring men. At the conclusion of his speech Gen. Swayne introduced Paul Potter of Coudert Brothers' office, who made the speech placing Controller Myers in nomination. Mr. Potter said he had been a life-long Democrat.

"I have not one particle of adhesion to any principle of the Republican Party in the Nation," he said, "but lifelong Democrat as I am, I believe no honest Democrat can say the selling of public office or the selling of public patronage is a Democratic principle.

"I have no further purpose upon this platform than to suggest to you that it is necessary at this juncture to put up an obstacle to Tammany Hall. We have in the Controller's office to-day a man who has affirmative qualities. He is an obstacle when the Board of Apportionment tries to make onerous taxes. He is an obstacle when the Sinking Fund Commissioners want to make favorable leases. He is an obstacle when unjust claims are made against the city, and for these reasons the Hall cannot renominate him.

"Tammany Hall has struck and swept before it every snag but Theodore W. Myers. Under these circumstances, let me close by asking of you the nomination of Theodore W. Myers as Controller of the City of New-York."

John E. Owen of the Welsh Democratic Club made a long speech in seconding the resolution. He mentioned Mr. Cleveland's name and there was considerable applause, but the volume of applause indicated that there were a very large number of Republicans in the audience.

Edward King, one of the labor orators, followed Mr. Owen, and there was a dash of socialism about what he had to say. He made a regulation labor speech, saying he hoped the time would come when all the gentlemen upon the platform would agree upon the labor movement—a sentiment that the audience liberally applauded. Mr. King said Mr. Myers had got along tolerably well with Tammany Hall. If the city was going to build a rapid transit line its treasury ought to be well guarded, and Mr. Myers was "as near an independent politician as you can get."

Gen. Swayne indorsed what Mr. King had said about labor. He said he thought that the laborer at the desk should co-operate with the laborer at the bench. He then introduced John Brooks Leavitt, who is an independent candidate for the Assembly in the Twenty-first Assembly District.

Mr. Leavitt said there was no good Tammany Hall but a dead Tammany Hall. Mr. Croker had said to Mr. Myers: "You are turned down, thou good and faithful servant; thou hast been faithful in many things and thou shall govern nothing."

Mr. Fitch, he said, had shown by accepting the nomination for Controller that he would be a faithful servant of Tammany Hall.

Assemblyman Otto Kempner got more applause than any speaker of the evening with the exception of Father Ducey. Mr. Kempner made the candidacy of Mr. Myers the foundation for another of his bitter attacks upon Tammany Hall and upon Richard Croker. He began with a reference to the Tweed ring and said the second Tweed was now enthroned. He talked of the people who went to Tammany Hall as a motley array of subservient cattle and said the Assemblymen were "all dancing puppets of an imperial ruler."

While Mr. Kempner was speaking, Frederick Morgan of 18 West Eighteenth Street fell in a fit and was carried from the hall. Mr. Morgan was taken home in an ambulance.

Father Ducey of St. Leo's Roman Catholic Church was observed in the audience by Gen. Swayne, who called him to the platform at the conclusion of Mr. Kempner's speech. Father Ducey was applauded to the echo. He told of his first appearance in that hall in 1860. He eulogized the late James T. Brady and other noted Judges, and he criticised some other Judges of other days, chiefly Cardoza. When he said, "Because a man is a priest or a minister it does not rob him of the right of citizenship, when the interests of the State and the nation are at stake the clergymen should be the first to talk," there was great applause.

Saying that he would address the audience as "men" and not as "gentlemen," because there were so few men and so many gentlemen, Father Ducey added:

"We have a gentleman now who has made $92,000 on the race track this year. I almost think he would make ecclesiastical appointments if he could."

He attacked Tammany Hall generally, said it would throttle religion as it did everything else, if it could, and said the Tammany men had done much to bring the Irish race into disrepute. He also said Mr. Myers must not be shifty about accepting the nomination.

Chairman Thomas Wilkinson read resolutions in favor of Mr. Myers that had been adopted by the Industrial Alliance, which, he said, had 6,000 votes.

Similar resolutions from other organizations were also read.

Then Edmond Kelly read the resolutions under which Mr. Myers was nominated by acclamation. The resolutions declared that Mr. Myers had saved the city's money from being squandered, that the nomination of Mr. Fitch was an effort to spoil a good Congressman, and to displace a good municipal officer to satisfy a personal grudge or serve the purpose of a political syndicate.

After the Chairman was empowered to appoint a campaign committee of thirty the meeting adjourned. According to the typewritten slips furnished the reporters there were groups of representatives at the meeting from the Produce and Stock Exchanges, the Steckler Association, the Welsh Club, four Good Government clubs, the Republican Club, Industrial Alliance, and the Kempner Association.

Several letters were received by those in charge of the meeting from persons who could not attend. Possibly, one that was mailed late in the afternoon did not reach R. Fulton Cutting in time to be read at the meeting. One of the circulars calling the meeting had been sent to Ashbel P. Fitch. He sent the following answer to Mr. Cutting:

> I have just received by mail your kind invitation to join the Nominating Committee at the mass meeting of the citizens of New-York to be held to-night to renominate the Hon. Theodore W. Myers for the office of Controller of the City of New-York.
>
> While I appreciate highly the honor conferred upon me by this invitation I regret to say that prior engagements will prevent me from accepting it.

There is still a question whether Mr. Myers will accept. It was stated upon high authority yesterday by a man in position to know that one of his most prominent friends had received a dispatch from him from Chicago during the day, in which he said positively that he would not be a candidate. There was no certainty last night that the Republicans would indorse him. Neither Chairman Brookfield or Jacob M. Patterson would say anything about it. Henry C. Robinson, the Republican candidate for Controller, formally accepted the nomination yesterday.

A Surprise to Mr. Myers.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 20.—Controller Myers is here to take part in the celebration of Manhattan Day at the Fair. He is at the Auditorium and was told of his nomination by the correspondent of The New-York Times. Mr. Myers would not say whether he would accept the nomination or not. He declared that he was very much surprised at having been nominated, and he added that he deprecated the action. Considerable questioning failed to pin Mr. Myers down to a direct answer as to what he would do about accepting the honor thrust upon him.

CAST OUT, the disorders, diseases, and weaknesses peculiar to women—by the prompt action of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. A woman's beauty depends on her health—beauty in this case can be purchased. A bad complexion, a muddy skin, a wrinkled face and sunken eyes, follow the disorders of the womanly functions. Cupid is in demand for healthy woman — not for sick and ailing ones.

The "Favorite Prescription" is a powerful, invigorating tonic, and a strengthening nervine to be used in all those distressing troubles which make woman's life miserable. You'll find relief from sleeplessness, backache and bearing-down sensations. It's a medicine prescribed by an eminent physician for those nervous conditions brought on by functional disorders—such as Nervous Prostration, Excitability, Fainting Spells, Dizziness, and St. Vitus's Dance. In every case of "female complaint" if it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

5/A BAKER
HORSE
BLANKET
IS THE STRONGEST.
None Genuine without Horse stamped inside.
Price of 7 lb. Shaped Blanket, $4.50
" " 9 lb. " " 5.50
Ask to see the 250 other 5/A styles at prices to suit everybody. Sold by all dealers.
WM. AYRES & SONS, PHILADELPHIA.

CONGRESSMAN FITCH INDORSED.

He Has Received Many Letters Assuring Him of Cordial Support.

Congressman Ashbel P. Fitch, the Democratic nominee for Controller, was at his office, in the Bennett Building, yesterday. In talking about the campaign and the suggestion that Controller Myers would be an independent candidate against him, he said to a reporter for The New-York Times:

"All the kindly things which Mr. Myers has said of me are fully reciprocated. Mr. Myers has made an excellent Controller, and all the gentlemen of Tammany Hall with whom I have talked have said the organization would have renominated him if it were not for the objection to third terms. The gentleman who has been nominated for the office on the Republican ticket, Henry C. Robinson, I have known for twenty-five years. I had a very pleasant campaign against him for Congress last year. He was a most agreeable opponent. I think, however, if he made the remarks about Gov. Flower and other Democrats that are credited to him in his speech before the Republican County Committee, he was injudicious and intemperate. Personally, I like Mr. Robinson very much.

"I have been flattered by the very large number of letters which I have received since my nomination tendering me congratulation and support. I think I have received 1,400 of them, not only from members of Tammany, but from anti-Tammany Democrats and Republicans."

Two of these letters are of special interest. One is from ex-Mayor William R. Grace, who wrote:

> I congratulate you and the city on your nomination for Controller of the City of New-York. 'Tis a great and powerful office. You are as good a man as could be selected to fulfill the duties of the office, and I hope to see you fill a greater office in the future. I am, as you know, opposed to the organization that has nominated you, but I feel that the city's best interests will be perfectly safe in your hands. You have made a fine record in Congress. I am sure you will do as well in this much more important office. I will gladly vote for you.

Francis M. Scott, the last man who made a good fight against Tammany for the Mayoralty, wrote:

> Permit me to offer my most sincere and hearty congratulations upon your nomination for the important office of Controller. My affiliations and sympathies are as little with Tammany Hall to-day as they ever were, but I cannot permit myself to be so blinded by prejudice as to refuse to recognize a fit and good nomination, whoever it may be made by.
>
> The only shadow of regret I feel is that the country will be deprived of your valuable services in Congress, but this new field of usefulness that is opening to you is a great one for a man, like yourself, of honesty and capacity. Of course, your election is a foregone conclusion, and I shall hope for you a successful and prosperous administration.

Mr. Fitch said that one thing that pleased him particularly about his nomination was that, if elected, it would enable him to live permanently in New-York.

"I have served eight years in Washington," he said. "My wife and family live here, and it seems like exile to be away so much of the time."

As to the story that Frank A. Ehret was to succeed him in Congress, Mr. Fitch emphatically said Mr. Ehret was not and never had been a candidate, and that he did not want to go to Congress. He said the story was absurd. It is probable that State Senator Jacob A. Cantor will be nominated for Congress to succeed Mr. Fitch.

Notes of the Local Campaign.

—At Republican headquarters in the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday there were busy times. Col. Reuben Fox received a large bundle of printed matter early in the day. It comprised pamphlets of the Bar Association's verdict on Maynard and a small publication setting forth the famous law cases in which Edward T. Bartlett, the Republican candidate, has distinguished himself. Ex-Senator Titus Sheard was the first caller. He stayed for over an hour listening to Chairman Hackett's complaint about what he terms "fraudulent Democratic registration" in the down-town districts of this city. State Committeeman John N. Scatcherd of Buffalo came in with a smile and casually remarked that Maynard would be buried up his way on election day. The other callers included George Urban, the Chairman of the Erie County Republican Committee; J. Irving Burns, candidate for the Assembly in Westchester County; ex-Postmaster Van Cott and James W. Humes.

—Politicians filed in and out of Democratic Headquarters all day yesterday. They wore satisfied smiles, and seemed to be inwardly figuring on majorities. Gov. Flower was an early caller. He was assured that all was well for the Democratic Party. Major James W. Hinkley came down from Dutchess County and reported the outlook in his locality as favorable. Secretary of State Frank Rice, who is stopping at the Hoffman House, paid a visit to headquarters. Among the other visitors were State Committeeman James Beardsley, Assemblyman Samuel Foley, and Daniel F. Martin, candidate for Civil Justice.

—The New-York Citizens' Democracy met in convention at their headquarters, Third Street and First Avenue, last night, to make nominations. Otto Kempner was unanimously nominated for Assemblyman. Mr. Kempner accepted the nomination in a short address. Max G. Wildnauer and John Fennel were appointed a committee to fill up the rest of the ticket and report at a meeting to be held next Monday evening.

Corbett Hoping Against Hope.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Oct. 20.—James J. Corbett is very much put out by the report that the Kings County officials have decided to stop the fight at Coney Island. He said this afternoon, however, that he still hoped the matter could be satisfactorily arranged between the Coney Island Athletic Club and the county officials, so that the "bout" could take place as per agreement. Corbett continues training. William A. Brady, his "manager," will go to New-York to-morrow or Monday to see what can be done in the matter.

A Silver Brick for Senator Allen.

SILVERTON, Col., Oct. 20.—A silver brick is now in preparation to be sent to United States Senator Allen of Nebraska for his untiring work on the floor of the Senate lately. The brick is chemically fine, and on it will be inscribed: "From many friends in Silverton, Col." The brick weighs forty ounces.

READY FOR MANHATTAN DAY

THOUSANDS OF NEW-YORK CITY MEN AT CHICAGO.

Preparations Made for a Grand Celebration—Everything Necessary for Its Success Arranged For—Nothing Uncertain Except the Weather—The Old Guard Arrives and Pays Its Respects to Mayor Gilroy—One Hundred Thousand Badges Distributed by Secretary McDonough.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Manhattan's legions encamped in Chicago to-night are praying fervently for good weather to-morrow. This is the only essential factor yet unassured in making the celebration of Manhattan day at the World's Fair a splendid success.

To-day's damp and disagreeable weather put no damper on the spirits of the New-Yorkers. They firmly believe that "Gotham luck" is as good as that of Chicago, that in the morning the sun will pop out of the lake into a clear sky and smile all day, and that stars will wink at them between fireworks from a cloudless heaven at night. Accordingly they are going ahead with their elaborate preparations for the gala occasion, and expect to roll up an attendance that will nearly approach, if not equal, the vast multitude of Chicago Day.

Gen. Horace Porter, one of the orators of the day, arrived this morning, as did Col. John R. Fellows and Seth Low, President of Columbia College. The latter was whirled south in a carriage to the Hotel Windermere, where he was welcomed by William C. Whitney and Bourke Cockran. Archbishop Corrigan, ex-Mayor Grant, and Richard Croker are also at the Windermere.

The Old Guard arrived late this evening, under command of Major Sloane. The troops marched from the train to the Auditorium, paying a compliment to Mayor Gilroy, and then to the Grand Pacific, where they will remain during their stay. The organization was escorted through the streets to the hotel by four companies of the First Infantry, Illinois National Guard.

All day long the New-Yorkers of note continued to pour into town. That they were generous in bringing their wives, daughters, and sisters with them was evidenced in the rotunda of the Auditorium annex, where youth, beauty, and fine attire marked the fair throng. Early in the day the ladies pinned on the Manhattan Day badges, and displayed them prominently.

The New-York Committee met at the Auditorium at about 2 o'clock, and Mayor Gilroy, Gen. Porter, and others took up the matter of to-morrow's formal programme. No important changes were made, and it is likely that the ceremonies will be carried out about as originally arranged.

At the Festival Hall celebration, Archbishop Corrigan will deliver the invocation, and the Rev. Morgan Dix will pronounce the benediction. It is probable that addresses will be made by Gen. Horace Porter, Mayor Gilroy, Chauncey M. Depew, Col. John R. Fellows, and Bourke Cockran.

The Council Committee, headed by Alderman Hepburn, waited upon the New-York committee at the Auditorium this afternoon for a conference and offered aid, which offer was accepted with thanks.

The 100,000 Manhattan Day badges received by Secretary McDonough were distributed among the hotels, and there was a large demand for them by visiting New-Yorkers, as well as by natives of the Empire State who call Chicago their home. The badges of New-York's Entertainment Committee will not be displayed until to-morrow. They are of solid gold, the medallion being suspended from a gold crossbar by a white silk ribbon. Upon the crossbar is the word "Manhattan" in raised letters. It is by all odds a richer badge than has yet been seen at a World's Fair celebration.

Gen. Horace Porter said to-day:

"The rush from New-York City is only limited by the facilities of the railroads. I believe that fully 50,000 people from the city and State will be here to-morrow. The trains are being run in multiplied sections, and I am afraid that thousands will be delayed along the road by reason of the number of crowded trains and will not reach Chicago until late in the day. We are more than gratified at the interest that Chicago is taking in Manhattan Day, and hope some day to be in a position to return the favor.

"The two great cities of the Nation were never brought into such hearty touch, and New-York is showing that she no longer has any of the ill will that grew out of the exposition location at Chicago. I look for half a million more people in Jackson Park should the day be a fair one."

The fireworks to-morrow night by Pain of Manhattan Beach will be of unsurpassed splendor. Among the special devices may be mentioned "The Bartholdi Statue," "Brooklyn Bridge," fire picture of "Father Knickerbocker," and the Chicago statue "I Will," with the inscription, "She Can't Be Beat"; fire portrait of Mayor Gilroy; collossal motto, "The Metropolis of the East Congratulates the Metropolis of the West." Ten thousand bombs will be exploded and 20,000 rockets will be sent up.

Assistant Deputy Controller Edgar T. Levey yesterday received the following subscriptions for the Manhattan Day Fund: Robert Goelet, $100; C. F. Hoffman, $15, and John McCormack, $10. This brings the total amount of the subscriptions up to $10,385. Mayor's Secretary Willis Holly said that a much larger sum would be required to defray the cost of the celebration in Chicago, and that as soon as Mayor Gilroy and Controller Myers returned from Chicago renewed efforts would be put forth to make up the deficiency.

MADE HIM APOLOGIZE.

A Kansas Man Disciplined by President Palmer.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—There was a row at the meeting of the National Commission this afternoon. Mr. Burton objected to the treatment accorded to President Pangborn of the Associated American Exhibitors by President Palmer.

"Either the gentleman was not listening or too much noise was made for him to hear," quickly responded President Palmer.

"I decline to allow the Chair to decide a question of this kind for me," was the retort.

"The Chair was stating a fact," said Mr. Palmer.

"The Chair was stating a falsehood," exclaimed the gentleman from Kansas.

Bang went the gavel of President Palmer on his desk in rapid succession, while the offending Commissioner tried to make himself heard above the din. The President preserved his dignity, and said in a loud tone:

"The Chair cannot allow an insult of that kind to pass unrebuked, and cannot recognize the gentleman unless he apologizes or the commission excuses him."

President Palmer insisted that Mr. Burton should say: "I withdraw the language used unqualifiedly and absolutely."

Mr. Burton repeated the peacemaking words like a schoolboy.

INFORMATION FOR THE HUNGRY.

Where Visitors to the World's Fair May Get Good Food.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Inasmuch as many people who intend to see the fair during its closing days will now be coming to Chicago, a word regarding good lunch places will not be out of place.

One needs to be posted to know that, in the vicinity of the Administration Building, there is a high-class restaurant on the top floor of Pavilion "C," that they can find a good table d'hote dinner in the Terminal Station, and that there are two first-rate restaurants in the south and north ends of the Horticultural Building.

Any of these restaurants will repay a trip from any point on the grounds.

Honors to a Buffalo House.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The Erie Preserving Company of Buffalo has received the highest award for purity and natural flavor in canned goods and Old Homestead Catsup.

Denial from Mr. Robinson.

"I am not now and never was an applicant for the Assistant Secretaryship of State," said Charles Robinson of The North American Review on his return from Chicago yesterday. Mr. Robinson spoke in reference to a dispatch from Washington saying he had been selected to succeed Josiah Quincy. "No person and no organization is backing me for that office, and all reports to the contrary are idle gossip," he added.

ARE YOU AFFECTIONATE?

DO YOU KNOW HOW EXHAUSTING THE SENTIMENTS ARE?

The Best, the Strongest Men and Women of America Become Exhausted Through the Emotions—Startling Statement by One of Our Best Physicians—Interesting Talk to Clever People—He Understood Men and Women Thoroughly.

"There is no way by which people exhaust themselves, kill themselves, so quickly as by exercising the affections."

This startling remark was made by one of the best physicians in America. He was a man who had studied deeply, observed keenly, and knew men and women thoroughly. Continuing, he said:

"Sentiment is a grand, a lovely thing, and the world cannot live without it, but the exercise of the sentiments invariably exhausts. People may not feel it, but it is true nevertheless. A man or a woman wears out, breaks down, and then wonders at the cause. In ages before civilization, when men only had brute instincts, the feelings were not high, the sentiments were not keen, even the passions were not aroused, but in the present day of breeding, of feeling, men and women may enjoy much, but they exhaust quicker. This is sad, but it is true.

"I know I am talking frankly, perhaps bluntly, but I am telling the truth, and if the men and women of the nineteenth century do not feed the forces that produce sentiments, affections, feelings, they are certain to break down, to become exhausted, and to die before their time. Do not tell me these things are theories, for they are solemn facts.

"You ask me what I would do," he continued. "I answer: Begin to feed these forces; feed them constantly; feed them with the best and most scientific discovery you can secure. If you ask me what is the best, I unhesitatingly say it is that grand preparation which has been so long before the people and is so popular, Warner's Safe Cure. I know that it possesses powers known to no other discovery, and I know that thousands of men and women cannot live without it to-day. If you will stop and think, or ask your friends, you will see that what I say is correct, and I believe be led to try it at once if you have not already done so."

The facts stated by the doctor and the advice he gives are sound. It is absolutely true that many men and women are enabled to live and enjoy life entirely through the power which this great remedy gives them, and there are thousands of others who need to follow in the same path.

AMERICAN HOSIERY CO.
Factories: New-Britain, Conn.
Salesrooms: 108-110 Franklin St., New-York.
Manufacturers of
FINE KNIT UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY.
NO BETTER IN THE WORLD.
MEN'S, WOMEN'S, AND CHILDREN'S SILK, MERINO, BALBRIGGAN, AND NATURAL WOOL,
in all weights. Adapted to all climates and seasons. Every length of Sleeve and Drawer.
Non-shrinkable. Black, blue, and red stamps show relative quality.
For sale by Leading Houses. - - Ask for them.

COURTS—NATIONAL AND STATE

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Supreme Court of the United States—Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Field, Mr. Justice Harlan, Mr. Justice Gray, Mr. Justice Brewer, Mr. Justice Shiras, and Mr. Justice Jackson.

Calendar—No. 951—The United States, appellant, vs. John T. Patterson.—Submitted pursuant to the twentieth rule by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Dodge and Mr. Charles C. Binney for the appellant and by Mr. W. W. Dudley, Mr. Louis T. Michener, Mr. Richard R. McMahon, and Mr. George A. King for the appellee.

No. 962—The United States, appellant, vs. Ezra Baird.—Submitted pursuant to the twentieth rule by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Dodge and Mr. Charles C. Binney for the appellant and by Mr. George A. King for the appellee.

No. 916—Thomas Hughes et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The United States.—Submitted by Mr. Solicitor General Maxwell and Mr. Charles C. Binner for the defendant in error.—No brief filed for the plaintiffs in error.

No. 47—Daniel Magone, Collector, &c., plaintiff in error, vs. James E. Heller et al.—Argument continued by Mr. Edwin B. Smith for the defendants in error and concluded by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Whitney for the plaintiff in error.

No. 668—The United States, plaintiff, vs. Michel Thomas.—Argued by Mr. Solicitor General Maxwell for the plaintiff.—No counsel appeared for the defendant.

No. 789—Tom Moore, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Submitted by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Whitney for the defendant in error.—No counsel appeared for the plaintiff in error.

No. 826—Lewis Holder, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Submitted by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Whitney for the defendant in error.—No counsel appeared for the plaintiff in error.

No. 785—Daniel J. McDaid et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The Territory of Oklahoma on the relation of Winfield S. Smith et al.—Submitted by Mr. Solicitor General Maxwell for the plaintiffs in error.—No counsel appeared for the defendants in error.

No. 922—Nelson F. Evans, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States; and No. 923—Nelson F. Evans, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States.—Argued by Mr. Hampton L. Carson for the plaintiff in error and by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Conrad for the defendant in error.

No. 8—The Lehigh Zinc and Iron Company, Limited, plaintiff in error, vs. William E. Smith, administrator, &c., et al.—Argued by Mr. Sidney Ward for the plaintiff in error and by Mr. L. A. Fuller for the defendants in error.

No. 27—The Mississippi Mills et al., appellants, vs. Simon Cohn et al.—Argument commenced by Mr. Edward Cunningham, Jr., for the appellants.

Adjourned until Monday next at 12 o'clock.

The day call for Monday, Oct. 23, will be as follows: Nos. 27, 48, 50, 51, (and 26 and 57,) 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Cases Argued.—These cases were argued in the Court of Appeals yesterday: Cincinnati National Bank, appellant, vs. M. H. Tilden, Jr., and another; Thomas Brown vs. M. H. Tilden and another, appellants.—Argued by E. M. Ashley for appellant, J. W. Taylor for respondent. H. H. Skinner and another vs. The Prospect Park and Coney Island Railroad Company, appellant, (two cases.)—Argued by S. D. Morris for appellant, Charles J. Patterson for respondents. Agnes Zolionski vs. New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, appellant.—C. A. Pooley for appellant, William Armstrong for respondent. H. C. Pelly vs. Francis S. Taylor and another, appellants.—E. H. Pomeroy for appellants, Lucien Birdseye for respondent. Jennie L. Meek vs. New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, appellant.—Hamilton Harris for appellant, J. W. Newton Fiero for respondent. Mary L. Trippe vs. The Provident Fund Society, appellant.—John L. Hill for appellant, William H. Arnoux for respondent, (unfinished.)

The calendar for Monday is: Nos. 113, 48, 52, 54, 83, 109, 114, 120.

REFEREES AND RECEIVER.

Referees Named Yesterday.

SUPREME COURT—Barrett, J.—Kiernan vs. Dowd—A. S. Hamersley, Jr. Matter of Walker —William M. Hoes. Hamilton Park Company vs. Durant—Samuel F. Prentiss.

COMMON PLEAS—Bischoff, J.—Gedney vs. Perceval — Charles N. Morgan. Giegerich, J.—Matter of Woolworth—Richard M. Henry.

Receiver Appointed Yesterday.

SUPERIOR COURT—Gildersleeve, J.—Matter of American Alloy Company—James W. Rockey.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

—Bradstreet's reports 340 failures in the United States during the week, against 406 in the preceding week and 216, 230, 202, and 190 in the corresponding weeks of 1892, 1891, 1890, and 1889. The Middle States had 83 failures, the New-England States 47, the Southern States 58, the Western States 85, the Northwestern States 29, the Pacific coast 33, and the Territories 5. Canada had 34 failures, against 32 for the previous week. Of failing enterprises, 83 per cent. were of those employing a capital of $5,000 or less, and 12 per cent. were of those with $5,000 to $20,000 capital. Sixteen failures are reported with a capital each in excess of $20,000.

—The American Asphalt Roofing and Paving Company of Portland, Me., has assigned to Messrs. Frank & Larrabee. It was organized three years ago, with Lincoln N. Tibbetts President and C. A. Plummer Treasurer. The creditors are business firms in Boston and New-York.

—An attachment against the Hardwood Door and Trim Company of 1,180 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, for $12,390 in favor of Eugene M. Beachley on an assigned claim of David A Friedline was received by the Sheriff yesterday.

—Aaron Goodman, manufacturer of trousers at 5 Great Jones Street, has failed and given a bill of sale of his stock to a brother-in-law.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 20.—An old stone building on Reed Street, North Cambridge, occupied by the Clark Coffee Company, manufacturers of artificial coffee, was gutted by fire this morning. Loss, $20,000.

WATCHING UNION PACIFIC

THE GOVERNMENT WILL PROTECT ITS INTERESTS.

Special Counsel Hoadly Going to Washington to Confer with Attorney General Olney—A Grave Doubt as to the Validity of the Receivership Proceedings, so Far as the United States Is Concerned—Special Legislation of Congress May Be Needed.

The Union Pacific situation promises to take on interesting and complicated phases. A variety of technical points is arising puzzle the receivers, and chief in importance is the question of the rights of the United States Government under the receivership. Vice President and Receiver Oliver W. Mink, it is said, is on his way East for the purpose of conferring with influential stockholders and studying the situation.

The Hon. George Hoadly of this city who has been retained by Attorney General Olney as special counsel for the United States, expects to leave to-day for Washington to consult with the Attorney General regarding the policy to be pursued. E. Ellery Anderson, Government Director and receiver, will probably also visit Washington for the same purpose.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Attorney General Olney sent to the House to-day a reply to the resolution passed by that body referring to recent legal proceedings whereby the Union Pacific Railroad passed into the hands of a receiver appointed by a United States Court, and requesting him to inform the House whether the Government had any notice of or was made a party to the proceedings, and whether the proceedings are valid in law against the United States in its relations to the road, and in any way affect its interests in the road as protected and secured by existing laws. Also, what action, if any, the Attorney General has taken in the matter, and whether any further legislation is necessary to empower him to take such action as may be deemed necessary to protect and secure the indebtedness of the road to the United States.

In reply Mr. Olney says that the United States was not a party to the proceedings, and was without notice of them until they had been taken. There is grave doubt as to the validity of the proceedings as far as the United States is concerned, and in their practical, if not their technical, operation and effect the proceedings must be regarded as tending to seriously prejudice the interests of the United States as protected and secured by existing laws. The only action yet taken by him in the premises has been the employment of the Hon. George Hoadly of New-York as special counsel for the United States—an employment rendered necessary by the fact that the entire force of the Department of Justice is no more than adequate to the current demands upon it, and that the complexity of the affairs of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, the important question raised by the receivership, and the enormous indebtedness of the company to the United States require that its interests should receive the continuous and almost exclusive attention of competent counsel.

It is more than probable that the proper protection of the interests of the United States will be found to call for special legislation by Congress. But, until further investigation and knowledge of both the facts and the law involved, it would be unwise to attempt to indicate the precise legislation needed. Upon that particular subject the Attorney General states he will make special report at as early a day as practicable.

Senator Bryce, Chairman of the Committee on Pacific Railroads, returned to-day from New-York, where he had been in consultation with ex-Gov. Hoadly, who has been retained as counsel in the forthcoming investigation of the Union Pacific.

NORTHERN PACIFIC'S NEW OFFICERS.

Brayton Ives Elected President and Robert Harris Vice President.

Brayton Ives, who for nearly a year has led a vigorous fight against the Villard management of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, was yesterday elected President of that company by the new Board of Directors. Mr. Ives is the President of the Western National Bank, and, although not a practical railroad man, he has had much experience in railroad financial affairs. He has been a Director of the Northern Pacific and some of its kindred companies, and he is an ex-President of the Stock Exchange.

Robert Harris, for many years Vice President of the Erie Railway, and subsequently President of the Northern Pacific, was elected Vice President yesterday, in the place of J. B. Williams. Silas W. Pettit of the law firm of Reed & Pettit of Philadelphia was made General Counsel of the company, a post now filled by James McNaught. The following officers were re-elected: C. H. Prescott of Tacoma, Washington, Second Vice President; George H. Earl Secretary, George S. Baxter Treasurer, and J. A. Barker Auditor. Mr. Earl has been in the employ of the company fifteen years, and this is his fifth term as Secretary.

The new officers, including the Directors, will practically have no power, so long as the receivers continue in control of the company. A committee will be appointed very soon by the Board of Directors to confer with the receivers as to the best means of reorganizing the road and restoring the property to the company. Nothing was said at yesterday's meeting about carrying out the desire of certain members of the anti-Villard party to secure the removal of Thomas F. Oakes as receiver.

The Northern Pacific stockholders held a short meeting yesterday forenoon, and received the report of the tellers of the previous day's election. The total vote cast was 583,927 shares, and the Ives ticket received the full vote. A resolution was adopted thanking the Clews-Ives-Cooke investigating committee for its "prompt and able" work last Winter.

H. A. Brookman, the holder of 1,700 shares of preferred stock, asked what disposition had been made of the $3,400,000 held in trust for the benefit of the preferred stockholders, and also the $1,500,000 realized from the sale of land.

Counselor McNaught said that the $3,400,000 was on deposit with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and that the $1,500,000 had been expended in the payment of taxes and for other purposes. The point was raised by J. Arthur Wainwright that the $1,500,000 belonged to the preferred stockholders, and that it should not have been used for any other purpose. The matter was referred to the new Board of Directors.

Pullman's Palace Car Company.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The annual meeting of Pullman's Palace Car Company was held here yesterday. About $24,000,000 of capital was represented. The retiring Directors were re-elected, as follows: George M. Pullman, Marshall Field, J. W. Doane, Norman Williams, O. S. A. Sprague of Chicago, Henry C. Hulbert of New-York, and Henry R. Reed of Boston. The annual quarterly dividend of $2 per share from net earnings was declared, payable Nov. 15, to stockholders of record at close of business Nov. 1. Transfer books will close Wednesday, Nov. 1, and will reopen Nov. 16. A financial statement was submitted, showing the total earnings for the year to be $11,389,896. Operating expenses, including maintenance of interior of cars, legal expenses, taxes, and insurance, amounted to $3,825,940.

President Pullman supplemented his annual report with the information that the average number of names on the payrolls at Pullman for the year was 5,569, and wages paid, $3,413,786, making an average for each person employed of $613, against $590.65 for the previous year.

The total number of persons in the employ of the company in its manufacturing and operating departments is 14,635, and wages paid during the year amounted to $7,751,644. The number of employes for the previous year was 12,809, and wages paid were $6,619,156.63. The population of Pullman is 12,614.

Test Case on Rate Overcharges.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 20.—In the Federal Court yesterday Judge Shiras sustained the demurrer of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company to the petition of one Heffelfinger, who sued for overcharges under the inter-State commerce law. The railway company made a joint rate with the Sioux City and Pacific and the Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley Company and Eastern railways, by which a through rate was made from Nebraska points to the seaboard which was less than the Iowa rate to Chicago, plus the Chicago rate to the seacoast. Judge Shiras two years ago held that this could not be done, but, on appeal to the Appellate Court, the decision was reversed, Judge Brewer holding that the joint-rate agreement constituted a new line, and that the inter-State law did not require local rates on the line of a party to the combination to conform to the through or joint rate.

A Man
May Be Handsome,

But he rarely appears to advantage in ill-fitting, poorly-made clothes. No excuse can be made nowadays for dressing badly—clothes never were sold at such low prices. For instance:

Fine Kersey Fall Overcoats in Black or Brown; wholesale value, $15.00	10.99
High grade double breasted Black and Blue Melton and Kersey Overcoats; wholesale value, $14.00	7.48
Superior Shetland Ulsters or Storm Overcoats; wholesale price, $18.00	12.48
English Poole, 48-inch length Overcoat, for stylish dressers, of Black and Blue Kersey, single and double breasted; wholesale value, $26.00	18.48

We have the best possible goods and the price is marked on each garment.

Goods Exchanged or Money Refunded.

Open Saturday Evening Until 10 o'Clock.

BRILL BROS.,

"The Reliable Advertiser of Facts."

43 CORTLANDT ST., Between Elevated Stations. | 753 BROADWAY, Up Stairs.

The present case is to be carried to the United States Supreme Court by the shippers, as a test case.

An Englishman's Quick Journey.

Much interest has been aroused by the remarkably quick journey from Queenstown to Chicago made by Theodore Fry, a member of the British Parliament, the first part of this month. The New-York Central's famous "exposition flier" figured in the trip. According to John W. Vrooman, Mr. Fry arrived in this city on the steamship Lucania on the morning of Oct. 7. After enjoying luncheon with his friend Vrooman, Mr. Fry departed on the flier at 3 o'clock P. M. and was landed in Chicago at 10 A. M. the following day. He made the trip from Queenstown to the World's Fair City in just six days and nineteen hours, the quickest time on record. The achievements of the peerless Lucania and the peerless "exposition flier" naturally filled the Englishman with wonder.

Street Railway Association Election.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 20.—The street railway men finished their business session yesterday with the election of officers. The committee on nominations and selection of the next meeting place presented the following list of officers, who were unanimously elected:

President—Henry C. Payne of Milwaukee; First Vice President—W. J. Stevenson, Washington; Second Vice President—J. A. Chapman, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Third Vice President—Louis Perrine, Trenton, N. J.; Secretary and Treasurer—W. J. Richardson, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Executive Committee—E. F. Longstreet, Denver; T. McLean, Indianapolis; Edward Wittaker, St. Louis; W. J. Soper, Ottawa, Ontario; E. S. Goodrich, Hartford, Conn.

Railroad Men and Matters.

—After the close of the World's Fair there will be an unusual freight movement out of Chicago, both East and West. Such exhibits as are to be returned to their owners in the East will be brought back free of charge by the railroads that carried the goods to Chicago. Many of the goods have been sold and must be shipped to their destinations at the expense of the buyers. A large proportion of the exhibits will be sent to the California fair.

—While no definite answer has yet been received from the receivers of the Union Pacific Road concerning the longer connection of the road with the Western Passenger Association, the receivers have decided to continue members of all local associations that exist in the territory through which the road runs.

—The stockholders of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern and the Ohio and Mississippi Railways will meet in Cincinnati to-day for the purpose of agreeing on the proposed consolidation. The new company will be known as the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern.

—The Louisville, New-Albany and Chicago Road makes an exceptionally good showing for these times in the matter of earnings. The company reports an increase of $24,118 for the second week in October, and an increase of $105,201 since the 1st of July.

—William W. Heafford, who for nearly ten years has been the Eastern Passenger Agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, with headquarters in Buffalo, has been appointed District Passenger Agent, with headquarters at Milwaukee.

—Henry Stanton of New-York and F. G. Winston of Minneapolis have been appointed receivers of the Little Falls and Dakota, Fergus Falls and Black Hills, and Duluth and Winona Branches of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

—Aldace F. Walker, until recently Chairman of the joint committee of the Trunk Line and Central Traffic Associations, is in this city. He will probably resume the practice of the law in Chicago.

—H. A. Schenck has been made Treasurer and Assistant Secretary of the Everett and Monte Cristo Railroad, with headquarters at 36 Wall Street, in this city.

—Robert Biggs, John M. Littig, Edward Worthington, B. A. Betts, and William Kealhofer have been elected Directors of the Western Maryland Railroad.

—There is talk of forming a syndicate to build a railroad from Saranac Lake, in the Adirondacks, to the top of Whiteface Mountain next Spring.

—The receivers of the Cleveland, Canton and Southern Road have decided to remove the offices of the company to New-York.

—Ex-Senator Henry G. Davis of West Virginia has been re-elected President of the Piedmont and Cumberland Railroad.

—C. M. Lawler has accepted the position of General Superintendent of the Philadelphia, Reading and New-England Railroad.

—Stockholders of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad will meet in Baltimore on the 20th of next month to elect new Directors.

—Elaborate folders, with maps and complete October time tables, have been issued by the New-York Central Railroad.

—F. A. Fulwiler has been appointed commercial agent of the Mexican Railway, with headquarters at 375 Broadway.

—W. D. Tyler has been elected President and General Manager of the Washington and Columbia River Railroad.

—C. O. Gevatkin has been appointed General Agent of the Wisconsin Central Railroad in this city.

—John Mulligan has been re-elected President of the Connecticut River Railroad.

How the Fish Are Biting.

Striped bass fishing continues good, both in home and suburban waters, and that afforded from some of the city docks is as remunerative as any obtained in the neighborhood. From Pier 16 North River one man caught, on Wednesday morning, in four hours twenty bass, averaging three-quarters of a pound each, and the same day John Brunner of West Street caught fifteen in Hell Gate, the largest weighing five and a half pounds. East Third Street has a new dock built out near a submerged rocky ledge, and is a favorite resort of anglers. A ten-pounder was caught there last week and an eight-pounder from the Fifth Street dock. On the North River shrimp is the favorite bait, on the east side white worms are thought to present the greater attraction. A long pole furnished with two hooks, each pendent from a single snell attached to a yoke of two feet spread and dangled within a couple of feet of the bottom is the outfit of the most successful anglers. On the south shore of Staten Island trollers have caught this week a number of four or five pound fish. But even our eight and ten pound catches shrink into utter insignificance compared with the monsters displayed Thursday at Blackford's, at Fulton Market. One was a fifty-two-pounder from Massachusetts; another, nearly as large, from Montauk, and two others of over forty pounds each, also from Massachusetts.

Outside fishing is satisfactory, a large catch of eight and ten pound bluefish having been within a few days effected off Long Island, and which were exposed yesterday at Fulton Market.

Fish are in ample supply at the market at prices not materially changed from last week.

Tschigorin Wins at Chess.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 20.—Tschigorin beat Tarrasch in a Ruy Lopez to-day after twenty-five moves. Tarrasch has now won four and Tschigorin three games.

AN OLD-TIME RECORD BROKEN

HAMLIN'S NIGHTINGALE TROTS THREE MILES IN 6:55 1-2.

The Record Since 1872 Was 7:21 1-4, Made by Huntress—Nightingale Finished Fresh and Was Apparently Good for Miles More—Axle Springs a Surprise in the 2:24 Class for Three-Year-Olds—A Struggle Between Pamlico and Phœbe Wilkes Furnishes Good Trotting.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 20.—An old-time record was lowered at Cumberland Park to-day when Hamlin's Nightingale trotted three miles in 6:55½. In 1872 the stout race mare Huntress, by Volunteer, covered this distance in 7:21¼ in a race, while the game daughter of Mambrino King had nothing to beat here but the watch.

C. J. Hamlin felt confident that Nightingale would succeed in securing another long-distance championship, and looked for her to go the three miles in about 7 minutes. Last year Nightingale broke the record for two miles on this track by making the circuit twice in 4:33¼. This afternoon she was well raced, making the first mile in 2:22½, the next in 2:18½, and the third in 2:14½, a break below the distance in the last quarter of the last mile retarding the chestnut mare at least a second. Nightingale was not a whit distressed by this severe test of her endurance, and the horsemen united in admiration of this great performance.

The other trials against time were not sensational in any degree, even Arion failing to do anything worthy of his former fame. Doble handled the colt himself, but Arion made two breaks after going at a 2:06 gait to the quarter, and finished in 2:11. Jenny Wilkes and Strader H., who are both to be retired from the turf, trotted creditable miles in 2:12½ and 2:13 respectively, and Nanny Ward chipped a half second from the 2:16 she scored yesterday.

The regular card furnished some capital sport, beginning with a surprise in the 2:24 class for three-year-olds. The Conqueror was thought the best of the ten youngsters, but Axle captured the first heat away off in 2:15¾, lowering his record, and got the race by a very close decision in the second heat. The Conqueror seemed to have the black colt beaten, but Axle made a final spurt under the whip, and the judges, though divided in their opinion, finally gave him the benefit of the doubt.

There were four starters in the 2:13 trot, but the struggle was between Pamlico and Phœbe Wilkes. The first heat went to the mare in moderate time, 2:14¼, but Pamlico warmed up to his work the next time and carried Phœbe so fast down the homestretch that she made a couple of breaks and was beaten by an open length in 2:11. The third heat was won by McHenry's generalship, as he dropped behind Pamlico and fooled young Curtis into going so slow to the third quarter that Phœbe Wilkes had too much brush for the stallion coming home, though the mile was 2½ seconds slower than the one before.

The young Kentuckian was not caught again, for he sent Pamlico after the Wilkes mare so rapidly in the fourth heat that she was fairly outtrotted after leading to the distance. Pamlico finished strong in 2:10½, the second time he had improved his record in this race. This did not tire the sturdy little stallion, for he stepped the fifth heat in 2:11½, Phœbe Wilkes being unable to get on even terms with him when the final effort was made.

Charley C., who was beaten earlier in the week, had speed to spare this afternoon, and reeled off two miles faster than his previous mark, the first in 2:14¼. Courier was the only one near the gelding, and even he was never nearer than four lengths.

There are several consolation purses for the last day of the meeting along with the 2:19 trot open to four-year-olds and the 2:12 pace.

Monroe Salisbury says he is anxious to make a match with Directum against the pacer Mascot, provided the race comes off at Fleetwood Park, New-York. Negotiations are still pending, and the two champions may meet later in the month.

Summaries:

2:24 Class.—Trotting; purse $2,500; two in three heats.

Axle, blk. c., by Axtell-Cora Ettie, by Adrian Wilkes, (C. P. Doble)	1	1
Luzelle, b. f., (C. C. Fuller)	2	6
The Conqueror, ch. c., (Chandler)	9	2
Jottie, blk. f., (McVey)	4	3
Alfrida, b. f., (Curry)	3	4
Merman, b. c., (McKay)	5	5
Dancourt, blk. c., (Maloney)	6	9
Wilkes Maid, blk. f., (Ernest)	7	7
Wistful, br. f., (G. J. Fuller)	10	8
Silent Brook, br. c., (Beachey)	8	dr

Time—2:15¾; 2:17.

2:13 Class.—Trotting; purse $1,000,

Pamlico, b. s., by Meander-Birthday, by Daniel Lambert, (Curtis)	2	1	2	1	1
Phœbe Wilkes, br. m., by Hambletonian Wilkes, (McHenry)	1	2	1	2	2
Una Wilkes, b. m., (Goldsmith)	4	3	3	3	3
Belleflower, br. f., (Marvin)	3	dis.			

Time—2:14¼; 2:11; 2:13½; 2:10½; 2:11½.

2:28 Class.—Trotting; purse $2,500; two in three heats.

Charley C., br. g., by Brown Jug, dam untraced, (Kelly)	1	1
Courier, b. s., (Settle)	2	2
Sabina, b. m., (Goldsmith)	3	3
Hundley, b. s., (Van Meter)	5	4
Kaoline, b. m., (Roth)	4	5
Betsey Cotton, rn. m., (Trotter)	dis.	

Time—2:14¼; 2:14½.

Specials against time:

To beat 7:21¼, three miles, trotting.

Nightingale, ch. m., by Mambrino King-Minnequa Maid, by Wood's Hambletonian, (Geers,) won.

Time—6:55½.

To beat 2:15¾, trotting.

Jenny Wilkes, b. m., by Woodford Wilkes-China Wilkes, by Adrian Wilke, (Curry,) won.

Time—2:12½.

To beat 2:13¾, trotting.

Strader H., b. s., by Squire Talmage-Lucy H., by Napoleon, (Steddom,) won.

Time—2:13.

BAD JUDGING AT BELMONT.

Although He Broke Repeatedly Martin K. Was Not Set Back.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 20.—The last regular harness meeting in this section for the season of 1893 came to an end at Belmont to-day with a fair attendance and sport that was above the average for this track. The one blemish on the record of the week was the failure of the judges to act strictly and impartially by the rules. These gentlemen, amiable and well-meaning amateurs, were influenced by Charles Paige, who, without any proper legal status among the judges, assumed the right to be there and dictate to them his own version of trotting law. His impatience of newspaper criticism culminated this week in foul-mouthed attacks on some of the gentlemen present.

Here is a case in point: In the fourth heat of the 2:19 trot Martin K., a local trotter, made five breaks by the aid of which he headed Picket, the favorite, and led down the stretch by three or four lengths. When young Lockwood, Picket's driver, saw there was nothing to gain, he eased his horse, finishing in second place. According to one of the best pronounced rules of the trotting code Martin K. should have been set back, but he was placed where he finished, and Lockwood, who was fairly entitled to the heat, was called into the stand and accused of trying to pull the favorite. Nothing but the production of several hundred dollars' worth of tickets on his horse convinced the judges that Picket was out to win.

In scoring for the final heat of this 2:19 trot to-day Martin K. was driven down repeatedly ahead of Picket and Kingwood, Clark hoping thereby to get the best of the start, but Starter Evans very justly refused to give the word until they were all on even terms. Martin K. was the only sufferer from these rushing tactics, tiring so badly coming home that when Picket jogged under the wire he was two distances out, and Clark, instead of getting second money, got the flag.

Summaries:

2:19 Class.—Trotting; purse $500.

Picket, ch. g., by Picket-Amanda, by Goldsmith Chief, (Lockwood)	1	2	3	2	5	1	1
Kingwood, br. g., by Kentucky Dictator, (Fowler)	3	5	1	3	1	3	2
Queechy, b. s., (Dodge)	5	4	5	4	2	r.o	
Ruby M., (Gibbs)	4	3	4	5	3	r.o	
Martin K., ch. g., by Hannibal, (Clark)	2	1	2	1	4	2	dis

Time—2:18¼; 2:18¼; 2:17¼; 2:18¼; 2:20¼; 2:21; 2:21.

2:15 Class.—Pacing; purse $500.

Raven, blk. m., by Alcantara-Rachel B., by Allie West, (Collins)	1	1	1
Black Dick, blk. g., (Neil)	8	2	2
Nellie B., br. m., (Brown)	3	3	3
Country Girl, b. m., (Gauff)	4	6	4
H. J. Rockwell, b. s., (Dodge)	9	4	6
Bob Taylor, ro. g., (Fowler)	7	5	5
Rebus, b. g., (Demarest)	5	8	7
Elma, ro. m., (Smith)	6	7	8
Princess Alice, b. m., (Rogers)	2	dr.	

Time—2:15¼; 2:14¼; 2:14¼.

2:21 Class.—Trotting; purse $500.

Colonel Owen, b. g., by Spinks-Clark Chief, dam by Confederate Chief, (Bear)	1	1	1
Bravado, br. s., (Neil)	2	3	2
Puck, blk. g., (Demarest)	3	2	5
M. J. Henderson, b. g., (Orton)	5	5	3
Mahogany, b. s., (Turner)	4	4	6
Princewood, b. g., (Fulmer)	7	6	4
Nutrition, blk. s., (Curran)	8	7	7
Grafton, ch. g., (Myers)	6	8dr.	

Time—2:18¼; 2:17¼; 2:17¼.

2:26 Class.—Trotting; purse $500.

Warren McGregor, ch. s., by Robert McGregor, dam by Egbert, (Quintin)	1	1	1
Gilmore, b. g., (Demarest)	7	2	2
Annie Bennett, b. m., (Scott Smith)	2	4	3
Delavan, gr. g., (Neil)	3	5	4
Lizzie H., b. m., (Swan)	4	3	5
Silver Bells, (Clark)	5	7	7
Storyteller, b. m., (Sheehan)	6	6	12
Nelson, ch. g., (Whilpley)	9	8	6
Mac, d. g., (Lester)	8	13	8
Flossy, blk. m., (Houghton)	11	9	10
Lady M., r. m., (Sohreve)	12	10	9
Sunlight, gr. s., (Appleby)	10	11	13
Fin Fan, b. m., (Achuff)	13	12	11

Time—2:21; 2:22½; 2:20¾.

PONY RACES AT HEMPSTEAD.

The Seven Events to be Run Off Well Filled—A Match Race.

The second day's meeting of the Hempstead Farm Racing Association will be held this afternoon at the Hempstead track. A good programme of seven races has been arranged, and if it is not too dark when the last race is over, the match race at a mile, for $1,000, between Rodman and Pocahontas, will be run. A special train will leave Long Island City at 1 o'clock, and will arrive at the track in time for the first race, which will be started at 2 o'clock.

The entries for to-day's races:

FIRST RACE.—Cup added to a sweepstake of $15 each, second to save stake. Three hundred yards, standing start. E. J. Hogan's Molly O., Monmouth Company Hunt Stable's The Crow, Fred Gebhard's Eureka, (Quicksilver,) J. L. Kernochan's Sea Gull, J. L. Kernochan's Sunshine, Philip Daly, Jr.'s, Champa.

Quite the
Correct Thing.

You would hardly expect to find the swell Long Cut "Prince Albert" Coat in a ready-to-wear stock. You won't, as a rule; but we have them. An additional novelty is the new-style double-breasted Vest, after the latest English patterns. No one else has them—unless we accept the progressive tailors who are cutting after the latest fashion plates.

The smallness of the price will surprise you.

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279, 281 AND 283 BROADWAY,
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Satisfaction guaranteed or money returned.

SECOND RACE.—Purse $150, of which $25 to second, third to save stake; handicap for three-year-olds and upward. One mile on the flat. Dr. S. S. Field's Picket, 145 pounds; Arthur White's Pocahontas, 165; Arthur White's Case Card, 115; Fred Gebhard's Rodman, 170; J. Henshall's Topmast, 150; P. S. P. Randolph's Comforter, 170; P. Mullen's Patsey, 140; C. W. Wadsworth's Landseer, 150; J. B. Wharton's Frank C., 145.

THIRD RACE.—Purse $200, of which $50 to second, third to save stake; handicap for ponies. Four furlongs, on the flat. Frederick Gebhard's Eureka, (Quicksilver,) 165 pounds; George Stonebridge's Prince Bedouin, 135; Tamalamah Stable's Cherokee Rose, 155; the Ranch Stable's Wazee, 160; Philip Daly, Jr.'s, Gallivant, 130; E. E. Gwynne's Hyaka, 125.

FOURTH RACE.—Purse $200, of which $50 to second, third to save stake; handicap for Galloways and ponies. Five furlongs, on the flat. Arthur White's Foresight, 180 pounds; P. S. P. Randolph's Black Knight, 165; Garden City Stable's The Sheikh, 115; Hempstead Farm's Lady Macbeth, 110; H. K. Vingut's Spite, 125.

FIFTH RACE.—Purse $200, of which $50 to second, third to save stake; handicap for Galloways and ponies. Two miles over hurdles. Tamalamah Stable's Trump, 120 pounds; P. S. P. Randolph's Maggie, 170; C. W. Wadsworth's Independence Day, 180; E. E. Gwynne's Little Chance, 125; Garden City Stable's Roulette, 130; H. K. Vingut's Small Talk, 125.

SIXTH RACE.—Purse $200, of which $50 to second, third to save stake; a handicap steeplechase open to all horses, over the regulation course. About three miles. E. J. Hogan's Westbury, 135 pounds; Now or Never Stable's Hiawasse, 155; Broad Hollow Stable's Oakwood, 170; W. P. Ricketson's Glenfallon, 160; H. K. Vingut's Vanity, 140; Mr. Brooke's Bull Dawg, 140; P. S. P. Randolph's Barney, 155.

SEVENTH RACE.—Consolation purse $150, of which $50 to second; handicap for horses and ponies that have run and have not been placed first or second at the meeting. Four furlongs on the flat. Entries to close after fifth race.

Racing at Linden.

FIRST RACE.—One mile and a furlong. Correction, 100 pounds, (Penn,) 7 to 1, won; Picknicker, 108, (Sims,) 3 to 1, second; Loantaka, 116, (Doggett,) 5 to 2, third. Candelabra, Fidelio, and Integrity also ran. Time—1:54¼.

SECOND RACE.—Five and a half furlongs. Florence, 100 pounds, (Reiff,) even, won; Milan, 95, (Griffin,) 2 to 1, second; Pirate Chief, 101, (Ballard,) 8 to 1, third. Penniless, Equation, West Park, Calando, Grampian, and Ironsides also ran. Time—1:08¼.

THIRD RACE.—Five furlongs. Tormenter, 118 pounds, (Taral,) 1 to 3, won; Captain Wagner, 103, (Burrell,) 10 to 1, second; Watterson, 110, (Doggett,) 7 to 1, third. Poor Jonathan, Bob Sutherland, Lita, Miss Kittie, Charlie Wilson, and Red Light also ran. Time—1:01.

FOURTH RACE.—Five furlongs. Tom Harding, 116 pounds, (McCafferty,) even, won; Melba, 95 (Griffin,) 4 to 1, second; Little Fred, 98, (Clay,) 8 to 5, third. Laughing Water, Woodban, and Priscilla also ran. Time—1:01½.

FIFTH RACE.—Five and a half furlongs. Reginald, 110 pounds, (Sims,) 9 to 10, won; Play or Pay, 102, (Clare,) 8 to 1, second; Uncle Jess, 109, (Doggett,) 7 to 2, third. Minnehaha, Ingot, Sam Weller, and Bushranger also ran. Time—1:08.

SIXTH RACE.—One mile and a sixteenth. Beansey, 110 pounds, (Littlefield,) 11 to 10, won; Kilkenny, 106, (Griffin,) 2 to 1, second; Harry Alonzo, 100, (Penn,) 4 to 1, third. Lotion, Experience, and Metuchen also ran. Time—1:48½.

SEVENTH RACE.—Seven furlongs. Tom Tough, 116 pounds, (Clerico,) 11 to 10, won; Vestibule, 121, (Sims,) 7 to 10, second. Time—1:29.

ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs. Harrington, 118 pounds; Hindoomere, Lento, and Longbrook, 108 each; Our Pet and Blossom, 105 each; Miss Primrose, Daly, Lochinvar, Doctor Garnett, and Nonsense, 98 each; Sappho, La Misere, Golden Valley, and Sprinkle, 95 each.

SECOND RACE.—One mile. Banquet, 119 pounds; Herald, 110; Beansey, 105; Major Daly, 98; Riot, 96; Dalsyrian, 95.

THIRD RACE.—Seven furlongs. Copyright, 111 pounds; King Cadmus, 108; Remorse, 106; Melanie, St. Anthony, Flatlands, Rico, Dalsyrian, and Speculation, 100 each.

FOURTH RACE.—Six furlongs. Marguerite, 112 pounds; Midnight, 110; Uncle Jess and Shelly Tuttle, 108 each; Faithful, 107; Old Dominion, 106; Rear Guard, 104; Reynard, Hiram, Jake Johnson, Darkness, Wheeler, and Jodan, 100 each; Halcyon, 96.

FIFTH RACE.—Five furlongs. Fatality, 115 pounds; Drum Major, 114; Token and Dr. Garnett, 110 each; Little Pirate, 108; Nahma, 107; Intimidad, 106; Mamie B. filly, 105; Miss Gallop, 101; Proverb, 100; Rebecca Rowett colt, Blossom, and Our Pet, 97 each.

SIXTH RACE.—One mile. Sleipner, 126 pounds; Soundmere, 107; Kildeer and Riot, 99 each; Jodan, 92; Clio colt, 89.

To Settle the Undergraduate Question.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 20.—A lively session is promised at the special meeting of the Inter-collegiate Football Association called for to-morrow night at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New-York City. After the stormy meeting held a fortnight ago all of the colleges in the association desire to come to an understanding, and therefore this meeting has been called. Whether Yale will persist in enforcing a rule which will deprive Princeton of her best players and the University of Pennsylvania of seven of hers is a matter which may not be settled without the dissolution of the association. It is thought here that they should be accorded the same privilege as Harvard, namely, that Yale play them an individual game, meeting them with whatever players Yale may see fit to present, but allowing them to present graduate and professional school men as Harvard will be allowed this year. The Yale delegate, Walter Camp, will not disclose Yale's policy. He states that Yale will uphold the undergraduate rule, but will not deny that he may weaken if the disaffected colleges threaten to resign. Yale men believe that the Yale delegate will weaken.

Football Games To-day.

The University of Pennsylvania's football team will line up against the Crescents at Eastern Park, Brooklyn, this afternoon. Despite the fact that the Quaker City students defeated Princeton last year, the Crescents believe that they can make a better showing against them than they did against Princeton last week. Capt. Sheldon's men have improved very much in their team work during the past week. The elevens will line up like this:

Crescent A. C.	*Position.*	*Pennsylvania.*
Walsh	Left end	Simmons.
Quill	Left tackle	Mackey.
Hotchkiss	Left guard	Woodruff.
Baldwin	Centre	Thornton.
Worden	Right guard	Wharton.
Fitzgerald	Right tackle	Reese.
Dougherty	Right end	Rosengarten.
Fisk	Quarter back	Vail.
Sheldon	Left half back	Osgood.
White	Right half back	Knipe.
Culver	Full back	Brooke.

The New-Jersey Athletic Club football eleven will try and down the Volunteer Athletic Club eleven at the St. George Cricket Club grounds, Hoboken, to-day. The game will be called at 4 o'clock. The Jerseys will be strengthened by several Stevens Institute men. The Volunteers will be represented by the same team that played University of Pennsylvania last Saturday. The Jerseys have a strong team, and they will no doubt render a good account of themselves in the game with Harlem's worthy exponents of the art.

Cornell University eleven and Princeton's team will meet on Manhattan Field at 2 P. M. This ought to be a very interesting game. The Ithacans have been steadily making progress in athletics of all kinds, and their football team for the last three years has been a good one. Princeton's men will have to play great football in order to prevent the Cornell men from scoring.

At the Orange Athletic Club grounds Yale's 'Varsity team will line up against Orange. The grounds are easily reached by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

—The Montclair Athletic Club football team and the eleven of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association will play at Montclair this afternoon.

—The Alert football team of Seton Hall College will play the team of St. Agnes's Lyceum of Paterson at South Orange this afternoon.

Law School Elevens May Play.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 20.—Yale has taken the first step toward arranging a football game between the football elevens of the Law Schools of the two universities. To-day Manager Moore of the Yale team sent a challenge to the Harvard manager, challenging the Harvard Law School eleven to a game to take place on Thanksgiving Day. If a favorable reply is received the place will be agreed upon later. Yale wishes to play regularly, meeting each year alternately at New-Haven and Boston, though, if Harvard desires, an agreement may be entered into to play in Springfield for a term of years. A big schedule of games is being arranged by the Law School team. Twenty candidates reported for duty to-day and a sharp practice game was played. Capt. Sanford acted as coach.

Relay Race of 160 Miles.

CHAMBERSBURG, Penn., Oct. 20.—A relay bicycle race was finished here to-day. Twenty-three riders carried a message from the Mayor of Staunton, Va., to the Mayor here—a distance of 160 miles. The first rider left Staunton at 6 A. M. to-day. Each man rode about seven miles. Winchester, 94 miles, was reached at 12:32, and W. B. McDowell arrived here at 4:32, having ridden the last seven miles in twenty minutes. The entire distance was covered in 10 hours 38 minutes. The riders were as follows: Prof. F. B. Webb, A. E. Dabney, Charles S. Hunter, H. Dunbar Murray, and John Scott of Staunton; J. W. Rearick, Chambersburg; E. B. Capper, J. F. Rearick, Martinsburg; Ernest Emmert, Hagerstown; John Rousch, C. O. Eveaning, O. H. McGinnis, Bates Mingbinni, Martinsburg; D. O. Gehr, Chambersburg; H. K. Johnson, Kent Miller, C. R. Johnson, E. A. Bailey, Hagerstown; John S. McIlvaine, Jr., C. W. Keefer, W. B. McDowell, Chambersburg.

AHEAD

of everybody. More and greater Carpet Bargains than ever. BEST ROYAL WILTONS, $1.50; BEST 5-FRAME BODY BRUSSELS, 75 and 85 cents. Oriental Rugs for less than half cost.

J. & J. DOBSON,

2 East 14th St.

FALL GAMES AT UNION.

A Good-Sized Crowd and Considerable Enthusiasm Over the Events.

SCHENECTADY, Oct. 20.—The Fall handicap meet of the Union College Athletic Association was held on the athletic grounds this afternoon in the presence of a large and enthusiastic crowd of students and ladies. The day was all that could be desired, and the excitement at times ran high. The number of entries was large. The pole vault, hammer throw, and running high jump were not completed.

Summary:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by Klein, '95; Walker, '95, second; S. Braman, '94, third. Time—0:10 2-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by Walker, '95; Klein, '95, second; Holleran, '95, third. Time—0:24 3-5.

440-Yard Dash.—Won by Allen, '95; Walker, '95, second; O'Neill, '97, third. Time—0:56 3-5.

16-Pound Shot Put.—Won by Holleran, '95, 28 feet 7 inches; McEwan, '95, second; Willis, '97, third.

120-Yard Hurdle.—Won by Twiford, '96; Holleran, '95, second; S. Braman, '94, third. Time—0:18 4-5.

220-Yard Hurdle.—Won by Twiford, '96; Holleran, '95, second; Cass, '95, third. Time—0:29 2-5.

Two-Mile Bicycle Race.—Won by Burtiss, '97. Time—7:59. Others ruled out.

One-Mile Walk.—Won by McEwan, '95; Huggins, '96, second; Cotton, '97, third. Time—8:51 3-5.

Running Broad Jump.—Won by Myers, '96; Twiford, '96, second; Doherty, '97, third.

WASHINGTON WHEELMEN RACES.

A Gold Medal Offered by The New-York Times in the One-Mile Scratch Race.

The Washington Wheelmen, one of the most progressive and flourishing bicycle clubs above Harlem Bridge, have arranged a carnival of sports for election day. The sports will be held on Berkeley Oval, Morris Heights. Bicycle races will be the principal feature, but there will also be a football game between the Fordham College team and the Yonkers Young Men's Christian Association eleven, and tug-of-war contests between teams form bicycle clubs.

In order to promote purely amateur sport in bicycle races, The New-York Times will present the winner of the one-mile scratch race with a handsome gold medal. This trophy will be well worth striving for, and ought to prove an incentive to young racers to do their best.

Entries will close on Oct. 31, with T. Sedgwick Draper, 538 East One Hundred and Fortieth Street.

Zimmerman to Try to Lower Records.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 20.—Zimmerman, the fast bicyclist, reached here this afternoon, and has gone into quarters with Trainer Troy at Charter Oak Park. Within the next half dozen weeks he proposes to run against all records under an hour. He will train under the auspices of the Hartford Wheel Club. Besides Zimmerman and his trainer, Hoyland Smith, Wheeler, and Crooks are of the party. They will go to work at once, although no attempt at record breaking will be made this week.

The track is being rapidly put in shape, and next week the noted wheelman will ride against some of the lowest figures. The track at the park is already in fine shape for the bicycles—better than if it had been kept in condition for horses. It is caked down hard and smooth as a floor, and only needs surface scraping. The speeders coming to this city to train will do much for the wheeling interest in Hartford, which is at a low ebb. All attempts will be made under the direction of the Hartford Wheel Club, and members of the club will act as track officials at the trials, thus making all records official.

Among the Wheelmen.

—W. V. Belknap, C. S. Swain, and L. N. Thorne of the Atalanta Wheelmen of Newark are making a trip on their bicycles through the lumber camps of Maine.

—Petitions are to be circulated by the Metropolitan Association of Cycling Clubs for the lighting of the Eastern and Western Drives in Central Park.

—The Montauk Wheelmen will have a club run to-morrow to Orange, N. J. The start will be at 8:30 A. M. from the clubhouse, and the route will be through Plainfield and Springfield.

—Essex County (N. J.) Wheelmen will hold a lantern parade on Saturday, Oct. 28. The start will be made from Military Park, Newark, at 7:30 P. M.

—Harry C. Tyler, the well-known bicycle racer, was married Thursday at Plattsburg, N. Y., to Miss Edith M. Thompson of that village.

—L. C. Wahl has made a new bicycle record between Washington and Baltimore, his time being 2:49:00 for the forty-nine miles.

—The fifteen-mile road race of the New-York Athletic Club will be run over the Morris Park course on election day.

—The Harlem Young Men's Christian Association Wheelmen will have races on election day on its athletic grounds.

—"Willie" Windle has chipped two and a fifth seconds off of Meintje's three-mile record of 6:45 1-5.

—Torrent, the French long-distance bicycle rider, has started on a trip from St. Petersburg to Paris.

—The Atalanta Wheelmen of Newark will give monthly entertainments during the Winter.

—Hudson County Wheelmen will hold a club run to Yonkers to-morrow.

—John S. Johnson won 124 prizes during the season.

—Harlem Wheelmen will give a reception on Oct. 27.

Vigilant at Port Jefferson.

PORT JEFFERSON, L. I., Oct. 20.—The sloop Vigilant arrived here at 5 o'clock this evening to lay up for the season at Mather & Woods's yard.

Minor Sporting Matters.

—A number of the athletic young men of Sing Sing have organized an athletic and social club, and have secured the privilege of using the well-appointed gymnasium of St. John's School. They have elected the following officers: President—George Hyatt; Vice President—Herbert Rogers; Secretary—Charles C. Hubbell; Treasurer—J. Curry Barlow. They intend to hold indoor tennis games during the Winter months. A similar club has been formed in Peekskill with the following officers: President—Louis McLance; Vice President—Howard Van Wart; Secretary—Thomas B. Brown; Treasurer—Alva Tompkins.

—William A. Brady, manager of Champion James J. Corbett, has leased Madison Square Garden for the nights of Nov. 30, Dec. 1 and 2, and will hold an international broadsword contest in which it is expected that the champions of eight or nine countries will compete. It will be the biggest thing of its kind ever held in this city, and lovers of excitement will have something to think about besides football on Thanksgiving Day. Entries have already been forwarded to Manager Brady by prominent sword wielders.

—The two-mile steeplechase and ten-mile run of the Metropolitan Association of Amateur Unions will take place to-day at 3 P. M. E. C. Carter is looked upon as the winner of the long run. Persons taking the 2 P. M. train on the Central Railroad of New-Jersey to the club station at Bayonne will be in time to see the races.

—Chevaliers Agesilao Greco, Carlo Pessina, and Eugenio Pini, the famous Italian swordsmen now visiting the World's Fair, have arranged matches with George Heintz, champion of Chicago, and Prof. Jacoby of New-York for $5,000 a side. The matches will be brought off next month, and may take place in this city.

—The Seton Hall College students are arranging for a field day at the college grounds, South Orange, on Thursday, Nov. 9. The programme will include 100-yard dash, 220-yard run, one-mile and half-mile runs, three-mile bicycle race, high and broad jumping, putting the shot, pole vaulting, and potato race.

—The second paper chase of the season of the Orange Riding Club will be held this afternoon. A stiff course about eight miles long has been laid out and a good run is expected.

American Lace Mills Shut Down.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Oct. 20.—The American Lace Manufacturing Company has closed down its entire plant here. The mills have been running on half time for several months. This is the first time the company has been compelled to stop work entirely since the establishment opened. The mills employed over 200 hands. A meeting of the Directors will be held next week to decide whether to resume work or not. Should the mills remain closed, it will prove a severe blow to this village, as they are one of its chief supports.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Chambermaids.

CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—By a respectable girl as chambermaid and laundress; willing and obliging; city reference. 255 East 49th St.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a young Protestant girl as chambermaid and to assist with plain washing or waiting in private family. J. B., Box 386 Times, Up Town.

CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS OR Waitress.—By neat, tidy North of Ireland Protestant girl; first-class references; moderate wages; city or country. 124 East 41st St.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—By an experienced person as chambermaid and seamstress; best city reference. B. C., Box 349 Times, Up Town.

CHAMBERMAID AND ASSIST WITH WAITing.—By a respectable young girl; good references. Present employer's, 255 Madison Av.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—By a smart young girl as chambermaid and assist with laundry; willing and obliging. 200 East 78th St., third floor.

Companions.

COMPANION.—By young woman of refinement and education as useful companion to lady or invalid; has had experience in the care of the sick and housekeeping; salary not so much an object. Miss G., 821 6th Av.

Cooks.

COOK.—By a Protestant woman as cook in small private family; has eleven years' city reference; is out of place on account of family going to Europe. 7 West 53d St., from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., Saturday.

COOK.—By a young girl as first-class cook; can take entire charge of kitchen; wages, $35; two years' best city reference. A. C., Box 345 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a thoroughly-competent young woman as first-class cook in private family where kitchenmaid is kept; good city reference; wages, $40. J. U. L., Box 351 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—As good cook where any good family cooking is required; understands marketing; can take entire charge; best city reference. A. S., Box 265 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By competent woman as first-class cook in private family; good baker; understands all kinds of cooking; city reference. 125 West 24th St.

COOK.—By a competent cook in a small private family; wages, $25 to $30; best city references. M. C., Box 278 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a Protestant woman as first-class cook in private family; wages, from $25 to $30; good reference. C. M., Box 397 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By cook who understands her business; in hospital or some other institution; good reference. 224 West 33d St.

COOK.—By thoroughly-competent, first-class cook in every branch; very best city references; city or country. 124 East 41st St.

COOK.—By first-class German cook; no washing; best reference. M. H., 400 West 37th St.; ring fourth bell.

COOK.—By respectable young girl as cook in a private family; no objection to a flat; best city references. 236 East 33d St.; ring Sheehan's bell.

COOK.—By a North German girl as cook; good city reference; wages, $20. E. S., 1,533 2d Av.

COOK.—By a first-class cook; city reference; wages, $30. W. G., Box 377 Times, Up Town.

Day's Work.

DAY'S WORK.—By a woman to wash or iron by the day; Mondays and Tuesdays. 163 West 19th St., front house, two flights.

Governesses.

GOVERNESS.—By a highly-recommended Swiss lady as governess or companion in good American family; fluent French, German, and English; music; drawing; no objection to traveling. H. Forster, care of H. E. A., 200 West 57th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—By a North German young lady, well educated, fine musical culture, as nursery governess; references. Merker, 669 Bedord Av., Brooklyn.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—By a young North German lady, perfect in English, as nursery governess in refined family. Mrs. Anken, 200 Hudson St., Hoboken.

Houseworkers.

HOUSEWORK.—By a young girl to do housework; good plain cook, washer, and ironer; one year's reference. 313 East 45th St.

Kitchenmaids.

KITCHENMAID.—Four years' reference. Mrs. M. Wilson, 414 5th Av.

Lady's Maids.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By an English person; can take full charge of lady's wardrobe; is a good packer and traveler; willing and obliging; best reference. F. H., Box 379 Times, Up Town.

LADY'S MAID.—By North German; thoroughly-experienced hairdresser, dressmaker, packer, and traveler; first-class city references. G. L., Box 351 Times, Up Town.

LADY'S MAID.—By a Parisian dressmaker and hairdresser; first-class seamstress; best of references. M. D., 162 West 32d St.

MAID.—By a French girl as maid to growing children; can be seen at present employer's. 5 East 44th St.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS.—By a young girl; excellent laundress; private family; best city reference from present employer. M. C., Box 381 Times, Up Town.

LAUNDRESS.—By a young woman as first-class laundress in private family; willing to assist with chamberwork; best reference. M. M., Box 319 Times, Up Town.

LAUNDRESS.—By a Protestant middle-aged woman; has good city reference. C. K., Box 278 Times, Up Town.

LAUNDRESS.—By a first-class laundress in private family; best city reference. R. C., Box 320 Times, Up Town.

LAUNDRESS.—By a competent woman as thorough laundress; personal reference. 316 East 60th St.

LAUNDRESS.—By a young woman as first-class laundress; willing to assist with chamberwork; city references. Magner, 351 East 52d St.

Nurses.

NURSE.—By a nurse; take entire charge of infant or growing children; six and a half years' highest city reference. 208 East 38th St., Barker's bell.

NURSE.—A lady wishes to find a place for her nurse, whom she can highly recommend. A. K., 9 East 33d St.

Waitresses.

WAITRESS, &c.—By first-class waitress in private family; assist in chamberwork if required; best of reference. R. S., Box 252 Times, Up Town.

WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—By young girl as waitress and chambermaid; in a small private family. 335 East 37th St.

WAITRESS.—By a first-class waitress; best city reference from present employer. N. G., Box 380 Times, Up Town.

WAITRESS.—By young girl as waitress; best reference. 606 Columbus Av., store.

Washing.

FAMILY WASHING.—By first-class laundress; fluting, polishing; 75 cents dozen; references. 241 West 30th St., basement.

WASHING.—By an excellent laundress to go out by the day, or would take family washing home; first-class city reference. 145 East 32d St., third floor.

WASHING.—By a first-class laundress to take in ladies' or gentlemen's washing or go out by the day or week. 226 7th Av.

Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG WOMAN, WITH BEST TESTIMONIALS of character, desires a responsible position where education, intelligence, and executive ability are necessary. P., Box 280 Times, Up Town.

USEFUL WOMAN.—By a young woman; any kind of light employment at home; reference. 268 West 39th St., Clark's bell.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Butlers.

BUTLER.—By competent young man; will be highly recommended by Mrs. Aspinwall, present employer; will be disengaged in few days; leaving on account of family not keeping house. Butler, care of Mrs. Aspinwall, Aspinwall House, Barrytown-on-the-Hudson.

BUTLER—COOK.—By an experienced man and wife; age, 37; both are thoroughly competent in their duties; have excellent references from first-class city families. J. J., Box 304 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER OR VALET.—By a single man; understands his work thoroughly; willing and obliging and strictly sober; good references; no objection to country. J. M., Box 304 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By a Swiss as first-class butler in private family; 34; thoroughly-competent man; highest city references. A. B., Box 279 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By a Frenchman; Protestant; age, 30; single-handed or where parlormaid is kept; in private family; first-class city reference from last employer. P. B., Box 374 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By a thoroughly-competent man; age, 37; good valet; has excellent reference from first-class city families. J. A. S., Box 350 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER AND VALET.—By young Frenchman; two years in his last place; good city reference. J. E. L., Box 323 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER—COOK.—By a French couple; hotel, clubs, or private family. A. C., Box 378 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By a young man as butler; at last place four and a half years as second man. 436 West 49th St. F. H.

BUTLER.—Where second man is kept; thoroughly understands his duties; tall; English. H. C., 645 6th Av.

BUTLER.—By a first-class French butler in a private family; city or country; references. A. P., 248 West 12th St.

OUR "SHORT-AD" CORNER.

Tiredoutt—Hello, Talkemoutt; haven't seen you lately.

Talkemoutt—No; I've been making a tour of Europe, and I just tell you, old boy, I never saw such won—

Tiredoutt—By the way, there goes Chatterton. Rush over and tell him all about it. He's just got back from the World's Fair.—New-York Weekly.

Dyspeptic Guest (in Stony Island Avenue restaurant)—Do you live on these victuals yourselves?

Proprietor—We do, Sir.

"I should think it would be mighty bad for your health."

"My friend, we are not in this business for our health."—Chicago Tribune.

Jess—I feel awful sorry for the Tenaweeks; it is hard to be overtaken by misfortune so soon after being married.

Bess—What has happened to them?

Jess—While they were off on their honeymoon her father leased his house and took a pocket flat.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—By a single Protestant young man, (Swede;) thoroughly understands his business; careful driver; sober; willing and obliging; will give good satisfaction; a trial solicited; city or country; excellent reference from last employer. M. D., Box 324 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A gentleman disposing of his horses wishes to secure a position for his coachman; single man; English; can recommend him highly as a first-class groom, careful driver, honest, and temperate; city or country. J. H. H., Glenville, Conn.

COACHMAN.—Single; a gentleman giving up his horses wishes to procure a situation for his coachman, whom he can thoroughly recommend in every respect; city or country. T. D., 204 West 58th St., stable.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—By single man; thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; eight years in his last place, first-class city family, who will certify. M. L., 5 Greenwich Av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—By a single man; thoroughly capable and efficient; ten years' best city reference from one family; careful, stylish driver; strictly temperate, civil, and obliging; city or country. J. B., 988 6th Av.

COACHMAN.—By a young Englishman; just disengaged on account of gentleman giving up horses and going South; stylish city and country driver; eight years' best reference from last employer. H. G. R., 168 Amsterdam Av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—Single; understands the care of fine horses, carriages, and harness; recommended by leading city families; willing and obliging; city or country. B. G., 147 East 40th St.

COACHMAN.—By a young man; thoroughly responsible in taking care of a stable and horses; will be found willing; last employer can be seen; best references. M. F., Box 329 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—Single; first-class man; thoroughly understands his business; country preferred; best city and country references. P. K., 158 East 42d St.

COACHMAN.—From Paris; first-class driver and rider; well up in stable work; or as traveling servant to lady or gentleman. A. D., 311 West 25th St.

COACHMAN.—Married; thoroughly competent; willing and obliging; not afraid of work; three years' excellent city reference from last place. T. Kirby, 1,875 3d Av.

COACHMAN.—By first-class English, single, middle-aged, medium-sized man that knows his business thoroughly; town or country; highest city references. W. Gilman, 347 East 34th St.

COACHMAN.—Thoroughly understands first-class work; attends furnace; otherwise useful; attentive to his duties; obliging; strictly temperate; best city reference. Kress, 752 6th Av.

COACHMAN.—By a young Swede; careful driver; leaving on account of employer giving up horses; best references; late employer can be seen. Private Stable, 85 Irving Place.

COACHMAN.—By a young man; single; thoroughly understands his business; personal city reference from last and former employers. P. Donovan, 135 West 51st St.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—By a reliable married German; fully competent to take care of gentleman's place; first-class city reference. Reliable, Box 276 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN.—By competent single man; Protestant; 34; medium size; experienced in care of horses; city or country; excellent references. F. H., Box 398 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN.—Gentleman turning out his horses wishes to find a place for his coachman; can highly recommend him. J. W., 57 Irving Place.

COACHMAN.—By married man; three years' city reference; present employer can be seen; city or country; steady. M. M., 143 West 51st St.

COACHMAN.—Employer wants situation for his coachman; very desirable, capable man. G. R. S., 59 Cedar St.

COACHMAN.—Best city references. 28 East 49th St.

Furnacemen.

CARE OF FURNACE.—By an experienced colored man; between 63d and 50th Sts., 5th Av. and Broadway; references furnished. Joseph Tupe, 205 West 61st St.

Gardeners.

GARDENER.—By single Scotchman; 28; 12 years' experience; experienced grower of orchids, plants, flowers, fruit, and vegetables; capable of managing a large private establishment. Address for particulars and reference, G., care seed store, 15 John St.

GARDENER.—By Swedish gardener to take care of furnace and conservatories in private house; best of reference. J. H., Box 361 Times, Up Town.

Grooms.

GROOM.—By young man, age 20, as groom or second man in stable; good references from former and last employers. P. J. H., Box 274 Times, Up Town.

GROOM.—By young man who thoroughly understands his business; first-class city references. J. W., Box 274 Times, Up Town.

Second Men.

SECOND MAN OR GROOM.—By Scotchman; lately landed; thoroughly understands his work in all branches; strictly sober; weight, 140 pounds; height, 5 feet 7 1-2 inches; fair; reference. T. H., 4 West 44th St., private stable.

SECOND MAN.—By a young man who thoroughly understands his business in all branches; best city references. J. A., Box 344 Times, Up Town.

SECOND MAN.—By a Scotchman, 23, as second man; good city reference. A. W., 258 West 36th St.

SECOND MAN.—By Swede where butler is kept; 24; sober and willing; best references. Oscar Osteiberg, 345 West 43d St.

SECOND MAN.—In American family; tall, strong, and willing; city references. A. M., Box 384 Times, Up Town.

Useful Men.

USEFUL MAN.—By a young man; 17; intelligent, active, and willing; work of any kind; speaks French only. A. B., Box 388 Times, Up Town.

USEFUL MAN.—By a young man as useful man in private house; good reference. 224 West 32d St., second floor.

Valets.

VALET OR ATTENDANT TO INVALID.—By a young man, (23;) can furnish first-class reference; no objection to travel. P. A. R., Box 277 Times, Up Town.

VALET OR TRAVELING SERVANT.—By a young Englishman; experienced traveler; knows Europe well; speaks French; references unexcelled. Travel, 1,242 Broadway.

VALET OR ATTENDANT TO AN INVALID Gentleman.—By a young colored man. 115 West 32d St.

Waiters.

WAITER.—By a Dane; age, 27; just disengaged; in private family; good waiter; understands brass, windows, and silver; first-class reference; wages low. Edlert, 556 2d Av.

Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG MAN (28) DESIRES POSITION where honesty will be appreciated; applicant speaks English and German and understands some French; can furnish best of references and security. Trustworthy, Box 202 Times.

CASHIER, &c.—By young man as cashier or to do office work; has best city reference. 64 East 53d St.

MASSAGE OPERATOR OR GENTLEMAN'S Valet.—Excellent references. Richard Myers, 172 Waverley Place.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT TO INVALID GENtleman.—By trustworthy, intelligent man of many years' traveling experience, speaking English, German, French, and Italian; skillful masseur, having physicians' and best private references. M. Maurice, Everett House, Union Square.

$25 CASH TO PARTY SECURING ME STEADY position. K., 289 Times, Up Town.

Help Wanted—Females.

WANTED.—A competent cook; must understand soups, entrees, desserts, and be willing to do the coarse ironing; family of two; wages, $20; best references as to sobriety required. Apply, between 9 and 11 A. M., and at 6 P. M., at 122 East 17th St.

WANTED—Neat young girl as laundress in private family; must understand shirts, flannels, and be willing to assist with chamberwork; American, Scotch, or Scandinavian preferred. T. M., Box 275 Times, Up Town.

WANTED—First-class laundress; private family. Call, after 12, 37 St. Mark's Place.

Help Wanted—Males.

WANTED—Reliable, active salesmen for city; superior goods; quick seller. Walter Hemsley, 105 and 107 Hudson St., Room 52.

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Wells B. Sizer, 189 State Street.	Leland Hotel.
Palmer House.	Virginia Hotel.
The Post Office Depot, 91 Adams Street.	Tremont House.
Charles McDonald, 55 Washington Street.	Imperial Hotel.
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Grand Pacific Hotel.	Brentano's, 204 and 206 Wabash Avenue.
Union News Company's stands on Elevated Railroad and at Fair Grounds.	Columbian News and Novelty Company, Fair Grounds—Casino, Public Comfort Buildings, and Terminal Station.

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AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

AMERICAN THEATRE, 42d, 41st St-8th Av—8:00—Prodigal Daughter. Matinee.
BIJOU, Broadway-30th St—8:15—Vaudeville. Matinee.
BROADWAY, Broadway-41st St—8:00—Erminie. Matinee.
DALY'S, Broadway-30th St—8:15—Peaceful Valley. Matinee.
DORE GALLERY, 53d St—10 A. M. to 6 P. M.—Paintings.
EDEN MUSEE, 23d St-6th Av—2:30 and 8:00—Vaudeville—Waxworks.
EMPIRE, Broadway-40th St—8:15—Liberty Hall. Matinee.
FIFTH AVENUE, Broadway-28th St—8:15—In Mizzoura. Matinee.
FOURTEENTH STREET, 14th St-6th Av—8:00—The Corncracker. Matinee.
GARDEN, Madison Av-27th St—8:15—Cavalleria—I Pagliacci. Matinee—Rigoletto.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23d St-8th Av—8:00—Midnight Alarm. Matinee.
HARRIGAN'S, 35th St-6th Av—8:00—The Woollen Stocking. Matinee.
HERRMANN'S, Broadway-29th St—8:30—Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde. Matinee—Prince Karl.
IRVING PLACE, 15th St-Irving Place—8:15—The Grasswidow—Der Sechste Sinn. Matinee.
KOSTER & BIAL'S, 34th St-Broadway—8:15—Vaudeville. Matinee.
LYCEUM, 4th Av-23d St—8:15—Sheridan; or, The Maid of Bath. Matinee.
MADISON SQUARE, 24th St-Broadway—8:30—A Temperance Town. Matinee.
MANHATTAN FIELD, 155th St-8th Av—3:00—Football—Princeton vs. Cornell.
MUSIC HALL, 57th St-7th Av—10:00 to 6:00—Painting—The Living Christ.
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN, 23d St-4th Av—Day and evening—Paintings.
NIBLO'S, Broadway-Prince St—8:15—A Trip to Mars. Matinee.
PALMER'S, Broadway-30th St—8:15—1492. Matinee.
STANDARD, Broadway-32d St—8:30—Charley's Aunt. Matinee.
STAR, Broadway-13th St—8:00—The Second Mrs. Tanqueray. Matinee.
THE CRYSTAL MAZE, Broadway-38th St—1 P. M. until midnight.

TEN PAGES.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1893.

The Weather Bureau report indicates for to-day, in this city, showers, fresh southeast winds, becoming variable.

No justifying reason for the nomination of Controller MYERS in opposition to Mr. FITCH was presented at the Cooper Union mass meeting last night. He was nominated, however, and a considerable number of well-known and public-spirited citizens, together with some who are less sincere and unselfish, joined in the movement. Mr. MYERS, we imagine, will have the wisdom to decline to make a canvass sure to result in humiliating defeat for himself, and in no visible advancement of the cause of good government. Such ill-advised uprisings as this Cooper Union meeting serve only to render citizens' movements ridiculous and to make serious men very wary of engaging in the work of organizing reforms. It is political imbecility to set up an independent candidate in opposition to so sound a man as ASHBEL P. FITCH while leaving JOHN R. FELLOWS a clear pathway to the District Attorneyship.

The reply to the Senate resolution inquiring about the attitude of China with regard to an extension of time for the registration of Chinese laborers in this country may be taken as indicating at least a disposition on the part of the Chinese Government to acquiesce in the Geary law if another opportunity to register is afforded. As far as Secretary GRESHAM could go in the way of assurance on this point was to report that the Chinese Minister had expressed the opinion in conference with the Secretary of State that under all the circumstances of the situation it would be unjust to deny such an opportunity, and asserted that granting it would afford his Government "great satisfaction." Considering that the Chinese Government has never encouraged the emigration of its subjects or been favorable to it, and has been willing to concur in all reasonable restrictions of their immigration into this country, even to the exclusion of any more of the laborer class, it is safe to infer from this communication that there will be no objection made to the registration of residents if another chance is given, or to the exclusion of those not found registered. China does object, naturally and justly, to having those who are lawfully here driven out or deported because, under legal advice on which they relied, they did not register before May 5.

It may be that ROGAN, one of the Park keepers who were asphyxiated by gas in the Park on Wednesday night, has been telling nothing but the truth about how the accident happened. In that case his story ought, in justice to himself, to be thoroughly investigated, for on the face of it it invites disbelief. Asphyxiation by gas is not commonly believed to be so sudden a performance as he makes it out. It may be questioned whether there is another case on record in which a man wide awake and in the full possession of his faculties has been so suddenly overcome by gas as to be unable to get out of a room of which the window was open before losing consciousness. Accidents of this kind happen because the victims are unconscious, and very clear evidence will be required to convince anybody who is not very anxious to be convinced that this accident is an exception to the rule.

GEORGE C. COFFIN, the Democratic candidate for the Assembly in the Twenty-third District, is a man of brains, energy, and character. The district ought by all means to elect him. It would be fortunate in having at Albany a representative so well acquainted with its citizens and its interests, and one, moreover, whose abilities equip him to bear a useful and constructive part in the general work of the Assembly.

The *Lucania's* passage from here to Queenstown is doubtless the most creditable performance that has yet been made in the way of transatlantic record breaking. It is a breaking on the eastward passage of the westward record, which has always heretofore been the lower of the two by some hours. It is probable that, with equally favorable conditions on a westward trip, the *Lucania* would have brought the time within five days and a half, which is at present the goal of the steamship builders. She is now but an hour and a half from that success. It is only four years since the *City of Paris* for the first time made the passage in less than six days. At the rate at which improvements have since gone, it would not be surprising if five days should come to be made within five years, and quite safe to predict that it will be made before the close of a century which has included the beginning of navigation by steam.

A VETO FOR THE MINORITY.

The men who are asking the President to promise to sign a compromise repeal bill must show him that his action will not sanction surrender of the right of the people to a representative government. That they cannot possibly show. The nature of the compromise is of no consequence, though, as a matter of fact, every one that has been proposed would be very injurious to the business of the country. It is the fact of compromise that controls the situation, which is this: The Senate is an integral, indispensable branch of the Congress. There can be no legislation without its action. In the Senate to-day there is a majority of members who, in accordance with the deliberate opinion of the country, wish to pass the unconditional repeal bill. They cannot do so, because under the rules as they stand a minority can prevent them from reaching a vote. The Senate is, therefore, as completely abolished for the time being as if it were driven from its chamber by bayonets. The effect and the purpose of the action of the minority are revolutionary. Now, for the majority to compromise on the bill which is before them is to surrender to revolution. For the President to assent to such a compromise would be for him to sanction revolution. No man and no body of men can have the right to ask him to do this. If the majority of the Senators are weak and cowardly enough to yield, the President's right and duty is to refuse to allow them to do so, to hold them to their post, to interpose his veto, which is the veto of the Nation, to a measure which in effect is fatal to the representative system and the right of the people to get their will of Congress.

The way is perfectly plain. It is by the present rules of the Senate that the outrageous and revolutionary conduct of the minority is made possible. The rules must therefore be changed. Yesterday, Senator VOORHEES, the Democratic leader of the Senate, offered an amendment of the rules which was practically the same as that already proposed by Senator HILL. It provides that whenever a bill or resolution is pending as unfinished business and has been debated for thirty days, it shall be in order for any Senator at any time to make a motion to fix the time for taking the vote. This motion is not to be amendable or debatable and is to be put immediately; and if agreed to by a majority of all the members of the Senate, the vote on the bill or resolution is to be had at the time fixed in the motion, without further debate or amendment, except by unanimous consent. No motion of any kind is to be entertained during the pendency of the motion to fix a time, or at the time fixed, until the bill or resolution is finally voted upon.

This is not only essentially right, but it is extremely moderate. It preserves to the utmost extent the right of full and free debate. It gives thirty days in which every member of the Senate can speak, and then it provides only that the majority may fix a time for taking a vote. That is the very least that can be done for the defense of the rights of the people. It is absurd to the point of impudence to ask the President while such a resolution is pending in the Senate, and while the abandonment or rejection of such a resolution means the complete success of the revolutionary minority, to give his sanction to a compromise. It is not the repeal bill alone that is at issue, great and permanent as are the consequences involved in that. It is the power of Congress to pass any law opposed by a minority of the Senate. Mr. CLEVELAND has shown a full appreciation of his responsibility for the partial and possibly temporary check on legislation involved in the veto power of the President. He is not the man to consent to put in the hands of a minority in the Senate—a minority which may be, as is the present one, reckless, greedy, and deeply moved by purely selfish interests—an absolute veto, in comparison with which that of his own office is a mere shadow, and by the effect of which the whole machinery of the Government could at any moment be brought to a standstill. And he will not do it.

CONFESSION WITHOUT AVOIDANCE.

The McLaughlin machine in Brooklyn has done an excellent thing in "calling off" the "international" prize fight at Coney Island. We tender to the large number of clergymen of every denomination, who have taken such a firm and outspoken course in this matter, our hearty congratulations. They are particularly deserving of credit, because, while the evil they have joined THE TIMES in fighting is certainly one that every Christian must abhor, the traditions, the habits, and the training of clergymen are not such as to make it either easy or agreeable for them to attack public men. They risk the excitement of party feeling and unfortunate division in their congregations, which they may properly feel impair their usefulness in their purely spiritual work. But they have not hesitated in this instance. They have done a great service, and done it well. We now invite their attention and that of all decent citizens of Brooklyn to the real meaning of the action of the ring, to what it involves in the way of confession, and to what remains to be done, and can be done, by the same serious, courageous, honest, and practical work that has brought us so far.

In the first place, the Corbett-Mitchell fight is stopped for the benefit of Mayor BOODY'S candidacy. That is plain on the face of the known facts. There was a conference in the Mayor's office between the Mayor and Corporation Counsel JENKS and the Sheriff and District Attorney. At its close it was Mayor BOODY who volunteered to the reporters the information that the fight would not take place. Neither he nor the Corporation Counsel has any jurisdiction in the matter or any power or authority more than any private citizen has. The whole case was in the hands of the county authorities. The two who were called to the Mayor's office had theretofore defiantly refused to move in the matter, and were openly on the side of the fighters and the far more despicable creatures, Justices TIGHE and NEWTON, Chief of Police MCKANE and the like, who have been making money out of these brutal exhibitions. What has changed them? Why was the change brought about at a conference with Mr. BOODY? Why has Mr. BOODY himself, after a month of cowardly silence, found it best to act and to induce the county authorities to act? The answer is clear. It was plain that BOODY was doomed to defeat if this outrage was to stand. It was not as a citizen of Brooklyn, nor as a member of a Christian Church, nor as a Mayor, representing the greater part of the people of Kings County, that he acted thus. It was a candidate who saw this policy to be absolutely essential to avert impending disaster. And it was because the Mayoralty is the richest province of the Boss's domain, that he was permitted, or directed, to take this step. The Boss and he hope in this way to prevent the people of Brooklyn from throwing them from power.

But the people will not be thus deceived. The present action of the authorities proves a number of things, any of which shows that the ring should be overthrown. It proves that they know that the fight is contrary to law. The authorities knew that a month ago, for THE TIMES so showed, and they should have acted then. It proves that they know that like fights are equally unlawful, and yet there have been some seventeen of these since Jan. 1, not one of which have they tried to prevent and at some of which members of the ring have been present. The law condemns every man who engages in, instigates, aids, encourages, or does anything to further a prize fight; who makes any bet or wager, or holds or undertakes to hold money staked or wagered on a prize fight, or who makes, carries, or delivers a challenge for such a fight. If the county authorities, or the ring to which they belong, wish the people to believe, because they have called off this international fight, that they are in earnest in enforcing the law, they must immediately indict Police Justice TIGHE, Police Justice NEWTON, Chief of Police JOHN Y. MCKANE, and all others connected with the Coney Island Athletic Club and with the McLaughlin ring. Of course they will do nothing of the sort, and their present action will be but a proof that they care nothing for the law itself and only enforce it to save the Mayoralty and its profitable abuses to the ring. It remains, then, for the people to go forward in the path they have entered on, and by dislodging BOODY and MCLAUGHLIN from the City Government break the power of the men who thus confess their contempt of the law.

EXTRADITION WITH SPANISH-AMERICAN STATES.

There seems to be no doubt that the chief obstacle encountered in the negotiation by Minister BAKER to secure the surrender of WEEKS was a desire on the part of the Government of Costa Rica to make the adoption of an extradition treaty hereafter a condition of acquiescence in the demand. It may not have been regarded as consistent with the dignity of our Government to give any pledge or accept any such condition, because the Senate shares with the President the power and responsibility of making treaties with foreign States. But there is every reason why we should have a treaty of extradition with Costa Rica and with all other Spanish-American countries. Certainly, if any one of them desires it, there should be no objection on our part, for it would be more valuable to us than to the other party thereto, and we can see no impropriety in an assurance that the executive department of our Government would do its part toward securing the adoption of such a treaty.

Since the negotiation of the new treaty with Great Britain Canada has ceased to be an easy refuge for our criminals, but a considerable part of the American Continent is still open to them. If they have succeeded in getting away with any considerable amount of money belonging to others, they have been too apt to find a welcome in Central or South America, whence reports have sometimes come of their undeserved prosperity. Close inquiry has not been made into the source of their capital or the use to which their enterprising talents had been previously put. But the case of WEEKS seems to show that when the facts are fully made known the Spanish-American Governments have no disposition to harbor our escaping criminals or to shield them from the consequences of their crimes. They may even be willing in flagrant cases to surrender them without being bound to do so by any treaty agreement, and apparently they would be glad to enter into such agreements. Such, at least, seems to be the case with Costa Rica, and we recall no evidence of an unwillingness on the part of other countries in which our malefactors have taken refuge.

If these countries are willing to agree to surrender criminals from the United States on condition that we assume a reciprocal obligation, there is no reason why we should not hasten to accept their proffers or even take the initiative ourselves. There is certainly no desire here to afford a refuge for criminals from Central or South American countries. Political offenses may be somewhat common in those countries, but our extradition treaties guard carefully against including anything that can be construed as a political offense among the crimes for which surrender will be made. A treaty of extradition with Russia was ratified only a few months ago, notwithstanding the danger that a demand from the country might be made to cover offenses essentially political without appearing to do so, and without the means of ascertaining the details of any subsequent charges or proceedings. No similar danger would be incurred in the case of Spanish-American countries. Besides, in point of fact, our criminals fleeing from justice seldom if ever seek refuge in Russia, while they are almost certain to come to the surface in Central or South America. We should have extradition treaties with all those countries, if they are willing to enter into them, and the case of WEEKS has served the purpose of calling attention sharply to the need of them.

THE RAILROAD COLLISIONS.

A majority of the so-called accidents on our railroads in the last three or four months have not been caused by the failure of rolling stock, bridges, or roadbed to stand the strain put upon them, but to the terrible carelessness of employés in places of great responsibility. The collision in Michigan yesterday morning was caused by the reckless disobedience of plain orders on the part of the officers in charge of one of the trains. Apparently these officers readily took the risk of continuing beyond the point where they had been directed to stop, knowing that at any time they might meet another fast train on the same track. It will be noted that they were able to escape by jumping off just before the collision that killed twenty-six passengers. The collision in Illinois a few hours earlier, between a limited express and a train of coal cars, could not have taken place if those in charge of the freight train had exercised ordinary care and observed the fundamental rules of the service. These are the latest additions to an appalling list of blunders and instances of reckless disobedience which have caused great loss of life since the beginning of last Summer, and this latest collision, followed by a fire that left only the charred bodies of many victims who cannot be identified, is the worst of all.

It is true that in the last few months many railroad lines have been overtaxed by a sudden and exceptional growth of passenger traffic, which has found them poorly equipped, both as to the safeguards which are needed and the employés required for the work. It is probable, also, that on some roads employés who were trustworthy under old conditions have become untrustworthy and even reckless under the strain of overwork. But while the people generally may be interested in discussion of the underlying causes of such a series of dreadful events, they are more deeply interested in suggestions as to the action which can be taken to prevent such carelessness and disregard for the safety of passengers as have been shown this year.

Are the penalties which a company may suffer heavy enough? The loss of property in a collision is not an important loss for a great corporation. The conviction of a conductor or an engineer or a train dispatcher on a charge of manslaughter can exercise very little restraining influence upon the company that employed him. But if it were possible to collect through the courts large sums in damages for the lives that are lost, the companies would be much more careful both in the supervision of their employés and in the establishment of block signals and other safeguards. For the twenty-six lives sacrificed in Michigan yesterday the relatives of the victims can recover from the company at most $130,000, or $5,000 for each life. If this limit, which is imposed by the laws in most of the States, were removed, such terrible slaughter as this would be so expensive to a company that the establishment of approved safeguards would not be neglected, and every possible effort to insure the efficiency of train officers and the preservation of passengers' lives would be made. Under present conditions a railroad company commonly suffers a much smaller loss in money when a passenger is killed than when one is crippled.

INTERNATIONAL YACHTING.

Lord DUNRAVEN'S announcement that he expects to race the *Valkyrie* again in American waters next Spring has already given an impetus to American yachting. He does not yet admit the superiority of the *Vigilant* all round, although it has been pretty clearly proved to American yachtsmen that she is better than the *Valkyrie* on at least five days out of six of the American yachting season. But the owners of the *Colonia* and the *Jubilee* are also, it is reported, anxious to try conclusions with the *Valkyrie*, while they are not altogether satisfied that their respective boats have had a fair chance with the *Vigilant*. So that these boats will doubtless be put into commission again in the Spring, and by that time the *Navahoe* will be back in American waters, and her spirited owner will doubtless like to join the regatta.

There is thus an unprecedented opportunity afforded for an exciting yachting season in advance of the regular season, and it would be possible to make the occasion altogether unique in the history of yachting. The New-York Yacht Club is in a position to make it so. The race should be for a trophy that would attract every owner of a fast yacht in the world. There are several owners of British yachts who would demur to the proposition that the *Valkyrie* is the fastest of British yachts. The Prince of WALES doubtless believes the *Britannia* to be quite as good as the *Valkyrie*, the Emperor of Germany does not appear to accept the conclusion that the *Thistle* is superseded, and the owner and designer of the other big cutters, the *Iverna*, *Satanita*, and *Calluna*, would doubtless like to try them in an international regatta. Some of them at least could be attracted by the prospect of a prize that would be valuable enough worthily to represent the importance of such a contest. An offer of handsome second and third prizes, which might take the form of money, would probably insure a fairly complete representation of British yachting.

Moreover, there is other yachting in the world besides British and American. There are fast French yachts, fast Italian yachts, and it is said that there are even fast Russian yachts. It might be possible to attract some of these. Certainly there are fast steam yachts owned, if not built, on the Continent, and if the programme of the international regatta were made to include races between steam yachts, it would become not only an international, but a cosmopolitan, contest. There need be no trouble about the cost of the prizes. That would very readily be defrayed by popular subscription, which would appeal with especial force to those who would have a pecuniary interest in the result of the regatta, such as the owners of the steamship lines. At all events, if the New-York Yacht Club should undertake to arrange an international regatta, it could scarcely fail to bring about a most interesting and memorable series of contests.

MR. ALEN CONFIRMED.

A Strong Effort Was Made to Defeat Him—Collector Kilbreth Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The nomination of J. J. Van Alen to be Ambassador to Italy has been confirmed by the Senate.

For nearly four hours his appointment was the subject of sharp debate, but there was not a time during the session when it looked as if he would be rejected.

His nomination was taken up as soon as the doors were closed on motion of Mr. Gray of the Committee on Foreign Relations. It led to a long debate, which did not at any time become acrimonious. Mr. Teller of Colorado led the opposition to Mr. Van Alen's confirmation. All the old stories relating to the nominee's alleged unfitness were rehearsed, and many newspaper articles bearing upon the subject were read.

It became apparent to every one in the chamber that the opposition was based on hearsay rather than upon any facts derogatory to the character of Mr. Van Alen.

Mr. Gorman defended the appointment in a strong speech. Mr. Hill, although opposed to confirmation, contented himself with voting in the negative. Mr. Murphy stood by the appointment. This is the result of the roll call:

YEAS.—Aldrich, (Rep., Conn.,) Bate, (Dem., Tenn.,) Berry, (Dem., Ark.,) Blackburn, (Dem., Ky.,) Brice, (Dem., Ohio,) Butler, (Dem., S. C.,) Caffery, (Dem., La.,) Camden, (Dem., West Va.,) Cameron, (Rep., Penn.,) Coke, (Dem., Texas,) Davis, (Rep., Minn.,) Dixon, (Rep., R. I.,) Faulkner, (Dem., West Va.,) Frye, (Rep., Me.,) Gibson, (Dem., Md.,) Gorman, (Dem., Md.,) Gray, (Dem., Del.,) Higgins, (Rep., Del.,) Jones, (Dem., Ark.,) Jones, (Rep., Nev.,) Lindsay, (Dem., Ky.,) McMillan, (Rep., Mich.,) McPherson, (Dem., N. J.,) Mills, (Dem., Texas,) Morgan, (Dem., Ala.,) Murphy, (Dem., N. Y.,) Palmer, (Dem., Ill.,) Pasco, (Dem., Fla.,) Quay, (Rep., Penn.,) Ransom, (Dem., N. C.,) Roach, (Dem., N. D.,) Smith, (Dem., N. J.,) Stewart, (Rep., Nev.,) Turpie, (Dem., Ind.,) Vest, (Dem., Mo.,) Voorhees, (Dem., Ind.,) Walthall, (Dem., Miss.,) White, (Dem., La.,) Walcott, (Rep., Col.)—39.

NAYS.—Allen, (Pop., Neb.,) Carey, (Rep., Wyo.,) Cullom, (Rep., Ill.,) Dolph, (Rep., Oregon,) Dubois, (Rep., Idaho,) Gallinger, (Rep., N. H.,) George, (Dem., Miss.,) Hansbrough, (Rep., N. D.,) Hawley, (Rep., Conn.,) Hill, (Dem., N. Y.,) Irby, (Dem., S. C.,) Kyle, (Pop., S. D.,) Lodge, (Rep., Mass.,) Manderson, (Rep., Neb.,) Martin, (Dem., Kan.,) Peffer, (Pop., Kan.,) Pettigrew, (Rep., S. C.,) Sherman, (Rep., Ohio,) Stockbridge, (Rep., Mich.,) Teller, (Rep., Col.,) Vance, (Dem., N. C.,) Washburn, (Rep., Minn.)—22.

The pairs were: Cockrell (Dem., Mo.,) with Allison, (Rep., Iowa,) Call (Dem., Fla.,) with Proctor, (Rep., Vt.,) Gordon (Dem., Ga.,) with Hale, (Rep., Me.,) Harris (Dem., Tenn.,) with Morrill, (Rep., Vt.,) Hunton (Dem., Va.,) with Platt, (Rep., Conn.,) Pugh (Dem., Ala.,) with Hoar, (Rep., Mass.,) White (Dem., Cal.,) with Shoup, (Rep., Idaho,) Vilas (Dem., Mo.,) with Mitchell, (Rep., Oregon.)

The nomination of Collector Kilbreth of New-York and of Assistant Appraisers Jacob Schoenhof, William McKinney, and J. R. Fay of the New-York Custom House then received favorable action. There was no opposition.

The nomination of Appraiser Walter Bunn of New-York and George S. Weed to be Collector of the Port of Plattsburg were not reached.

Collector Kilbreth heard of his confirmation from Washington early in the afternoon, and afterward received many messages and calls of congratulation. The confirmation clears the way for acceptance of the resignations placed in his hands by the Deputy Collectors when he took charge.

Of Interest to Army Officers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—R. B. Bowler, First Controller of the Treasury, to-day rendered an opinion disallowing the accounts of Lieut. Col. J. W. Barlow, disbursing officer of the International Boundary Commission between the United States and Mexico, covering the period that has elapsed since Sept. 1, 1892, and the present time, in round figures about $10,000. "In my opinion," says the Controller, "the members of the Boundary Commission do not hold two distinct and compatible offices at the same time. All the members were detailed by order of the President to perform the service which the treaty required. As officers of the army Lieut. Col. Barlow and Lieut. Gaillard were simply obeying military orders under the direction of the President. An army officer renders such service as is required of him, and when acting under orders is simply fulfilling the duties of his office."

The New Danish Minister.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The Blue Room of the White House at 3 o'clock this afternoon was the scene of the formal presentation of Count Reventlow, the new Danish Minister to the United States. Secretary Gresham made the introductions, and after Count Reventlow had handed the President his credentials the usual complimentary speeches were exchanged.

THEY UPHOLD THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. Cleveland Assured of the Approval of New-York's Financial Interests.

Reports from Washington that conferences were in progress among Senators looking to some compromise measure in place of unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the silver law checked the upward tendency of prices in all the down-town markets yesterday. No fear was felt that the President would yield, but as a result of talk among bankers, it was thought well to assure him that his unflinching course would be upheld to the last by financial interests. To that end, telegrams were sent to him by J. Edward Simmons, President of the Fourth National Bank, for banking men, and by Charles S. Smith, President of the Chamber of Commerce, for the mercantile community. The telegram from Mr. Simmons was as follows:

> The obstructing Senators have placed themselves in a position where unconditional repeal must be insisted upon in order that the supremacy of the majority may be established and confidence in business circles may be fully restored. The merchants and bankers of the country are in sympathy with you, and I hope that you will stand firm and not yield to an insolent and revolutionary minority.

Mr. Smith sent this dispatch:

> I have read with care J. Edward Simmons's telegram to you of this date, and I desire to confirm the same.
>
> Judging from the best information I can get through the channels of correspondence of the Chamber of Commerce, the commercial and industrial interests of the country, with the exception of the silver States, are with you for unconditional repeal. The Senate seems to be without a courageous leader. It is time for a man to act. The people will sustain you.

Speaking of his attitude as a Democrat as well as a banker, Mr. Simmons said:

> My sympathies have always been, as is well known, with the Democratic Party, but, irrespective of so-called Senatorial courtesy, I have believed in the supremacy of the majority in all deliberative assemblies as true Democratic doctrine and the solid basis upon which our Government has stood since its formation. The attitude of the Senate, which has hitherto commanded the confidence and respect of the whole people, is humiliating and distressing, and it seems to me that the obstructing Senators, in preventing a vote upon repeal, have damaged the business interests of this country to the extent of untold millions, and have presented a spectacle to the world that so reflects upon the dignity and efficiency of the upper house as to seriously shake the confidence of the people in its usefulness.
>
> The position taken by the senior Senator from New-York in his effort to stop filibustering and obstructive tactics and reach a vote upon a question which has been debated for nearly three months, is as greatly to be commended as the incendiary threats of Senator Harris, from Tennessee are to be condemned. The question of repeal has been overshadowed by the question of the majority rule, and I cannot see how any compromise can be reached that will be a proper and dignified solution of the problem that now confronts us, and will re-establish confidence in business circles. I cannot but believe that President Cleveland will be firm in his apparent determination not to yield to compromise in any shape.

LET THE MAJORITY RULE.

The powers which inhere in the post of presiding officer of any parliamentary body are sufficient to enable him to remove any obstructions to the performance of the functions delegated to that body. When the powers are not expressed they are implied. They are so essential that reason revolts against their denial. If Mr. Stevenson neglects or refuses to exercise these powers, he will fall short of expectation and opportunity, and be the means of prolonging a condition of things which is seriously impeding a return to prosperity. As the Gordian knot can not be untied, the Alexander who will cut it will deserve and receive the plaudits of his countrymen.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat, (Rep.)

If the outcome of the present contest should be a shameful compromise, there is but one thing for the people to do, and that is to devote themselves from this time henceforth to the abolition of the United States Senate. Its usefulness has long been seriously questioned, but it has not been regarded heretofore as actively hostile to the spirit of our institutions. The adoption of a compromise as a concession to a beggarly minority will settle its position in that regard and show that it is dangerous instead of useless. And when that is shown the Senate must go.—Detroit Free Press, (Dem.)

The majority lets itself be controlled by an obstreperous and obstructive minority. The country demands action. The majority of the Senate says, "We can do nothing; we are helpless. The minority is acting strictly within the rules." Who made the rules? thunders back the indignant people. "Oh, we did. They have worked pretty well heretofore. We cannot change them." Why? The whole country is asking why. And to that question not one sensible or satisfactory or patriotic answer has been given. The majority of the Senate can act if it will. There is the end of the matter.—Indianapolis News, (Ind.)

A new issue has been introduced—the capacity of an American Congress to act in an emergency. The Senate is lower in the opinion of the Nation than is good for either Senate or Nation. Hard knocks given and taken for Democracy—some of them for these Western and Southern Senators to whom we are giving advice in the spirit of real friendship—confer upon the Republic the privilege of plain speech. For the sake of the business of your people, for the sake of party success, for the sake of the dignity of American Government, gentlemen, put an end to this fruitless delay.—St. Louis Republic, (Dem.)

Of course the Southern Senators vote conscientiously. But they will realize the inexcusable mistake they have made when their opponents in the Republican Party shall, as they will on the first opportunity, hold them responsible for the failure to repeal the Sherman law, and charge upon that failure all the pecuniary troubles of all sorts, and all the hard times which must continue to be felt until the law is buried forever.—Richmond Dispatch, (Dem.)

The American people, of all parties and creeds, are eminently practical. They believe in positive action. They will rather support a party that goes wrong than one that doesn't go at all. They will not tolerate mere inertia as a political force. If the Democrats would retain the prestige their splendid victories of 1890-2 brought them, they must get together and to business.—Chattanooga Times, (Dem.)

Men may discuss the wisdom of repealing the Sherman law, but there can be no controversy over the danger that menaces the country in the adoption of the principle that minority rule is absolute in the Senate of the United States. If voting is impossible in the Senate except by unanimous consent, then there is an end of popular government.—Memphis Appeal Avalanche, (Dem.)

There is no sane Democrat whose opinion is worth taking who does not know that if this question is to be thrust on the country in 1896—and it will be if it is not decided now—one of two things will happen—the Democratic Party will be hopelessly split, and thus beaten, or hopelessly beaten without being divided.—Columbus (Ohio) State Journal, (Rep.)

Unconditional repeal will possibly be defeated in the Senate, only for the reason that the question cannot be brought to a vote by a majority. It begins to look like the Senate is a sort of a close corporation, and is not a legislative body at all, in and by which the rights of the people are to be respected.—Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser, (Dem.)

All that Voorhees has to do is to proceed to make motions tending toward final action, and all that Vice President Stevenson has to do is to recognize those motions and refuse to recognize any other. It might shake the traditions of the Senate a little, but the need shaking. Now is Adlai Stevenson's opportunity.—Hartford Post, (Rep.)

There is one simple but efficient way out of the silver struggle in the Senate, and that is by the Vice President exercising his power to refuse to recognize Senators when they rise to make dilatory motions or to indulge in interminable blatherskite, mining-camp oratory.—Minneapolis Times, (Dem.)

It is hard to understand the reasons why the Democratic majority persists in retaining the fetters which bind it.—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph, (Rep.)

Unless majorities can rule, rules or no rules, in this country, our form of government is a failure.—Dallas (Texas) News, (Dem.)

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

—Major Isaac B. Brown, Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania, frankly admits that it was he who removed the Confederate flag from the locomotive "General," on exhibition in the Transportation Building at the Chicago Fair. He belongs to the Grand Army post at Corry, Penn., which was named for J. J. Andrews, the leader of the band of twenty-one Union soldiers who went through the Confederate lines in 1862 and captured the locomotive, and made a perilous trip through portions of Georgia, Tennessee, and Alabama to destroy bridges, for which Andrews and seven of his companions were hanged. Major Brown said he thought the country could get along without the exhibition of any such relics as this Confederate flag in Illinois.

—The Street Railway Journal, commenting upon the retirement of Mr. Henry M. Whitney as President of the West End Street Railway Company of Boston, says that his executive ability was especially shown in consolidating and unifying into one corporation the many street railway companies in Boston. It commends him highly for his successful efforts in attracting to the suburbs the city's workers, and securing for them speedy transportation to their homes for a single fare, and says that much more would undoubtedly have been accomplished by him in the way of rapid transit had his offers and suggestions been met in the same spirit as that in which they were tendered.

—An elderly gentleman of wide travel and close observation remarked yesterday, after reading the story in The New-York Times of a cruel murder, that he had long been of the opinion that the greatest calamity that has befallen the human race in modern times was the invention of the revolver. It is too easily carried, and too handy.

—Mr. Charles Francis Adams has been chosen President of the Quincy Historical Society, organized by citizens of the towns of Quincy, Braintree, Randolph, and Holbrook, Mass. The new society is composed of ladies as well as gentlemen, and has already a membership of fifty-eight. Its Secretary is Mary T. Slade.

—The funeral services of Mrs. Lucy Stone will be held this afternoon at the Church of the Disciples, Warren Avenue, Boston. Brief memorial addresses will be made by Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, William Lloyd Garrison, and others.

—Senator Frederick W. Holden of Ansonia had the honor of being Governor of the State of Connecticut on Thursday and part of Friday. He is President pro tem. of the State Senate, and Gov. Morris and Lieut. Gov. Cady were both absent from the State.

—Dr. William Draper Lewis has been elected Lecturer on Legal Institutions in the Wharton School of Finance and Economy of the University of Pennsylvania. He is now instructor of political economy in Haverford College, Pennsylvania.

SMALL TALK.

—A society has been formed in Baltimore the avowed object of which is to assist in perpetuating the memory of Christopher Columbus. As an effective means toward this commendable end, it will meet annually on the 12th of October and eat a big dinner, and, that there may be no danger of a scarcity of viands, the number of members is limited to fifty.

—A lady applying for a guide book in a Washington store, for the use of visiting friends, refused to take one with a rainbow-hued binding, saying, in all seriousness apparently, that it would be used sometimes by a lady, and it might not match her costume.

—A correspondent of The Baltimore Sun asserts that "there is no such thing in all this world as sewer gas," and, further, that "there is no evidence whatever in fact and no ground for believing in the theory that the emanations from a sewer are in any wise unwholesome."

—A child born a few days ago in Missouri is of the fifth generation of living members of her family, and all of its elders are of the female branch—grandmother, great-grandmother, and great-great-grandmother.

—The statutes of Missouri declare a man is a vagrant however thriving may be the business he is engaged in, if he refuses or neglects to supply his family with the necessities of life.

—According to The Philadelphia Times, men of small stature predominate in the Quaker City.

NUGGETS.

—"This game of golf that is coming in now appears to be fine sport."

"Is it? Well, I fail to see it."

"Do you understand the game?"

"Certainly. You take a ball as big as a crab apple. You strike it with a long club-footed stick called a driver, and then spend two hours looking for it with the aid of a small Irish boy that they call a Caddy. What the fun of that is I can't see."—Harper's Bazar.

—If the lady who brings suit for damages against her partner in a waltz, to whose clumsiness she attributes a broken leg, wins her case, dancing orders hereafter will have to be furnished with a blank form, to be signed by the lady, holding her partner harmless in case of accident.—Boston Transcript.

—"Mrs. Bordem," said the up-stairs young man severely, to his landlady, "this coffee is too weak."

It was then that, amid a general excited nudging and signaling, the other boarders passed the whisper, "He's paid up!"—Chicago Record.

—"What is your son going to do, now that he has left college, Mrs. Spriggins?"

"I don't know exactly. He's talkin' of goin' into law, but I've heern tell as how there's lots of money in bankruptcy, and I'd like to have him try that."—Judge.

—Among the set pieces in the display of fireworks Saturday it seems there is to be one that will read: "Chicago to New-York: She can't be beat!" Who can't be beat?—Chicago Tribune.

—Confidence in our banking institutions has not been lost, though it has in some instances been sadly misplaced.—Puck

Why Was Mr. Depew Left Off?

From The Utica Observer, Oct. 19.

We are moved to inquire why it is that the name and qualifications of Chauncey M. Depew have been ignored by every Republican Convention that has nominated delegates to the Constitutional Convention. Why has the Republican Party kept the greatest Republican out of the convention, which should be composed of the best men in both parties? Why is it that the Republicans choose pigmies when giants are available?

The absence of Mr. Depew from this convention will be more than a Republican Party loss. Mr. Depew's wide range of knowledge, his complete grasp of facts, his clear thinking and reasoning, would be of great value in this gathering of the best minds of the State. The Democrats have nominated their best men. The Republicans nominated drop away below the high standard that the people have a right to expect. The weakness of the Republican candidates seems to be most conspicuous in the districts with the largest Republican majorities. Is it not a source of shame to the Republican Party that the name of Chauncey M. Depew was not among the list of Constitutional Convention delegates nominated in some Republican district? He would be worth more in the convention than the whole lot of Republican nominees in a dozen districts we could name.

AT THE HOTELS.

—George Bleistein of The Buffalo Courier is at the Hoffman.

—Curtis Guild of Boston is at the Fifth Avenue.

—President E. B. Andrews of Brown University is at the Murray Hill.

—Col. Daniel S. Lamont, Secretary of War, and Mrs. Lamont, are at the Victoria.

—Senator John W. Daniel, Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, and J. Taylor Ellyson of Virginia are at the Marlborough.

WILL HAVE NO COMPROMISE

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND ASKS UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER.

The Compromise Men Sought Secretary Carlisle with Their Various Propositions—He Talked with the President, and Told Them the Executive Wanted No Makeshifts—It Was a Day of Preparation, and Action of Some Sort Is Expected To-day.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—At midnight the would-be compromisers have been unable to reach an agreement as to the date upon which they will consent to make the repeal bill operative. The silver men, out of the Democratic Party, are broken in spirit, and are expecting to be invited to see a prompt execution of the will of the majority.

The infusion of a little force and directness into the conduct of the repeal leaders just now would bring the long contest to an end in a few days. As it is, everything is in about the condition it was yesterday.

Influences antagonistic to the passage of the Repeal bill probably had more or less to do to-day with the interruption of the progress toward a vote.

If the more vigorous and earnest champions of repeal could have had their way they would have managed to renew the discussion of yesterday, as it has been found more wholesome to talk about a change of the rules than to consider financial questions as treated in the books and in newspapers. But Mr. Voorhees was prevailed upon, perhaps against his inclination as well as his judgment, to move for an executive session, in order "to clear the calendar."

As a matter of fact, there was no pressing necessity for going into the executive calendar to-day. Every nomination to be considered could easily have been postponed a week or more. The repeal men knew that the men who are now seeking to make conditions upon which they will accept repeal were apprehensive. They did not like the menace that had been made by Senator Hill to ask for a change of the rules, and they were aware that there was a majority ready to pass it if it was called up.

It would not be proper to say that the Southern Senators were scared by the proposition to batter down an old tradition. Nor would it be true to say that they were shocked, for their affectations of surprise are like their protestations of respect, to impress the unsophisticated. They were annoyed because a block had been moved from the wheels, and they could not be sure that the majority would not assert its rights at any time.

The executive session plan was agreeable to Mr. Gorman, who deprecated the renewal of angry discussion, although he must have known that "angry discussion" has helped the cause of repeal in two days more than his six weeks of double duty as a repealer and a compromise suggester. Some of the silver men fancy he is less anxious for them than he was, and the strong repealers have the same notion about his attitude toward repeal. That has been unfortunate, and the report of it, even if it be not so, has contributed to the delay, about which the people are so impatient.

There is no longer any doubt about the position of Mr. Gorman. He is, or he has been, for the measure that will as nearly as possible suit both sides in this fight. It is easy enough to understand that a more decided position than that would have been more advantageous for the friends of repeal.

After the executive session was over, the "steering" committee of conferrees met again to talk about the plan of compromise put in shape yesterday. As the readers of The New-York Times learned from the dispatches of last night, the consultation of yesterday broke up when a committee visited Secretary Carlisle to submit the suggestion acceptable to the free-coinage men, and objectionable to the unconditional repealers, that the bill be passed making the repeal to take effect Jan. 1, 1895. Mr. Carlisle would not approve that proposition, nor would he assent to a change to July 1, 1894. Before he could answer definitely about it he said he would see the President.

President Cleveland would not listen to any proposition, except that to vote the passage of the bill as it passed the House. The talk about bonds and seignorage was mere fringe, and added nothing to the strength or attractiveness of the proposition. The postponement of the operation of the repeal for a year might make it necessary to issue bonds, because the continued purchase of silver would prolong and aggravate the distress of which the country has been complaining, and which he called the Congress together to alleviate by prompt action.

With this answer from the President, in which the Secretary fully agreed, the conference found itself just where it stood yesterday. In the meeting that continued until long after the Senate took a recess until to-morrow, the question of date of operation was discussed as it had been before, a part of the committee insisting that the date should be not later than July 1, 1894, and the others demanding Jan. 1, 1895, as the earliest date possible.

This, however, brought up the Secretary's condition of a bond issue, to which it is not probable the Democrats of the Senate would assent. There are individual members of the committee who suggested that the date of operation should be a year from the time of the passage of the bill. One member suggested Oct. 1, 1894; another considered Nov. 1, 1894, as about the proper date.

These appear to be small matters to quibble about. None of the suggestions comply, as nearly as the firm stand of the President, with the demand of the national platform for "speedy repeal" of the bill. All of them, except the demand for prompt repeal, are objectionable in a degree, as they postpone the day of operation.

Should the repeal bill conference result in failure to agree for action to-morrow, Mr. Voorhees may make an effort to get up the closure resolution to-morrow. The resolution he offered to-day is that prepared by Mr. Hill. A majority is in sight now for that resolution, and any further dilly-dallying over a compromise will strengthen the majority, for every one is weary of the struggle.

There may be some dispute as to the right to call up the resolution until after it has laid over one calendar day. That point will be made against it, but, as Mr. Hoar pointed out, and as Mr. Hill contends, the existing rules of the Senate cannot be invoked to prevent the Senate from changing those rules.

There is no doubt about what the Vice President will do. He has expressed himself so plainly as determined to sustain the majority of the whole Senate, regardless of party divisions, that Mr. Voorhees and Mr. Hill are both aware that when the rule is called up he will allow the Senate to decide whether it shall be considered.

When it is taken up there will be a proposition to debate it for two or three days. At the end of that debate the vote will be called for.

The change in the rules will be necessary with any compromise, or on the bill as it stands, for Stewart and his Populist and Republican allies will not consent to allow a vote to be reached unless a bill is offered that is satisfactory to them. Peffer will vote for nothing except free coinage. The chance of getting it was never so poor as to-day.

The compromisers hoped last night, by giving the impression that an agreement had been reached, to secure from the press of the North an approval of the compromise, believing that that would affect the Administration to consent.

The criticisms of the proposed compromise and the unflinching attitude of the President have shown the weak repealers and the compromise silver men that they cannot satisfy the people by anything short of unconditional repeal.

UNCLE SAM'S CHIEF THEATRE.

The Performance Yesterday Was Far from Entertaining.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—There was a complete change of programme at the National Theatre in the north wing of the Capitol to-day. When the vanguard of spectators entered the auditorium at 10 o'clock it found only about thirty Senatorial performers occupying the arena, while on the platform overlooking them the Vice President sat idly toying with the famous handleless gavel. The time-worn piece, "No Quorum," was being produced, and it dragged worse than ever.

Fully half an hour was consumed by the players in getting to the point where the scene shifted, showing the United States Senate in session. There was apparently a determination to make this scene as short as possible. Manager Voorhees made a short speech, in which he indicated the desire of members of the company to have a private rehearsal, and so, after a little "morning business," which was not at all attractive to the people who had climbed Capitol Hill for the express purpose of seeing something exciting, the galleries were cleared, and for the next four hours those on the outside could only guess what was taking place behind closed doors.

Previous to shutting out the crowd, Mr. Voorhees introduced an amendment to the rules, which does not differ materially from the one recently put forward by Mr. Hill.

It provides that when any bill or resolution which occupies the adverse position of "unfinished business" has been debated for thirty days, any Senator may at any time make a motion fixing the time when the final vote shall be taken; that that motion shall be put immediately, and that during its pendency or when the time arrives for the final vote no debate or amendment shall be permitted.

The original motion must have the affirmative vote of a majority of all the Senators entitled to seats.

Between 3 and 4 o'clock the doors were reopened, and several hundred people who had been waiting outside poured into the galleries. Judge of their surprise and annoyance to discover Barnstormer Peffer, whiskers, double eyeglasses and all, behind a barricade of Congressional Records, preparing to deliver another soliloquy. The sudden hegira from the galleries aroused the suspicion in the minds of a few people from the rural districts that a fire was in progress, and they followed to see the fun.

Left to himself, Peffer soliloquized for a full hour and then yielded to a motion to take a recess until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

So far as the public was concerned, to-day's performance in Uncle Sam's Chief Theatre was far from entertaining. It is understood that to-morrow's programme will introduce some old favorites and will be full of action.

THE CONDITION OF THE ARMY.

Annual Report of Major Gen. Schofield, Its Commander.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The annual report of the Major General commanding the army was made public to-day. Speaking of coast defense, Gen. Schofield says:

> Satisfactory progress has been made during the last year in the fabrication of modern high-power guns, and considerable work has been done in providing emplacements for such guns and mortars. Experiments have also been continued in respect to disappearing carriages for such guns. Conclusive results in this last regard have not yet been reached, but yet such progress has been made that efficient carriages could be rapidly constructed in case of immediate need. It is hoped that necessary appropriations for the continuation of this work will not be withheld, so that the policy which has now been steadily pursued during the past five or six years may be continued until the great seaports of the United States are placed in a condition of security.

The enlistment question, which is at present attracting so much attention, is discussed at length. Upon this point Gen. Schofield says, in part:

> In an army so small as that permanently maintained by the United States, the all-important requisite is efficiency and reliability under any and all circumstances that may arise. To secure this, it seems evident that the policy should contemplate the elimination, as soon as practicable, of all men who cannot be molded into perfectly trustworthy soldiers, and the retention in service of all whose military development proves to be entirely satisfactory. The period of five years (that of the present term of enlistment) is much longer than necessary for the first purpose, while the limit of length of service under existing law, namely, ten years, is much too short to enable the Government to obtain the best services from men who have proved to be in all respects satisfactory.
>
> It seems advisable that the term of enlistment in the regular service in this country be reduced from five to three years, and that the legal restriction upon re-enlistment be removed, so that the War Department may be at liberty to continue in service those enlisted men whose services are found to be valuable.

Gen. Schofield agrees with several prominent officers in believing that the experiment of making soldiers of Indians has been a success. He says:

> The enlistment of Indians in the army and their organization into companies attached to the regular regiments appear thus far to have accomplished in a very satisfactory manner the principal objects contemplated in that policy. The principle of those objects is understood to have been for the purpose of withdrawing from the warlike tribes and giving satisfactory employment to a considerable number of young men, who were generally dissatisfied and liable at any time to become hostile; for the purpose of educating the Indians in the rules and customs of civilized as contrasted with those of savage warfare, and to assist in the efforts of the Government to transform the Indian character from that of savage enemy to that of friend and citizen of the United States. There has been no serious indication of hostile disposition manifested by any of the Indian tribes since this policy was inaugurated.
>
> A secondary object was the organization of a comparatively small contingent of Indian troops, partly with a view to any service which may be required of them, but mainly for the purpose of determining by actual trial what the value is or may be made of the warlike tribes of Indians as a part of the military strength of the United States. This is upon the general theory that all parts of the people of a country should be prepared to do their share in time of need of the military service which the country may require. It is yet too early to reach a final conclusion upon this question.

During the year the most arduous services rendered by the troops was in suppressing and punishing violations of the neutrality laws between this country and Mexico. For this service Gen. Schofield highly commends the troops in the Department of Texas.

The state of discipline in the army, the General says, continues to be satisfactory. Reorganization of the artillery and infantry is recommended, and the suggestion is made that a reserve supply of the most approved infantry rifles and of the standard breech-loading rifled field guns be provided for regulars, militia, and "such volunteers as may be immediately called into service in the event of war."

The recruiting service, it is said, has been brought to a high standard under Adjt. Gen. Williams. The number of desertions still continues large. Gen. Schofield says this arises "doubtless from causes entirely beyond control, unless it be by increasing the certainty and severity of the punishment for desertion."

GOOD BILLIARDS PROMISED.

A Match May be Arranged Between Slosson, Ives, and Schaefer.

Late last night George F. Slosson, the billiard player, received a telegram from Chicago in reference to the proposed three-cornered match with Schaefer and Ives, and the probabilities are that New-Yorkers will have an opportunity in the near future of witnessing a struggle between these three clever players.

Some time ago Slosson put up a forfeit of $500 and issued a challenge offering to enter into a sweepstakes with Schaefer and Ives at a fourteen-inch balk-line game, the winner to take the entire purse and all the net gate receipts. His money had been up for some time, and he did not receive any reply from either Schaefer or Ives. On Thursday he telegraphed the men, but not receiving any answer, yesterday he took down his money and gave up all hopes of making a match. When he received the telegram last night, however, he felt greatly encouraged, and said that he would be pleased to meet the men at any time convenient to them.

According to Slosson's proposition, he will play a three-cornered tournament, each player to meet the contestants twice, making in all six games. The games are to be 600 points up, at the fourteen-inch balk-line game.

Last night Slosson was practicing in his rooms with a pupil. He said: "Something ought to be done to arouse the interest in billiards. I want to meet both Ives and Schaefer, and, no matter what the result is in New-York, I will play a return match in Chicago at any time convenient to the other men."

Cannot Go on the Ticket.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 20.—The State Election Board decided to-day, as was expected, that the Citizens' Prohibition Republican ticket could not go on the official ballot because the names of the candidates were already on the ballot by nomination, and could not be put on again by petition. Bennett Mitchell, the nominee for Governor, is on the third party Prohibition ticket. The other candidates for State offices whom the Republican Prohibitionists propose to support are the regular Republican nominees. This decision leaves the organization, which has been actively at work and extends into many counties, without any ticket to work for except the regular third party Prohibition ticket.

Built by the First Naval Constructor.

It is pointed out by a reader of The New-York Times that the old ship house shortly to be torn down at the Brooklyn Navy Yard was built just prior to 1825, under the superintendence of Naval Constructor John Floyd, United States Navy. Naval Constructor Floyd was stationed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard up to 1825. He afterward served at the Portsmouth Navy Yard. He was the first naval constructor appointed in the service of the United States.

Taaffe Will Dissolve the Reichsrath.

VIENNA, Oct. 20.—The Germans of the United Liberal Left have finally decided to oppose the indorsement by the Deputies of the state of siege in Prague. Count Taaffe, who has already expressed his intention to make coercion in Bohemia a Cabinet question, will issue on Sunday a decree dissolving the Reichsrath. He thus will avoid the rebuff planned for him by the Germans at the first reading of his Electoral-Reform bill on Monday.

Receiver Wanted for "Paul Kauvar."

An order to show cause why the "Paul Kauvar" company should not be placed in the hands of a receiver was obtained yesterday from Judge Barrett of the Supreme Court. It is alleged that the company is unable to pay its debts and an effort will be made to have the play and stage property sold.

Won the George W. Childs Medal.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 20.—The George W. Childs Prize for the best entrance examination to the scientific course of Princeton College from the local examinations in Philadelphia, has been awarded to Thomas Hall Ingram, class of '97.

DR. PETERS'S "IMPRESSIONS"

IN THREE WEEKS HE HAS LEARNED MUCH ABOUT AMERICA.

The United States Are Not Yet a Nation—And Chicago Is Not Yet a City—However, the World's Fair He Found Interesting, Though the Buildings Are Shams—Commissioner to the Ethnological Congress, He Did Not Lose Much Time There.

Dr. Carl Peters, Imperial Commissioner of Germany to East Africa, was lying on a pale-blue plush lounge and reading a book, the paper cover of which was marked "Aunt Annie," in a pretty little room of the Waldorf, when a reporter for The New-York Times called on him.

He rose in three quick, regular movements to his full height, which is shorter than Stanley's, and extended his hand.

His eyes are round and blue, under large glass ellipses; his hair is blondish and thin, and combed forward with the large teeth of the comb. His forehead is straight and wide, but his head is small. His mustache is twisted at the ends and, perhaps, waxed. His shoulders are broad, and there is an appearance of strength in his chest, which he brings forward from the hips in the tactical position of a soldier.

"The American people?" he said, looking intently at the tips of his finger nails. "You are not yet a nation. You are a mixture of different peoples."

"The cities?" he continued, lifting his eyes as a soldier carries arms. "New-York is pretty. Broadway reminds me of the Friedrichstrasse. Other streets where there are green trees and squares remind me of North German towns. The hotels are comfort itself. Boston is an old English town. Chicago—"

"What of Chicago?" interposed the reporter.

"Chicago," he said, with the air of a Corporal reprimanding an awkward squad, "is not yet a city. It is an American—how do you say?—an American upshoot? The buildings are too tall. The people there are children. When one man has a tall building, his neighbor wants one higher. It is a good place for a halt of two days, but not longer."

"What do you think of the fair?" asked the reporter.

"The exhibition is interesting," he said. "The buildings have a grand effect, but they are a sham and they are falling to pieces. I was a Commissioner to the Ethnological Congress. I did not lose much time there."

The reporter asked why.

Dr. Peters relaxed the strain of his body a little and said:

"I do not like to hear lectures. I prefer to read the papers from which they are read. I do not like to see pots. I prefer to see the natives who make them or carry them on their heads to springs and fountains. I saw human beings at the Midway 'Playzens'—or, as they call it there, 'Playzons'—and only pots at the congress."

"A telegram from Berlin said that you regarded America as between Africa and Europe in civilization," the reporter said.

"I did not mean," he replied, lifting his hand at present sabre, "that the Americans were less civilized than the Europeans. Your barbarians are Europeans. It was a letter to a friend. I may have misled him by my phrase, which was hurried. I meant that there were parts of America which were a wilderness and others which were like Europe. But your negroes—"

"What of our negroes?" asked the reporter.

"I understand that they vote. How could this country make such a blunder as to grant citizenship to them?"

Dr. Peters has a peculiar lisp in his English pronunciation which he usually restrains. Now the lisp had its way.

"I suppose that having granted this citizenship you cannot take it back. You may make an educational test, but they will learn enough to pass examination. What a terrible mistake for so intelligent a country to have made."

The reporter asked why, meekly.

"Because," he said, advancing in three steps to the reporter's chair, and placing his right hand over his left hand, at parade rest, "the negro is of an inferior race, and the American negro is a very low Congo negro. I do not think he can ever be otherwise."

The reporter asked if this was the doctor's scientific opinion.

"I do not mean," he replied, "that he cannot become intellectual. I know, eth-no-lo-gic-ally, that he is morally inferior. He will always lie and steal, he will always lack conscience."

His Imperial Majesty's Commissioner to East Africa became enthusiastic.

"I know in Africa," he continued, "tribes that are haughty, tribes that are martial. They are far above the negro tribes that are here, and yet they are thieves and liars."

"Possibly," the reporter suggested, "your European invasions would not be resented by them otherwise."

"They are a thousand to one of us," he replied. "I saw only one negro in Africa who approached fairness in sentiment. He was the King of a tribe. He was intelligent, and I might have counted on his word. But the rest—"

"Perhaps you are judging the American negro by his African ancestor," the reporter insinuated.

"There is no evolution," he replied, with his feet and arms at attention, his little finger touching the seam of his blue-striped trousers. "I have seen the negroes here. They are ignorant, insolent, and unbearable. I have traveled much, but I have never seen sleeping-car porters as insolent as those who have served me here."

"Perhaps you forgot that they are American citizens, and treated them as Africans. Your reputation for tenderness is not very good, as you know," the reporter said, with a vague idea that Dr. Peters might cease for a moment to be a soldier.

Dr. Peters walked to his dressing case in army regulation form, picked two or three clippings from newspaper-clipping office envelopes, held them to the light like signal flags, walked back in the same form and said:

"I haven't the clipping. I gave it to a lady in Boston. I would like to show it to you. Is your journal a Republican? A Republican journal reviewed my book on African exploration. It misquoted it. It made me say things that I never said. It charged me with acts that I never committed. Then it called me cruel. I went to a country that Stanley did not dare traverse. Stanley went around it, by the Cape. He admits it. I had to protect the lives of my men and my own. What if there were vile natives killed? Should we have committed suicide?"

Dr. Peters might have posed then for the man who carries the flag in the Marseillaise group by Rude, which is a bas-relief of the Arc de Triomphe.

"But you are accused," the reporter said, "of ordering your men to murder women and children."

"It is false," he replied, calmly. "I hope that I do not look like a man who would murder children. Do I?"

The reporter said "No."

Dr. Peters twisted his mustache and continued:

"I do not. I am not that sort of a man. I should like to meet that reviewer of my book. I would place my book beside his review, and I would prove to him that in every line which he wrote he lied. Somebody who saw this review wrote over his own signature in a Boston paper, while I was there, that I was not fit for civilized association. It is easy to stay in New-York in a room like this and criticise African explorers. It is not easy to make your way in Africa. I do not object to being criticised. I object to being criticised adversely for doing things that I have not done."

Dr. Peters said that three weeks was too short a time to see America, but that he expected to go to Washington before returning to Bremen.

He bowed without bending his body when the reporter said good-bye.

In the hall a waiter whose eyes were vague looked at the reporter, or at the elevator behind him, and said:

"Isn't Dr. Peters grand? He is the third explorer upon whom I have waited and he is the best of the three. Stanley was rough and always grumbled. Dr. Peters is always good."

Folsom Again Tries to Commit Suicide.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 20.—Harry Folsom, who was arrested in Elizabeth Monday, on charge of stealing a bicycle from Frank Eveland of this city, and who tried to kill himself, was arraigned before Police Justice Kimmerly this morning. Joseph Roberts of Jackson Avenue, testified that Folsom stole a bicycle from him in September last. Folsom was committed in default of $500 bail. After being taken back to his cell he made a rope from the sheet on his bed and hanged himself to the cell door. He was cut down in time to save his life and was removed to the county jail. A letter was found in the cell addressed to Miss Allie Thompson, 229 West Forty-ninth Street, New-York, telling her he had been arrested for assault, and appealing to her to send $20 to get him out of jail.

ONE DAY'S FIRES IN NEW-YORK.

(From 1:30 A. M. Friday to 1:30 A. M. Saturday.)

12:50 P. M.—145 Goerck Street; Rebecca Roth; damage trifling; cause unknown.

6:10 P. M.—718 Water Street; Dennis Regan; damage slight; cause unknown.

8:39 P. M.—56 Cannon Street; H. R. Linder; damage, $10; insured; cause, lamp upset.

10:12 P. M.—102 Bleecker Street; George Lieber & Co.; damage to contents, $6,000; damage to building, $2,000; insured; cause unknown.

11:45 P. M.—348 West Fifty-ninth Street; owner, George Kirk, 163 West Sixty-third Street; damage, $50; insured; cause unknown.

POLICE REPLY TO PARKHURST.

Supt. Byrnes, Inspector Williams, and Capt. Devery Deny His Charges.

The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst served as a subject to take up most of the time of the Police Board at its meeting yesterday.

Superintendent Byrnes submitted a report in connection with the doctor's recent attack on the management of the Eleventh Police Precinct. It read, in part, as follows:

> * * * Immediately upon the receipt of said communication I ordered Inspector Williams and Capt. Devery, Captain of the precinct in which the places complained of are situated, to make careful and thorough investigation into the charges contained therein, and, if they found the law being violated, to promptly arrest the offenders and to report to me the result of their investigation. Upon reporting for duty after my vacation I conferred with Inspector Conlin relative to the complaint made by the same gentlemen in August, and the reports made thereon by the then Acting Superintendent, by Inspector Williams, and by Capt. Devery. I then directed Inspector Williams and Capt. Devery, respectively in command of the district and precinct in which the gambling and disorderly houses were said to exist, to pay special attention to the places mentioned in that communication; to promptly arrest any persons whom they might find violating the law therein, and to report to me weekly the result of their investigation and the condition of the places complained of. Their reports since the last-named date shows that the law has not been violated in any of these places.
>
> In addition I would state that on or about the same day that I directed Inspector Williams and Capt. Devery to report to me, as before mentioned, (September 15,) I furnished two detectives of this department with a list of the places complained of, and directed them, separately and unknown to each other, to visit these places at irregular hours of the day or night, and to report to me whether there was any violation of law therein, and their reports, which I have before me, corroborate the reports made by Inspector Williams and Capt. Devery.

The Superintendent's report included subreports from Inspector Williams and Capt. Devery. The Inspector's report was very strongly worded. In part it said:

> I would state that the report made by Capt. Devery in August last on a similar communication was true, also that my report of August last on said similar communication was true, and that there was positively no misrepresentation of any kind in either of these reports. As to gambling in the Eleventh Precinct, there is none; and any person who says that gambling is carried on in that precinct tells a deliberate and malicious falsehood. The alleged disorderly houses in the precinct were visited by officers in citizen's clothes, under my direction, previous to Oct. 4, on Oct. 4, and since Oct. 4 up to date, and no violation of law was found. I have frequently visited the streets and passed the numbers mentioned in the communication, and have failed to find any of the "open profligacy" or "foul contagion" from which the writers of this communication would make it appear that "youthful escape" was a "moral impossibility," and any person who would make such a statement in the face of the actual condition of the precinct has no regard for truth or his moral obligations.

Capt. Devery says he has, since Oct. 4, instructed his officers to be vigilant and to report to him all disorderly houses and those which remained closed. On and prior to Oct. 4 over forty houses have been closed, he says, in Chrystie, Canal, Forsyth, Eldridge, Rivington, Bayard, Allen, Stanton, and Delancey Streets. Since March 2, 1893, his policemen have arrested 682 women in the streets, closed 26 disorderly houses, and arrested 25 keepers of disorderly houses.

The reports were ordered to be filed, and then Commissioner MacLean surprised everybody by offering a resolution to the effect that Inspector Williams and Capt. Devery be accorded the privilege by the Police Commissioners to begin a suit for criminal libel against Dr. Parkhurst, Thaddeus Kenneson, and Lawyer Moss.

President Martin objected to the passing of the resolution on the ground that it was premature, neither Inspector Williams nor Capt. Devery having requested permission to take such action. As Commissioner Sheehan took Mr. Martin's part and Commissioner McClave was absent, Mr. MacLean's motion was lost.

Another surprise was afforded when Commissioner Sheehan, who as a rule has very little to say at the board meetings, delivered a little homily on the methods of Dr. Parkhurst. He said that up to the present time he had thought Dr. Parkhurst to be sincere in his efforts, and that he had always supported him in the way of affording him an opportunity to obtain any information he asked for from the department.

"But now," went on Mr. Sheehan, "that I have read a statement from Dr. Parkhurst, made in an interview, that he is not fighting crime or the negligence of the police, I believe it is time to call a halt. I therefore suggest that henceforth all communications to this board from Dr. Parkhurst be treated as Republican attacks against Democrats, and not as efforts to uncover crime, and that they be left unnoticed by this board."

Political Science Club Discusses Silver.

The first dinner of the season of the Political Science Club was held last night at the Hotel Savoy. The topic for the evening was "Silver: What Shall We Do with It?" Ex-Secretary Fairchild had intended to be present and speak, but the death of Mrs. Roscoe Conkling, a relative, made it impossible for him to attend.

Prof. A. B. Woodford read a few lines, in which Mr. Fairchild had outlined his views. Among the others who spoke were Simon Sterns, Henry W. Cannon, Ellis H. Roberts, and ex-Congressman John Boyd. Among those present at the dinner were Mr. and Mrs. George Gunton, Walter S. Logan, George F. Seward, J. S. Lehmaier, Isidor Straus, United States District Attorney Edward Mitchell, E. H. Coon, Mrs. E. Beckwith, Miss Gleason, William E. Harper, Miss Luck, Alfred Dolge, Henry Nichols, Mrs. S. E. Gardner, and John B. Bothwell. The club meets four times every season. The topics for the other dinners are "Currency and Banking," "Tariff Revision," and the "Federal Election Law."

Poured Boiling Water Over Children.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 20.—James Connors of 164 Morgan Street this evening visited Thomas Norton at 40 Gilchrist Street. The men got drunk and a fight followed, during which Connors grabbed a kettle of boiling water from the stove and poured it over Norton's three children who were playing on the floor. They were badly scalded, but not fatally injured. Connors was locked up.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—8 P. M.—Forecast for Saturday:

EASTERN NEW-YORK, showers, fresh southeast winds, becoming variable.

MAINE, NEW-HAMPSHIRE, and VERMONT, fair in south, showers in north portions, cooler in the interior, fresh south to southwest winds. MASSACHUSETTS, RHODE ISLAND and CONNECTICUT, increasing cloudiness, with showers in West Massachusetts and West Connecticut, variable winds, mostly south.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA, NEW-JERSEY, DELAWARE, MARYLAND, and VIRGINIA, showers, east winds, fresh on the coast, becoming variable in the interior.

NORTH CAROLINA, showers, northeast winds, fresh and brisk on the coast. SOUTH CAROLINA, fair, except rain near the coast, northeast winds, brisk and high on the coast. GEORGIA, fair, except rain near the coast, winds variable in the interior and brisk to high northeast on the coast. EASTERN FLORIDA, generally cloudy, with rains, brisk and high northeast winds. WESTERN FLORIDA, ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, and LOUISIANA, fair, north winds, fresh on the coast.

EASTERN TEXAS, OKLAHOMA, INDIAN TERRITORY, and ARKANSAS, fair, light variable winds. TENNESSEE and KENTUCKY, fair, except rain in extreme eastern portions in early morning, slightly warmer, light, variable winds.

WEST VIRGINIA, WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, and OHIO, showers in early morning, followed by fair, light, variable winds. WESTERN NEW-YORK, cloudy, with showers in morning, followed by fair in afternoon, cooler in west portion, fresh southeast, shifting to west winds. INDIANA and ILLINOIS, fair, warmer near Lake Michigan, fresh west winds, becoming variable. LOWER MICHIGAN, fair, warmer in south portion, cooler in north portion, fresh west winds, becoming variable. UPPER MICHIGAN, fair, cooler, fresh west winds.

WISCONSIN, fair, cooler in north and warmer in southeast portions, variable winds. MINNESOTA, fair, cooler, variable winds. IOWA and MISSOURI, fair, cooler, except warmer in Eastern Iowa and Northeastern Missouri, variable winds. NORTH DAKOTA and SOUTH DAKOTA, generally fair, cooler in east and warmer in west portions, variable winds, shifting to south. NEBRASKA and KANSAS, fair, cooler in Eastern Nebraska, variable winds. COLORADO, partly cloudy, variable winds. MONTANA, generally fair, warmer in eastern portion, variable winds.

RIVERS.—The rivers will remain about stationary.

WEATHER CONDITIONS AND GENERAL FORECAST.—The Gulf storm continues central south of Key West, and shows a slight increase in energy. During the last twenty-four hours this storm has been attended by heavy rain and brisk to high northeast winds along the Florida coasts.

Rain has also fallen in the Upper Ohio Valley and over Lake Erie and Eastern Tennessee; elsewhere the weather has been generally fair. The temperature has fallen over the western lake region and Florida, and has risen from the middle Missouri over the upper Mississippi valley.

General cloudy weather, with showers, is indicated for the Atlantic Coast States. In the central valleys and western lake region the weather will be generally fair. The storm central south of Key West will probably move east of Southern Florida, attended by heavy rain and northeast gales off the South Atlantic and East Florida coasts.

The following shows the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the same date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, 218 Broadway:

	1892.	1893.		1892.	1893.
3 A. M.	55°	45°	3:30 P. M.	65°	56°
6 A. M.	53°	45°	6 P. M.	63°	52°
9 A. M.	54°	49°	9 P. M.	58°	51°
12 M.	61°	60°	12 P. M.	56°	51°

Average temperature yesterday......51⅛°
Average for same date last year......58⅛°
Average for same date last fifteen years......55 2-3°

When baby was sick we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss she clung to Castoria.
When she had children she gave them Castoria.
—*Advertisement.*

FOUR PERSONS WERE KILLED

By the Explosion of a Steam Boiler in a Dye House.

SPOKANE, Washington, Oct. 20.—An explosion shook the city last night, and a moment later fire broke out in the City Dye House. The fire was confined to the building in which it started.

Killed.

AZEE, Miss.
BEAM, Mrs. JOHN.
HOLLAND, H.
TURNER, ROSE.

Upon investigation it was found that a steam boiler in the dye house had exploded. Almost every window for two blocks was shattered, and several pedestrians who were passing at the time were knocked down and stunned. Next to the dye house was Henry Friese's bookstore. Friese was waiting on some customers when the explosion took place, and the whole side of the plastered wall fell, burying him, two ladies, and a man under the débris. Friese was carried out badly wounded.

Sydney Smith, who was in the bookstore, was taken out badly injured and may die. It is thought that others are still in the ruins.

TO-DAY'S SUPPLEMENT CONTAINS.

Page 9.

Progress of the reform campaign in Brooklyn.
Why Brooklyn lacks school accommodations.
Universalists elect officers.
A statement by Mrs. Halliday.
Case of the Oscar and Hattie.
The Deficiency bill passed.
White Caps burn cotton.
Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., withdraws from business.
Live Stock and other markets.

Page 10.

Commercial Affairs.
Public, legal, and Surrogate's notices.
Railroad, Steamboat, and Shipping advertisements.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

This morning The New-York Daily Times consists of TEN PAGES. Every newsdealer is bound to deliver the paper in its complete form, and any failure to do so should be reported at the Publication Office.

Prof. Drummond's Leave-Taking.

Prof. Henry Drummond of Glasgow University, Scotland, held an informal reception in the parlors of the Students' Club, 136 Lexington Avenue, last evening. It was his leave-taking of his friends in America. He sails for England to-day on the steamer Etruria. After the reception Prof. Drummond went to Chickering Hall, where he made an address on the students' movement in Scotland. Among those at the reception were Mrs. Russell Sage, Mrs. Van Rensselaer, the Rev. Lyman Abbott, Dr. Arthur Brooks, and the Rev. Dr. R. S. MacArthur.

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MARRIED.

CHAMBERS—JAMESON.—On Thursday, Oct. 19, in the First Reformed Church, Somerville, N. J., by the Rev. Dr. T. W. Chambers and the Rev. Dr. J. P. Searle, MARIA SCHENCK, daughter of Judge C. M. Jameson of Somerville, to HILARY RONALD CHAMBERS of New-York.

FRENCH—GILL.—On Wednesday, Oct. 18, at 12 noon, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn Heights, by the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Hall, assisted by Rev. W. H. Morgan, MARIA GILL, daughter of the late Dr. Charles R. Gill of West-Park-on-Hudson, to Mr. JAMES MORGAN FRENCH of Brooklyn, N. Y.

GODDARD—JEREMIAH.—On Thursday morning, Oct. 19, 1893, at the residence of the bride's mother, 251 West 11th St., by the Rev. John R. Davies, D. D., assisted by the Rev. John C. Goddard, JAMES CHALMERS GODDARD to ANNIE BROUWER, daughter of the late George A. Jeremiah, all of this city.

PARSONS—HART.—On Wednesday evening, Oct. 18, 1893, at the residence of the bride's parents, South Highland Av., Sing Sing, by the Rev. James A. McWilliams, RALPH WAIT PARSONS, M. D., to ANNA MAY HART, daughter of Mr. James A. Hart.

POORE—TALBOT.—In Providence, R. I., Oct. 18, by the Rev. Thomas M. Clark, D. D., HELEN, daughter of the late Charles N. Talbot, and Dr. CHARLES TALBOT POORE, both of New-York City.

DIED.

Boyd, Robert H.
Clark, Kate L.
Giles, John C.
Hunt, Mary C.
Newcombe, Sarah L.
Swan, Samuel.
Williams, Lydia M.

BOYD.—Suddenly, on Friday, Oct. 20, 1893, ROBERT H. BOYD, in the 66th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 18 Strong Place, Brooklyn, on Monday, 23d inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

CLARK.—Died, Thursday morning, at 175 West 58th St., KATE L., wife of W. A. Clark of Butte, Mon.

Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., at 10 A. M. Monday, Oct. 23. Interment at Woodlawn.

GILES.—On Thursday, Oct. 19, 1893, at the Murray Hill Hotel, JOHN C. GILES, in the 68th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at Church of the Heavenly Rest, 45th St. and 5th Av., at 11 o'clock, Saturday, the 21st inst. Interment at convenience of the family.

HUNT.—At Hartford, Conn., entered into life, early Thursday morning, Oct. 19, MARY CROSBY, wife of the late Dr. E. K. Hunt.

Funeral on Saturday at 2 o'clock.

NEWCOMBE.—On Thursday, Oct. 19, 1893, SARAH LOUISE NEWCOMBE, widow of Frederick H. M. Newcombe.

Funeral at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Andrew Hall, Morristown, N. J., Saturday, Oct. 21, on arrival of the 9 A. M. train from foot of Barclay and Christopher Sts., New-York, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western R. R. Carriages will be in waiting.

SCHAFF.—At his home, Oct. 20, 1893, PHILIP SCHAFF, D. D., LL. D., Professor Emeritus and Lecturer on Propædeutic and Symbolic in the Union Theological Seminary, in 75th year.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the Church of the Covenant, 35th St. and Park Av., on Monday at 10 o'clock. Members of the American Society of Church History are requested to meet at 9:30 in the chapel of the church.

SWAN.—At his residence, 13 West 38th St., city, on Wednesday, Oct. 18, 1893, SAMUEL SWAN, M. D., in the 79th year of his age.

Services at his late residence, Saturday, Oct. 21, at 10 A. M.

WILLIAMS.—In New-York, on Wednesday, Oct. 18, LYDIA M., wife of the late E. Winslow Williams of Norwich, Conn.

Funeral at Yantic, Conn., Monday, Oct. 23, at 3 o'clock.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

TRADING VERY DULL, BUT PRICES STILL ADVANCING.

Shorts Cover in St. Paul and Other Grangers—Sugar Still Strong and Higher Figures Talked for It—Litigation in Chicago Gas—Reading Security Holders Combining with a View of Rehabilitating Their Property—The Possibility of Unconditional Repeal of the Silver Law.

NEW-YORK,
Friday, Oct. 20—P. M.

The total trading to-day exceeded that of yesterday, but the activity was spasmodic, and there were intervals where dullness approaching stagnation prevailed. The demand for St. Paul after the close of the market was brisk and the stock opened ⅞ higher this morning, at 60. It advanced slightly subsequently, and then went back a point, but closed at 60¼, a net gain of 1⅛ points. The other grangers were also strong. The short interest in St. Paul has been very large, and it became alarmed over rumors that the outlook for the company is much better than recent reports of earnings would indicate.

Sugar was active on purchases by the clique operating in it, and on covering by shorts. The manipulators appear to have complete control of the movement, and, although they are not doing much talking, they intimate that it will not be long before the stock sells at par again. It is the confident manner in which all offerings are taken, together with the relative silence that the insiders maintain, that causes uneasiness to the short interest. At the same time it is well to remember that those handling the present movement are the most adept operators in the Street, and that they turn quickly. The stock sold up to 94⅛ to-day, and lost only a fraction at the close, the final price showing a net gain of 1½ points.

Chicago Gas was the most irregular stock on the list. A bill has been filed in Chicago against the People's Gas Light and Coke Company, asking for an injunction to prevent officials of the company from turning over any moneys to the Fidelity Trust Company, and to restrain the proposed issue of bonds. The stock was one of the few on the list which closed fractionally lower.

Reading and Northern Pacific issues were quiet and practically unchanged. There was the usual quantity of so-called news from Philadelphia, pretending to report the intentions of the Reading receivers as to the financing of the company, but the only thing at all definite was a statement that the receivers had rejected the suggestion that new bonds be issued against the collateral. It is now generally conceded that the tangle which the company is in will not be unraveled until the security holders take the work into their own hands. A step in this direction was taken today, a private meeting of the security holders who have approved the course pursued by Mr. Rice having been called by circular for next Tuesday evening. It is likely that a new and aggressive committee to look after the interests of the property will then be appointed. A similar movement is said to be contemplated by the security holders of the Northern Pacific Company.

There were many rumors as to the progress being made toward the settlement of the silver business by the Senate, but nothing definite was known. The general belief prevails that unconditional repeal will come unexpectedly.

NEW-YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Asked.	Sales.
American Cotton Oil	35½	35⅞	35½	35½	35¼	36	1,410
American Cotton Oil pf	72½	73	72½	73	72¼	73	230
American Express	110½	110½	110½	110½	110	115	5
*American Sugar Refining	93	94⅛	92⅝	93⅞	93¾	93⅞	35,449
*American Sugar Refining pf	88⅜	88¾	88⅜	88¾	88⅝	89	518
American Telegraph & Cable Co	84	84	84	84	83	85	70
American Tobacco	78½	78½	77½	77½	77	78½	200
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé	19	19¼	18⅞	19⅛	19	19⅛	5,835
Atlantic & Pacific	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2¼	200
Baltimore & Ohio	68	68	68	68	68	69	100
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	27	27⅛	27	27⅛	27	28	200
Canada Southern	50	50	49⅞	49⅞	49¼	49½	825
Canadian Pacific	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	73½	74½	100
Chesapeake & Ohio	16	16	16	16	16	16½	110
Chicago Gas	60	60⅜	58¾	59⅛	59	59¼	16,430
Chicago Gas, div. scrip	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	..	..	170
Chicago & Northwestern	101	101⅞	101	101¾	101½	101¾	2,934
Chicago & Northwestern pf	138	138	138	138	138	139	100
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	80¼	81	79¾	80⅜	80⅜	80½	22,656
C., C., C. & St. Louis	33¼	33¼	33	33	33¼	33¾	630
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	60	60⅜	59⅜	60¼	60⅛	60¼	26,693
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	63	64⅜	63	63⅞	63⅞	64	11,151
Colorado Fuel & Iron	26	26	25⅞	25⅞	25	27	250
Columbus & Hocking Coal	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8¾	9¼	200
Columbus, Hock. Valley & Toledo	20¾	20⅞	20½	20¾	20⅛	20½	730
Columbus, Hock. Val. & Toledo pf	69	69	69	69	60	69	50
Consolidated Gas Company	133	134	133	134	133½	134	745
Delaware & Hudson	121	122	121	121¾	121½	122	802
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	156	158	156	158	157½	158	3,420
Denver & Rio Grande pf	28½	29	28½	29	28½	30	200
Distilling & Cattle Feeding	33	33¼	32¼	32¾	32⅞	33	15,475
Edison Electric Illuminating	96½	96½	96½	96½	94½	97½	100
Evansville & Terre Haute	80	80	80	80	78	80	220
General Electric	44⅝	45¼	44¼	44½	44½	44¾	2,613
Illinois Central	91	91	91	91	90½	92	270
Illinois Central leased lines	88	88	88	88	88	..	6
Iowa Central pf	20½	21¼	20½	21¼	20½	22	200
Laclede Gas	14½	15¼	14½	15¼	15	15¼	400
Laclede Gas pf	62	62	62	62	62	65	100
Lake Erie & Western	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	15½	16	100
Lake Shore	122	123	122	122½	122½	122¾	1,310
Louisville & Nashville	45⅞	46⅜	45⅝	45⅝	45¾	46	4,850
Louisville, New-Albany & Chi., t. r.	14½	15½	14½	15½	15	15½	400
Manhattan Consolidated	126½	129	126½	128	126⅞	127¾	789
Michigan Central	92½	95½	92½	95½	94¾	96	1,000
Minneapolis & St. Louis, t. r.	10½	10½	10½	10½	10⅜	11	100
Minneapolis & St. Louis pf, t. r.	30	30	30	30	28½	30½	100
Missouri Pacific	22¾	23⅛	22¾	22¾	23	23¼	2,600
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	19¾	20½	100
National Cordage, 2d as. paid	24	24½	23½	24½	24¾	24¾	875
*National Lead Co	25¾	26	25¾	26	25¾	26	400
*National Lead Co. pf	71	72	71	71½	71½	72	703
New-Jersey Central	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	109½	110¼	200
New-York Central	100¾	102½	100¾	101⅝	101½	102	1,461
New-York & New-England	29	29	28⅝	28⅝	28½	28⅝	4,060
New-York & Northern pf	10¼	10¼	10	10	10	10½	700
New-York, Chicago & St. Louis	13	14	13	14	14	14¼	1,000
New-York, Chicago & St. L. 1st pf	58	58	58	58	56	62	10
New-York, Chicago & St. L. 2d pf	24	24	24	24	24¼	24¾	50
New-York, Lake Erie & Western	14	14⅜	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	14	840
New-York, Susq. & Western, new	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	13½	14	196
New-York, Susq. & Western pf., new	43	43	42¾	42¾	42½	43	200
Norfolk & Western pf	20	20	20	20	21	22	45
Northern Pacific	7	7⅛	7	7⅛	7	7¼	270
Northern Pacific pf	22¼	22⅝	22	22¼	22¼	22⅜	865
Ontario Mining	7	7	7	7	6½	9	225
Ontario & Western	15	15	15	15	14⅞	15	650
Oregon S. L. & U. N	6	6	6	6	5⅝	6	5
Pacific Mail	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	15	15½	100
Philadelphia & Reading	17⅞	17⅞	17⅛	17½	17½	17⅝	5,700
P., C., C. & St. L	15	15	15	15	14	15	100
Pullman Palace Car Company	169	169¾	168	168	168½	169½	520
Rich. & West Point, 1st in. paid	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	..	..	50
Rich. & West Point, 2d in. paid	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	2⅞	3¼	20
St. Louis Southwestern pf	8	8	8	8	7¾	8¼	100
St. Paul & Omaha	34⅝	35¼	34⅝	35¼	35⅛	35⅜	720
St. Paul & Omaha pf	105¾	106½	105¾	106½	106¾	107	400
Southern Pacific	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¼	18	100
Tennessee Coal & Iron	14¾	14¾	13½	14	14¼	14¾	50
Union Pacific	18	18	17¼	17⅜	17½	17⅝	2,350
United States Rubber pf	75	75	75	75	75		21
Wabash pf	15	15⅛	15	15	14¾	15	300
Wells-Fargo Express	125	125	125	125	125	135	50
Western Union Telegraph	83½	84	83⅛	83⅜	83⅜	83½	12,440
Total sales							198,322

*Unlisted.

Mortgages.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Amer. Cot. Oil 8s	112	112½	111¾	112½	$11,000
*At., T. & S. F. 4s	69	69¼	68⅝	69¼	46,500
At., T. & S. Fé 2d 2½s 4s, A	37¼	37½	37	37½	48,000
Balt. & Ohio g. 5s of 1925	109½	109½	109½	109½	5,000
B., C. R. & N. 1st	102	102	102	102	1,000
Canada So. 1st	104⅛	104½	104⅛	104½	3,000
C. & O. 6s, Series A	112	112	112	112	2,000
C. & O. gen. 4½s	68	68⅛	68	68⅛	9,000
Ches. & O. cn. 5s	102	102½	102	102½	13,000
C. & E. Ill. gen. 5s	95½	95½	95½	95½	4,000
Chi. & N. P. 1st	41½	41½	41½	41½	7,000
C., B. & Q. deb 5s	97½	97½	97½	97½	10,000
C., B. & Q., Den. 4s	89	89	89	89	2,000
C., B. & Q. 7s	118¼	118¼	118	118	20,000
Chi. Gas & C. 1st	84¼	84¾	84¼	84¼	14,000
Col. & H. V. 5s	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	1,000
D., L. & W. 7s, 1907	126	126	126	126	5,000
Den. & Rio G. 4s	70⅜	71	70⅜	71	8,000
†E. T., V. & G. dev. 5s	105	105	105	105	4,000
Edison Elec. Ill. of N. Y. 1st	105	105	104¾	104¾	3,000
‡Erie 2d cn	70½	70½	70½	70½	12,000
Erie 1st	110	110	110	110	1,000
Ft. W. & D. C. 1st	74½	74½	74¼	74¼	11,000
Gen. Elec. deb. 5s	73½	74	73½	74	8,000
Han. & St. J. cn	112	112	112	112	1,000
§Int. & G. N. 1st cn. 6s, c. off	109	109	109	109	8,000
Iron M. gen. 5s	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	1,000
Kan. Pacific cn	71½	72	71½	72	10,000
K. & T. 1st g. 4s	77½	77½	77	77½	11,000
K. & T. 2d g. 4s	40	40	40	40	17,000
Laclede Gas 1st	77	78	77	78	12,000
L. E. & W. 1st 5s	108½	108½	108½	108½	4,000
Lake S. 1st cn., r.	116	116	116	116	7,000
Long Island 5s	111	111	111	111	1,000
L. & N. 10-40 6s	105	105	104⅜	104⅜	2,000
L., N. A. & C. gen. 5s	64	64	64	64	1,000
Met. Elev. 1st	115½	115½	115½	115½	5,000
Met. Elevated 2d	106⅞	107	106⅞	107	9,000
Mo. Pacific cn	87	87	87	87	7,000
‖Mo. Pac. 3d	104	104	104	104	10,000
M. & E. 7s of 1900	112½	112½	112½	112½	1,000
N. Y. C. & H. R. 1st, r	121	121⅜	121	121⅜	15,000
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st	94	94	94	94	23,000
N. Y. Elev. 1st	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	4,000
N. Y., L. & W. 1st	125	125	125	125	6,000
N. Y., Ont. & W. rfdg. 4s	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	10,000
N. Y., S. & W. rfdg. 5s	103	108	103	108	1,000
North. Pac. 1st, c.	105	105	105	105	4,000
aNorth. Pac. 2d, c	85	85	85	85	10,000
North Pac. cn. 5s	32½	32½	32¼	31¼	22,000
Northwest cn. 7s	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞	14,000
N. W. s. f. deb. 5s	106	106	106	106	5,000
Ore. Imp. cn. 5s	43	43	43	43	1,000
Oregon Imp. 1st	90	90	90	90	1,000
Ore. R. & N. 1st	95	95	95	95	5,000
P. & P. U. 1st	107½	107½	107½	107½	2,000
Read. 1st pf. inc	31	31	30½	30½	10,000
Read. 2d pf. inc	20½	20½	20	20¼	38,000
Reading gen. 4s	67⅝	68	67⅝	68	31,000
R. & W. P. T. col. tr. 5s, t. r.	22	22	21½	21½	14,000
Rock Isl. 1st, r.	120½	120½	120½	120½	5,000
Rock Isl. deb. 5s	89	89¼	89	89¼	5,000
Rock Island 5s, c.	94¾	95¾	94¾	95¾	61,000
St. L. S. W. 1st	54½	54½	54	54½	15,000
St. P. 1st, S. Minn.	110½	110½	110½	110½	3,000
So. P. of N. M. 1st	94	94¼	94	94¼	12,000
T. & N. O. cn. 5s	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	10,000
Texas Pac. 1st 5s	68	68½	68	68½	9,000
Texas Pac. 2d inc	16½	17	16½	17	8,000
T. & Ohio C. 1st	105	105	105	105	5,000
T., St. L. & K. C. 1st	56½	56½	56½	56½	4,000
U. P. 1st of 1898	108½	108½	108½	108½	10,000
U. P. col. notes	77½	77½	77½	77½	9,000
Wabash 1st	102½	102½	102½	102½	5,000
Wabash 2d	73½	73½	72½	72½	11,000
Wa. 1st, D. & C.	95	95	95	95	4,000
W. N. Y. & P. 2d	20½	22½	20½	20½	27,000
West Shore, 4s c	100½	100½	100½	100½	1,000
West Shore 4s, r.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	2,500
Total sales					$778,000

*Including $500 at 69¾. †Seller 15 flat. ‡Including $10,000 at 68⅛, seller 60. §Seller 10 flat. ‖Seller 4 flat. aIncluding $4,000 at 85, seller 20 flat.

Bid and Asked Quotations.

The following were the closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex	141	146	Mo., K. & T.	11¼	12
Alb. & Sus	155	165	Mobile & O.	12	14
Alton & T. H.	20	30	N., C. & St. L.	60	70
Am. Coal	80	90	Nat. Cord. pf. as. pd	45¼	52
Am. Dist. Tel.	50	59	Nat. Lin. Oil	18	19
Am. Tob. pf.	94½	98	Nat. Starch	6½	8
Bruns. Co.	3	6			
B., R. & P. pf.	68	..	Nat. St. 2d pf.	30	..
B., C. R. & N.	45	..	New Cent. C.	7	9
Central Pac.	19	20	N. Y. & N. H.	191	195
Chi. & Alton	136	142	Norfolk So.	50	..
Chi. & E. Ill.	54	56	North Am.	5⅛	5½
C. & E. Ill. pf.	93	95	Ohio South.	25	50
C., M. & St. P. pf.	116	117	Oregon Imp.	8	11
Cleve. & P.	146	..	Ore. R. & N.	25	35
C. C. & I. D.	11	13	Penn. Coal	250	300
Col. F. & I. pf.	..	90	Peo. & East.	4	8
Com. Cable	100	150	Peo., D. & E.	7	8
Consol. Coal	26	31	Pitts. & W. pf.	27	30
Den. & R. G.	9¼	10¼	P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	48½	51½
D. M. & Ft. D.	6	7	P., F. W. & C.	146	..
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.	22	40	Quicksilver	1	3
*D., S. S. & A.	6½	7¾	Rens. & Sar.	162	170
*D., S. S. & A. pf.	16	18	R. & W. P. pf., t. r.	14½	16
E. T., V. & G.	¼	1	R., W. & O.	105	107
E. T., V. & G. 1st pf.	6	15	St. L. So.	95	..
E. T., V. & G. 2d pf.	1	4	St. L. S. W.	4	5
Gt. North. pf.	106½	108½	St. P. & Dul.	24	26
G. B. & W., t. r.	5½	7	St. P. & D. pf.	90	100
Homestake	11½	14	St. P., M. & M.	101	105
H. & Texas	2¼	3	So. Cot. Oil	40	50
Iowa Cent.	6¾	7½	Texas Pac.	6¼	7
Kan. & Mich.	8½	9½	Tol. & O. C.	30	32
Keok. & D. M.	..	5⅞	Tol. & O. C. pf.	63¾	..
L. E. & W. pf.	67	68	Tol., A. A. & N. M.	8	8½
Long Island	93	96	U. P., D. & G.	5½	6½
L., St. L. & T.	3½	7	Ulster & Del.	52	56
Mah. Coal R.	90	100	U. S. Rub.	29	33
Man. Beach	4	8	Wabash	7	7¼
Md. Coal pf.	45	60	W. & L. E.	13	14
Minn. Iron	..	60	W. & L. E. pf.	43½	45
			Wis. Cent.	4⅞	5¼

*Unlisted.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Am. Cotton Oil	35¾	36	35¾	36	150
Am. Cotton Oil pf.	73	73	73	73	100
Am. Sugar Ref.	93	94	92⅝	93¾	12,100
At., Top. & S. Fé.	18⅞	19¼	18⅞	19¼	1,590
At. & Pacific	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	200
Can. Southern	50	50	50	50	100
Col., H. V. & Tol.	20½	20⅞	20½	20⅞	200
Col. Fuel & I.	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	100
Chicago Gas Co.	60¼	60¼	58⅞	59	7,340
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	63⅛	64⅜	63⅛	63⅜	10,140
Chi., Bur. & Q.	80¼	81	79¾	80⅝	18,120
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	59¾	60⅜	59⅝	60	18,670
C., St. P., M. & O.	35	35	35	35	100
Chi. & N. W.	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	100
Col. & Hock. Coal	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	100
Del., Lack. & W.	157¾	158½	157¾	158½	280
Del. & Hudson	121½	122	121½	122	200
Den. & R. G. pf.	29	29	29	29	100
Dist. & C. F.	33	33⅛	32¼	32¾	6,470
Gen. Electric	44⅜	45	44⅛	44¼	830
Laclede Gas	15	15¼	15	15¼	200
L., N. A. & C.	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	200
Louis. & Nash	45½	46½	45½	45½	660
Lake Shore	122¾	122¾	123¾	122¾	100
Manhattan	128½	128½	128½	128½	50
Mich. Central	93	95¼	93	95¼	200
Mo., K. & T. pf.	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	100
Nat. Cordage	24	24½	23¾	24½	170
N. Y. Central	101½	101½	101½	101½	100
N. Y. & New-Eng.	29	29⅛	28⅝	28¾	630
N. Y., Sus. & W.	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	30
N. Y., C. & St. L.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	300
N. Y. & Nor. pf.	10	10	10	10	100
Phil. & Reading	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17⅜	360
Union Pacific	17½	17½	17¼	17⅜	460
West. Union	83⅛	83⅞	83	83⅜	1,500
Wabash pf.	15	15⅛	15	15	350
Total sales					77,010

Bonds.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
At., T. & S. F. 4s	69	69	68⅝	68⅝	$9,000
At., T. & S. F. 2d, A	37¼	37½	37¼	37½	12,000
Ches. & O. 5s	102¼	102½	102¼	102½	8,000
Chi., B. & Q. cn.	118	118	118	118	2,000
Chi. & N. P. 5s	41½	41½	41½	41½	3,000
Den. & R. G. 4s	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞	3,000
Ft. W. & D. C. 1st	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼	2,000
Georgia Pac. 7s	102	102	102	102	9,000
Kansas Pac. cn.	71½	71½	71½	71½	2,000
Mo., K. & T. 2d	40	40	40	40	5,000
Mo., K. & T. 4s	77	77	77	77	3,000
P. & R. 2d pf. inc.	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	10,000
P. & Read. gen.	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾	5,000
R. & W. P. 5s	21⅝	21¾	21⅝	21¾	5,000
Rock I. 5s, c.	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	2,000
St. L. S. W. 2d	19	19	19	19	3,000
Texas Pacific 2d	16½	16½	16½	16½	5,000
Wabash 2d	72½	72½	72½	72½	4,000
Total sales					$92,000

Mining Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Comstock Tun	.07	.07	.07	.07	1,300
Con. Cal. & Va.	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65	100
La Crosse	.07	.07	.07	.07	300
Ophir	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	100
Total sales					1,800

THE MONEY MARKET.

The money market was easier. Call loans on stock and bond collateral were made at 1½@2 per cent. The last loan was made at 1½ per cent.

Time money was unchanged. The supply was good. Rates were 4 per cent. for thirty days, 4½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days, and 5½@6 per cent. for four to six months.

Mercantile paper was dull. Rates were 5¾@6 per cent. for prime indorsed bills receivable, 6½@7½ per cent. for the best single names, and 8@10 per cent. for names less known.

In London call loans were quoted at ½@¾ per cent., and short and three months' bills at 1⅜@1½ per cent.

Clearing House exchanges were $77,498,283, and balances, $4,165,664. The Sub-Treasury's debit balance was $1,130,554.

The New-York Clearing House canceled $815,000 loan certificates, the amount outstanding now being $2,780,000. The Boston Clearing House to-day canceled the last of its outstanding certificates.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE.

The foreign exchange market was dull and weak in the morning, but closed steady at a slight recovery. The posted rates for sterling were unchanged at $4.83 for sixty-day bills and $4.85 for demand. Actual business was done at $4.82@$4.82¼ for sixty-day bills, $4.84¼@$4.84½ for demand, $4.84½@$4.84¾ for cable transfers, and $4.80½@$4.81 for commercial.

In Continental exchange francs were quoted at 5.22½ for long and 5.20 for short, reichsmarks at 94⅝@94¼, and guilders at 40¼ and 40½.

Domestic exchange in New-York was quoted as follows: Savannah—Buying, ¼ discount; selling, ⅛ discount to par. Charleston—Buying, ⅛@3-16 discount; selling, par. New-Orleans—Commercial, 150 discount; bank, par. San Francisco—Sight, 15; telegraph, 25. Boston—10@15c discount for cash. Philadelphia—Par. Chicago—80. St. Louis—75 premium.

SILVER STATISTICS.

Silver bullion certificates were not quoted. There were no sales.

The commercial price of bar silver was 73⅞ per ounce. Mexican silver dollars were quoted at 58½. In London, bar silver was sold at 33⅜d per ounce.

The Mercantile Safe Deposit Company has on hand 165,281 ounces of silver. None was deposited and none withdrawn. The number of certificates outstanding is 164.

The India Council at London to-day allotted 40,000 council bills on India at 1s 3¼d. This is the first allotment made since Sept. 20 and is at he same price as was then received.

CHANGES IN STOCKS.

ADVANCED.

Am. Cotton Oil pf.	1½	Laclede Gas pf.	1½
Am. Sugar Ref.	1½	L., N. A. & Chi. t. r.	2
Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	1½	Manhattan	3
Chi. & Northwest	¾	Michigan Central	5
Chicago, Bur. & Qy.	⅞	Missouri Pac.	¾
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	1⅛	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	1¼
Chi., Rock I. & Pac.	1⅛	National Lead pf.	1
Col. Fuel & Iron	2⅞	N. J. Central	¾
Consolidated Gas	2	N. Y. Central	1⅛
Del. & Hud.	1¼	N. Y., C. & St. L.	1
Del., Lack. & West.	3	N. Y., S. & W. pf., new	1
Ed. Elec. Ill.	2½		

DECLINED.

Evans. & T. H.	3	Pullman Car	¾
Ill. Central	1½		

RAILWAY AND OTHER BONDS.

The railway mortgage market was dull and irregular. The principal changes were:

ADVANCED.

Canada Southern 1st	1	Lake Shore 1st cn., r.	1
Ches. & O., series A	1	Mo. Pacific cn.	1¾
Del., L. & W. 7s	1	N. Y., S. & W. ref. 5s	1
Erie 2d cn	2½	Rock Island deb. 5s	1¼
Kan. & Tex. 4s	1⅝	Texas Pacific 2d	1
Kan. & Tex. 2d	2	Tol., St. L. & K. C. 1st	1⅜
Laclede Gas 1st	1		

DECLINED.

Chi., B. & Q., Den. 4s	1	Oregon R. & N. 1st	3
Col., H. V. & Tol. 5s	1⅜	Peoria & P. Union 1st	1
Den. & R. G. 4s	1	St. L. Southwest 1st	1
Kansas Pacific cn	1	Wabash 1st, D. & C.	2
Oregon Imp. 1st	5		

Government bonds were lower. The 4s declined ½. The sales on call were $50,000. Fours, registered, at 111¼.

The following were the closing quotations:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, 1891, r.	98	....	Cur. 6s, '96	104	....
4s, r.	111	111¾	Cur. 6s, '97	106	....
4s, c.	111	111¾	Cur. 6s, '98	109	....
Cur. 6s, '95	102	....	Cur. 6s, '99	111	....

In State securities $11,000 Tennessee settlement 5s sold at 68½@68 and $123,000 Virginia funded 2-3s of 1991 at 52⅛@52½.

BIDS FOR BANK STOCKS.

America	185	Importers & Traders'	560
American Exchange	145	Irving	140
Broadway	200	Leather M'n'fact'rs	200
Bowery	290	Manhattan	180
Butch'rs & Drovers'	170	Market & Fulton	220
Central National	110	Mechanics'	165
Chase National	450	Mercantile	200
Chatham	340	Merchants' Ex.	110
Chemical	3,800	Metropolitan	5
City	400	Metropolis	450
Columbia	200	Murray Hill	200
Commerce	165	Nassau	160
Continental	125	N. Y. Nat. Exchange	110
Corn Exchange	245	Ninth National	106
East River	145	Nineteenth Ward	140
Fifth Avenue	2,000	Nat. Bank of N. A.	150
First National	2,500	Oriental	200
First Nati'nal of S. I.	110	Phenix	115
Fourth National	200	Produce Exchange	125
Gallatin National	300	Seaboard National	173
German-American	115	Second National	300
German Exchange	300	Seventh National	125
Germania	300	Shoe & Leather	105
Greenwich	150	State of New-York	107
Hanover	300	Western National	100
Hudson River	150	West Side	200

Ten shares of Bank of Republic sold at 150.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

(*Reported by Messrs. Tobey & Kirk, 8 Broad Street.*)

	Bid.	Asked.
*American Bank Note	47½	50
American Surety	175	195
American Type Founders' common	..	25
*American Type Founders' pf	..	66
Atlantic Mutual Ins. scrip of 1893	100	104
†Atlantic Trust	249	255
Bond & Mortgage Guarantee	..	100
‡Buffalo Street Railway 1st	94½	96½
Broadway & Seventh Avenue	162	..
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 1st	100	..
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 2d	97½	..
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	100	..
Broadway Surface 2d	89	95
Brooklyn City Railroad	154	156
Brooklyn Elevated	20	20½
Brooklyn Elevated (Seaside ext. 5s)	80	85
Brooklyn Traction	15	17½
Brooklyn Traction pf	65	71
Buffalo Street Railway stock	43½	46½
California Pacific stock	6	9
Central & South American Telegraph	89	..
Central Cross-Town	148	..
Central Park, North & East River	180	..
Central R. R. & Banking of Ga. 1st 7s	100	103
Central Trust	920	960
Central N. J. Land & Improvement	..	75
Celluloid	..	84
Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw stock	2	5
Cin., Jackson & Mackinaw 1st certs	60	66
Consolidated Electric Storage	1	3
Continental Trust	150	..
†Dry Dock, East Broadway & Battery	118	124
Detroit, Hillside & S. W., (4 ℘ cent. L. S.)	83	86
†Equity Gas of Williamsburg 5s	25	45
Equitable Gas, New-York	173	176
Equitable Gas of New-York 1st 6s	103	..
Eighth Avenue	237	..
Farmers' Loan & Trust	..	675
42d St., Manhattan & St. Nicholas Av.	..	65
*42d St., Manhat. & St. Nicholas Av. 1st	108	111
42d St., Manhat. & St. Nicholas Av. 2d	..	58
Gold & Stock Telegraph	97½	100½
†Georgia Pacific 1st	89	92½
Georgia Pacific 2d	33	35
Georgia State 4½s, 1915	107½	109
Grand River Valley Railroad stock	83	..
Holland Trust Company stock	..	180
Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling bonds	..	100
Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling pf	90	94
Herring-Hall-Marvin common	..	60
Herring-Hall-Marvin pf	80	83½
*Int. & G. N. 1st coupon scrip	89	..
Iron Steamboat	..	12
Iron Steamboat bonds	61	69
†Journeay & Burnham	56	63
Journeay & Burnham pf	89	96
Kings County Elevated	9	11
Kings County Elevated 2d	..	32
Little Rock & Memphis 5s	28	33½
Long Island Traction	23	23¾
Lorillard pf. stock	100	102
Louisville, N. A. & Chi., C. & I. Div. 6s	100¼	..
Mutual Gas, New-York	138	143
†Manhattan Elevated 4 ℘ cent. scrip	86	..
†Madison Square Garden stock	..	9
Metropolitan West Side 5s	74½	78½
Mexican National Construction pf	4½	7
Michigan Peninsular Car pf	..	75
New-Jersey & New-York Railroad	1	3
North Shore Traction	16	17
National Union Bank	200	220
New-Orleans Pacific land grant	19	..
New-Orleans Traction common	17	21
New-Orleans Traction pf	..	65
New-York, Lackawanna & Western	105	107
New-York, New-Haven & Hartford	190	195
N. Y., N. H. & H. deb. 4s, (50 ℘ cent. paid)	77¼	79¼
†New-York & Greenwood Lake 1st	28	35
New-York & Texas land scrip	64½	..
Ninth Avenue Railroad	120	..
Natural Gas Trust	114	..
New-York Guaranty & Indemnity	300	..
N. Y. & N. J. Telephone	82	87
Northwestern Telegraph	101½	..
†New-York Biscuit	28	31½
†New-York Loan & Improvement	45	50
New-York Life Ins. & Trust	650	670
New-York Security & Trust	200	225
Old Dominion Steamship	70	80
Omaha & St. Louis common	..	1½
Oregon Pacific Railroad 1st	..	5½
Oswego & Syracuse Railroad	178	185
Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph	50	..
Pennsylvania Coal	260	280
Postal Telegraph & Cable	47	57
Pratt & Whitney pf	..	87
Prescott & Arizona coupon 1st	..	43
Standard Oil Trust	142	143
Standard Gas	..	24
Standard Gas pf	60	70
Second Avenue Railroad 1st 5s	101½	..
Second Avenue Railroad	105	115
†State Trust	195	220
Staten Island	56	..
South Carolina State 4½s	95¾	..
Southern & Atlantic Telegraph	75	..
Southern National Bank	..	100
Staten Island Rapid Transit 1st 6s	107	..
St. Joseph & Grand Island stock	..	5½
Third Avenue Railroad	138	..
Toledo, Ann Arbor & Mt. Pleasant 1st	42	52
Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City	1	4
Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City pf	..	12
Thurber-Whyland pf	..	31
Trenton Potteries pf	68	75
Trenton Potteries common	..	50
Terre Haute & Indianapolis	100	..
Terre Haute & Logansport	22	..
Title Guarantee & Trust	147	..
Union Ferry	60	62½
‡Union Ferry 1st 5s	94	96½
Union Railway stock ("Huckleberry")	135	145
Union Railway 5s ("Huckleberry")	99	101
Union Elevated 2d	37½	41½
Union Trust	..	705
United States Leather pf	..	83
United States Trust	750	800
United States Mortgage Company stock	165	185
Valley Railroad (Ohio) 1st 7s	90	95
Wagner Palace Car	119	..
Warren Railroad	138	..
Winona & Southwestern 1st	..	42
Winona & Southwestern	2	4

*Ex dividend. †Nominal. ‡With interest.

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

	1893.	Increase.	Decrease.
Atchison—2d week Oct.	$909,040	......	$22,594
Frisco system—2d week Oct.	173,236	......	39,817
Total system—2d week Oct.	1,082,276	......	62,411
Chic. & West Mich.—2d week Oct.	42,588	......	2,354
Det., Lans. & North.—2d week Oct.	24,553	......	3,382
Louis., N. A. & Chic.—2d week Oct.	92,521	24,118	......
From July 1	1,179,685	105,201	......

THE STATE OF TRADE.

Bradstreet's to-morrow will say:

"Still another business week is rendered conspicuous owing to the paralysis imposed on commercial and industrial operations by the revolutionary policy of the minority in the Senate. Larger representative manufacturers, jobbers, and other wholesalers in leading lines have been unable to operate with reference to the future supply or demand, and the result is that the great iron and steel industries remain practically on their backs, with no signs of a revival in either demand or price; in iron alone there is probably not more than one-third the output of a year ago; wool is being sold at concessions from quotations, and mill owners are taking raw material for actual needs only; textile industries generally are not finding the better demand expected at this time; leather industries continue much depressed; clothing manufacturers make unfavorable reports on the business thus far this Fall, and at some industrial centres, notably Paterson, N. J., a home of silk and iron factories and mills, the industrial situation has advanced steadily from bad to worse, and the end is not yet. On the other side of the account may be placed the relative activity in whisky and tobacco at Western centres, and in rice and cotton and fertilizers at some Southern centres, together with a heavy output of wheat flour at Northwestern points and large shipments of wheat to market within a week. Prices of staples show an upward swing of the pendulum with reference to wheat, corn, oats, pork, coffee, cotton, rice, phosphate rock, and naval stores. Chief decreases in prices have been for lard, hogs, cattle, and wool. Bank clearings, as telegraphed to Bradstreet's (exclusively) from all cities reporting clearings, aggregate $934,000,000 this week, which, while it is a gain of 3.4 per cent. over the total the week before, is still 32 per cent. smaller than in the third week of October, 1892, indicating a total volume of business, so far as it may be measured in this manner, one-third smaller than a year ago. Business failures in the United States this week continue numerous, which must be expected for some time to come. The total is 340, against 406 last week, 216 in the third week of October, 1892; 230 in 1891, and 202 in 1890."

THE COMMERCIAL SITUATION.

Wheat Moderately Active and Lower—Corn Dull and Easier—Cotton Lower.

Wheat was higher by ⅞c early in the day, as influenced by better cables and on foreign buying, but lost 1@1¼c through free realizing here and at the West, and closed weak at ¼@⅜c down.

Corn followed wheat, and closed at ⅛@⅝c below yesterday, with a dull trade.

Cotton was up about 10 points early, but closed at about yesterday's prices, with a fair trade, mostly local scalping.

Coffee was moderately active on local scalping, and closed at a partial decline of 15 points.

FINANCIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

—November coupons of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company's guarantee fund notes will be paid at the National Bank of North America, Boston. Holders of the guarantee fund notes extending the time of the same will receive checks for cash premium, payable Nov. 1, when their notes are presented for extension at the company's office, Boston, after Oct. 24.

—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent., payable at the Treasurer's office, in Baltimore, Nov. 15, to stockholders of record at the closing of the transfer books, Nov. 4.

—The Pullman Palace Car Company has declared the usual quarterly dividend of $2 per share, payable Nov. 15. The transfer books will be closed Nov. 1 and reopened Nov. 16.

—The quarterly interest on the preferred stocks of the H. B. Claflin Company will be paid Nov. 1. The transfer books will be closed Oct. 21 and reopened Nov. 2.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—The market has been very quiet to-day. Reading receivers' certificates this afternoon were bid up to 97 without bringing out any. Operators say that the coal trade is in a very good condition. Pennsylvania was steady at 50½, and it is expected that the dividend, which will be declared shortly, will be 2½ per cent. cash. Philadelphia traction was dull at 72½. There were some orders in Metropolitan, by which the price advanced to 95. A statement is being prepared by the company which will give a description of the property and a return of the earnings. The annual meeting was held a few days ago, but no report was given out. Baltimore Traction has not sympathized with the recent advance in stocks of that class, and the fact has created considerable comment. New-Jersey Consolidated Traction 5s advanced to 74, at which price there was a sale. Quite a considerable block of the bonds were absorbed at a little lower figure, and there appeared to be none pressing on the market.

Money is offered freely on call and time, and although institutions are trying to get 6 per cent., very little is wanted. New-York exchange was par. The total sales of bonds were $62,493, and of stocks, 12,794 shares, of which 3,890 were in Reading, 3,810 in St. Paul, 1,054 in Northern Pacific preferred, 421 in Philadelphia, 455 in Metropolitan, and 300 in Baltimore Traction.

Dick Brothers & Lawrence, 30 Broad Street, New-York, report closing prices as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Balt. Trac.	16⅝	16¾	North. Pac.	7⅛	7¼
Hunt. & B. T.	..	35	Nor. Pac. pf.	22⅜	22⅝
H. & B. T. pf.	..	50	Pennsylva'ia	50⅜	50½
Ins. Co. of N. A.	18½	19	Peo. Trac. 5s.	72	74
			Peo. Trac.	13	13½
Lehigh Nav.	49¼	..	Phil. Trac.	72	74
Lehigh Val.	82⅝	82¾	Phil. & Erie	25	25½
Met. Trac.	94	95	Reading	8¾	8 13-16
Minehill	65	67	Rochester	..	50
N. J. cn. 5s	74	..	U. Co.'s N. J.	223½	224
Newark P. 5s.	85½	86	N. G. Imp.	56½	..
North. Cent.	..	68	W. N. Y. & P.	4	..

THE BOSTON MARKET.

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—The market was strong all day, closing at a slight reaction from the highest. There was a good demand for bonds, especially Atchison 4s and Boston United Gas first 5s, the latter advancing to 77½. Atchison and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy were active, although the shorts were the principal buyers. There seemed to be more investment buying than for several days, owing to the more favorable news from Washington.

Copper stocks were a feature, Boston and Montana being in demand. Money is still very easy. Savings banks have considerable money to loan, and are not discriminating so closely in regard to callateral.

Messrs. Redmond, Kerr & Co., 41 Wall Street, New-York, report the following closing quotations:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Atchison	19	19⅛	N. Y. & N. E.	28½	28⅝
At. & Pac	..	2½	N. Y. & N. E. pf	60	..
Atlantic Min.	8½	9½			
Bay State G.	7¾	8¼	N. E. Tel.	52	..
Bost. & Alb.	..	202	Old Colony	172¼	174
Bost. & Low.	175	178	Osceola Min.	25	27
Boston & Me.	148	149	Pull. P. Car.	168	170
B. & M. M.	22⅛	23⅛	Quincy Min.	95	103
Boston Land	3¼	3⅝	Tam. Min.	126	130
Bell Tel.	187	188	Gen. Elec.	44⅜	44⅝
B. & Bost. M.	7	7½	West. El.	21	22
C., B. & Q.	80¼	80½	West. El. pf.	42	43
Cal. & Hecla	270	275	Wis. Cent.	5	..
Cent. Mass.	13½	14½	Water Pow.	1	1½
Cent. Mass. pf.	48	..	W. End Land.	13	13½
Cleve. & Can.	50	..	W. E. St. Ry.	56¾	57
Cent. Min.	2¼	2½	W. E. S. R. pf.	80	..
Domin. Coal	17¾	18⅝	*Atchison 4s	67⅝	68
Erie Tel.	..	42	*Atch. inc.	36½	37½
Frank. Min.	9	10	*C., B. & N. 5s	..	100
F. & P. M. pf.	30	35	*C., B. & Nor. 2d 6s	90	..
Fitchburg pf.	78	..			
F'hm'n's B. L.	2½	3½	*C., B. & Nor. deb. 6s	90	..
F. W. El. Co.	5	5¾			
Kears. Cop.	6	..	*Mex. C. 4s	50	51
Lamson S. S.	17	17¼	M. C. 1st inc.	..	12
Maine Cent.	..	112	M. C. 2d inc.	5½	6½
Mex. Cent.	6½	7			

*And accrued interest.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Diamond Match, usually a passive stock, was assertive to-day, being the feature of a comparatively quiet market. It opened at 124 and rose steadily to 130, on liberal buying orders from individuals close to the management of the trust. South Side and Rapid Transit certificates, which closed yesterday at 47½, also attracted some attention by opening at 50 and advancing rapidly on purchases of broken lots, the total of which did not exceed over 450 shares. The strength in this security is partly attributable to the large business the company is doing, the number of passengers carried yesterday being 199,979, with a daily average for the month of October of 177,000. Counter sales of the concern's bonds are increasing, with firmer prices. On transactions of 1,400 shares, in the morning call West Chicago varied downward 2⅛ points, opening at 147½ and closing at 145⅜. North Chicago's proclivities were also downward, with the first quotations at 243 and the last, at noon, at 240. Only 600 shares changed hands. The weakness in these cable stocks to-day is due to the wholesale liquidation on the part of holders of small lots, of whom there is a multitude. The inside clique, however, is apparently ready to buy all large lots to be offered. In the afternoon West Side was firm and active, closing at 146. There were only two sales of North Chicago at 238½. The proposition to allow five-share lots to be traded in for account has been negatived by the Governing Committee.

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co., 47 Exchange Place, New-York, report closing prices received from A. O. Slaughter & Co., Chicago, as follows:

Amer. Strawboard	30½	D. Match Co. of Ill.	129½
Cal. & Chi. Canal and Dock	44¼	Lake St. Elev. Ry.	22
		Mil. & Chi. Brew.	27⅜
Chi. Brew. & Malt. pf.	38	Mil. & Chi. Brew. pf.	34½
Chicago P. & P. Co.	51	New-York Biscuit	33
Chicago P. & P. Co. pf.	48	North Chi. St. R. R.	238½
Chi. So. Side Rapid Transit (Alley)	51	Street's West. Stable Car	25
Chi. City Railway	300	West Chi. St. R. R.	146

BONDS.

Cass Av. & F. G. R. 5s.	95	Chi. G. L. & Coke 5s.	83½
Chi. Dock Co. 5s.	98	North Chi. City Railway 1st 6s	102½
Chi. & So. Side Rapid Tran. R. R. 1st 5s.	89	North Chi. City Railway 4½s	95
Chi. & So. Side Rapid Tran. R. R. ex. 5s.	76¾	Nor. C. St. Ry. 1st 5s	98
Chi. City Ry. 4½s	96½	West C. St. Ry. 1st 5s.	97⅛
Chi. Pass. Ry. 6s	110	W. C. St. Ry. deb. 6s.	98
C. Board of Trade 5s.	100		

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The statement of the United States Treasurer, showing the classified assets of the Treasury and demand liabilities to-day, is as follows:

ASSETS.

Gold coin and bullion	$161,549,398
Silver dollars and bullion	333,950,840
Silver dollars and bullion, act July 14, 1890	152,308,714
Fractional silver and minor coin	14,638,274
United States notes	17,460,762
United States Treasury notes	2,125,200
Gold certificates	433,220
Silver certificates	2,579,871
National bank notes	10,846,523
Deposits with national bank depositories:	
General account	12,607,716
Disbursing officers' balances	3,804,352
Total	$717,304,870

LIABILITIES.

Gold certificates	$79,656,819
Silver certificates	332,869,504
United States Treasury notes	152,308,280
Currency certificates	10,945,000
Disbursing officers' balances, agency accounts, &c	42,164,356

The receipts from internal revenue to-day were $264,590; from customs, $329,192, and miscellaneous, $111,167. The national bank notes received to-day for redemption amount to $572,269.

CALIFORNIA MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.10	Mexican	.85
Best & Belcher	1.10	Ophir	1.40
Bodie Consolidated	.20	*Potosi	.80
Bulwer	.20	Savage	.50
*Chollar	.40	Sierra Nevada	.75
Consol. Cal. & Va.	2.70	Union Consolidated	.45
*Crown Point	.85	Utah	.10
Gould & Curry	.50	*Yellow Jacket	.70
*Hale & Norcross	.60		

*Asked.

SILVER OFFERS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—There were 150,000 ounces of silver offered for sale to the Treasury Department to-day, at prices ranging from $0.7360 to $0.74 per ounce, fine. All the offers were declined, the department making a counter offer of $0.7340.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

(Should be read daily by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending Oct. 21 will close (promptly in all cases) at this office, as follows:

FRIDAY.—At 10 A. M. (supplementary 11 A. M.) for Central America (except Costa Rica) and South Pacific ports, per steamship Colombia, via Colon, (letters for Guatemala must be directed "per Colombia";) at 4 P. M. for La Plata countries direct, per steamship Persian Prince.

SATURDAY.—At 4 A. M. for Germany, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, (Christiania,) and Russia, per steamship Ems, via Bremen, (letters for other parts of Europe, via Southampton, must be directed "per Ems";) at 9 A. M. (supplementary 10:30 A. M.) for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, and Turkey, per steamship La Touraine, via Havre; at 10:30 A. M. for Norway direct, per steamship Island, (letters must be directed "per Island";) at 11 A. M. for La Plata countries direct, per steamship Persian Prince; at 11 A. M. for Campeachy, Chiapas, Tabasco, and Yucatan, per steamship Orizaba, (letters for other Mexican States and Cuba must be directed "per Orizaba";) at 11 A. M. for Haiti, Cumana, and Carupano, per steamship Prins Willem II., (letters for other Venezuelan ports and for Curacao, Trinidad, British and Dutch Guiana must be directed "per Prins Willem II.";) at 11 A. M. (supplementary 12:30 P. M.) for Europe, per steamship Etruria, via Queenstown; at 11:30 A. M. for Netherlands direct, per steamship Obdam, via Rotterdam, (letters must be directed "per Obdam";) at 12 M. for Genoa, per steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II., (letters must be directed "per Kaiser Wilhelm II.";) at 12 M. for Scotland direct, per steamship Circassia, via Glasgow, (letters must be directed "per Circassia";) at 1 P. M. for Porto Rico direct, per steamship Camden; at *3 P. M. for Bluefields, per steamship J. Wilson, from New-Orleans; at 3 P. M. for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Jacmel, and Aux Cayes, per steamship Adirondack; at 9:30 P. M. for Para and Ceara, per steamship Lisbonense from Baltimore, (letters for other parts of Brazil and La Plata countries must be directed "per Lisbonense.")

Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Hawaiian, Fiji, and Samoan Islands, per steamship Monawai, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Nov. *11 at 6:30 P. M., (or on arrival at New-York of steamship Etruria with British mail for Australia.) Mails for China and Japan, per steamship City of New-York, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Oct. *20 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for the Hawaiian Islands, per steamship Australia, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Oct. *22 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Papeiti, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Oct. *25 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China, Japan, Hawaii, and Australia, via Vancouver, (specially addressed only,) close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, (sailing Mondays and Thursdays,) close at this office daily at 2:30 A. M. Mails for Mexico, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 3 A. M.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to San Francisco daily and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the East arriving on time at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.

*Registered mail closes at 6 P. M. previous day.

After the closing of the supplementary transatlantic mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German steamers, and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

CHARLES W. DAYTON, Postmaster.
Post Office, New-York, N. Y., Oct. 13, 1893.

ON THE LONDON EXCHANGE.

Rumor of a Silver Compromise Affected Americans.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Americans opened strong to-day on a report that the Senate Democratic caucus had agreed upon a compromise, and that purchases of Grangers had been made in New-York, after the close, at 1 per cent. advance.

Prices advanced slowly, on small transactions, but New-York opened below the level established here, and the closing was dull at about the lowest prices.

Northern Pacifics were firm on rumors of a change of management, in spite of the bad annual report. Tenders for £436,000 of Western Australia 4s were received today, the minimum being fixed at 97½. Six hundred and eighty-six thousand pounds were tendered for, and the allotments were all above 98.

American railway securities were strong in the London market. The principal changes were: Advanced—St. Paul, 2, to 61⅞; Illinois Central, 1, to 95; Atchison, ⅞, to 19½; Union Pacific, ⅞, to 18⅝; Lake Shore, ½, to 125; Louisville and Nashville, ½, to 47½; Kansas and Texas, ½, to 11⅞; Northern Pacific preferred, ⅜, to 22¼; Wabash preferred, ¼, to 15⅛; Reading, ⅛, to 9⅛; Erie, ⅛, to 14½, and Ontario and Western, ⅛, to 15⅜. Declined—Canadian Pacific, ¼, to 75½. British consols were quoted at 98 1-16 for money and 98⅛ for account.

He Always Enjoyed a Good Reputation.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Deputy Sheriff Pugstey to-day arrested James Fitzpatrick, of this village, in a civil action brought by the Anchor Brewing Company of Dobbs Ferry and A. Fink & Sons of New-York. The latter charges that, while Fitzpatrick was their agent, he collected $19,000 and accounted to the firm for only $15,000. In default of $5,000 bail Fitzpatrick was taken to White Plains Jail. The prisoner is a married man with a family, and has always enjoyed a good reputation.

Auction Sales of Stocks and Bonds.

LOUIS MESIER, Auctioneer.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF *STOCKS AND BONDS,* BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 25,

at 12:30 o'Clock, at the New-York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

By order of executor.

16 shs. First National Bank of Utica, N. Y.

For account of whom it may concern.

83 shs. Manhattan Trust Co.
20 shs. People's Trust Co., Brooklyn.
3,620 shs. Central Appalachian Co. of Belgium, Limited, preference shares.
25 shs. Kingston & Pembroke Iron Mining Co., hypothecated.
100 shs. Comfort Consl'd Mining Co., hypothecated.
$10,000 Peoria & Pekin Union R. R., 2d Mtg. 4½ p. c. Gold Bonds.
$2,000 Elizabethtown, Lexington & Big Sandy R. R. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Guar. Gold Bonds, 1902.
$5,000 Clearfield Bituminous Coal Corporation 1st Mtg. 4 p. c. Sinking Fund Guar. Gold Bonds, 1940.

By order of Messrs. MILES M. O'BRIEN and JAMES G. CANNON as RECEIVERS of the MADISON SQUARE BANK.

$5,000 N. Y. Concert Co. 1st Mtg. Bonds.
$6,000 Union Elevated R. R. 2d Mtg. Income Bonds.
$15,000 Prescott & Arizona Central R. R. 2d Mtg. Income Bonds.
$408,000 do. do.
$2,000 Prescott & Arizona Central R. R. 1st Mtg. Sinking Fund Bonds.
225 shs. Brooklyn Elevated R. R. Co.
30 shs. Madison Square Bank.
40 shs. Eastern Tinware Co.
30 shs. Manhattan Malting Co., (Montana.)
167 shs. East River Bridge Co.
1,000 shs. Laclede Gas Co., common.
247 1-11 shs. Prescott & Arizona Central R. R. Co.
200 shs. Utica Electric Light Co.
40 shs. German-American Real Estate Title Guar. Co.
$21,000 Prescott & Arizona Central R. R. 2d Mtg. Income Bonds.
$5,000 Utica Electric Light Co. 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. Bonds.
$2,000 Erie R. R. 2d Consolidated Mtg. Bonds.
$10,000 Saratoga Gas & Electric Light Co. 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. Income Bonds.
170 shs. German-American Real Estate Title Guar. Co.
10 shs. German Exchange Bank.
100 shs. Madison Square Bank.
50 shs. Washington Storage Warehouse & Van Co.
612 shs. Bridgeport Land & Improvement Co.
100 shs. do do
25 shs. Bridgeport Electric Light & Ice Co.
40 shs. Bridgeport Development Co.
500 shs. Prescott & Arizona Central R. R. Co.
800 shs. Automaton Piano Co.
550 shs. Automaton Piano Co.
278 shs. Madison Square Bank.
750 shs. Transit Improvement Co.
50 shs. Gatling Gun Co.
200 shs. North & South American Construction Co.
35 shs. Hazard-Hazard & Co.
40 shs. Bridgeport Development Co.
10 shs. Madison Square Bank.
50 shs. Cyclostyle Co. preferred.
250 shs. Cyclostyle Co. common.
1,065 shs. Automaton Piano Co.
150 shs. Cyclostyle Co. preferred.
500 shs. Automaton Piano Co.
200 shs. Brooklyn Elevated R. R. Co.
110 shs. Madison Square Bank.
500 shs. Prescott & Arizona Central R. R. Co.
400 shs. Fort Wayne Electric Co.
1,040 shs. Bridgeport Land & Improvement Co.
250 shs. Bridgeport Development Co.
20 shs. First National Bank of Moravia.
60 shs. Madison Square Bank.
25 shs. Publishers' Printing Co.
50 shs. Publishers' Printing Co.
25 shs. Publishers' Printing Co.
25 shs. Madison Square Bank.
10 shs. Madison Square Bank.
80 shs. Bridgeport Development Co.
500 shs. Automaton Piano Co.

Dividends.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Co.

Guarantee Fund Notes.

The COUPONS due Nov. 1, 1893, of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad Company's Guarantee Fund Notes will be paid on presentation on and after that date, at the NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, 106 FRANKLIN ST., BOSTON.

Holders of the Guarantee Fund Notes, extending the time of the same, will receive check for cash premium, payable Nov. 1, when their Notes are presented for extension at the Company's office, No. 95 Milk St., Boston, after Oct. 24, inst.

J. W. REINHART, President.
Boston, Oct. 19, 1893.

HENRY R. WORTHINGTON.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1893.

The Board of Directors of this company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of THREE AND A HALF per cent. on the preferred stock of the company, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after Nov. 1, prox. Transfer books will be closed from Oct. 24 to Nov. 2.

THEODORE F. MILLER, Secy. and Treas.

OFFICE OF EPPENS, SMITH & WIEMAN CO.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1893.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held this day, a Quarterly Dividend of Two Per Cent. was declared, payable Nov. 1.

Transfer books will be closed from Oct. 20 to Nov. 1. LEONARD B. SMITH, Treasurer.

PACIFIC BANK,
470 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1893.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent., payable on and after Nov. 1 next. The transfer books will be closed to Nov. 1, 1893. S. C. MERWIN, Cashier.

Meetings.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Third and Smith Sts., in Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday Oct. 25, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M. The stock transfer books will close Oct. 5, 1893, at 3 o'clock P. M. and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., Oct. 26, 1893.

E. F. OSBORN, Secretary.
CINCINNATI, Sept. 12, 1893.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Mountain Lumber Company, Limited, of Plattsburgh, New-York, held Sept. 19, 1893, Section 1 of Article II. of the by-laws of said company was altered so as to read as follows: There shall be an annual meeting of the stockholders on the third Thursday in November in each and every year, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of the New-York and Pennsylvania Company, Room 60, Times Building, New-York, N. Y.

CHARLES P. WATSON, Secretary.

Copartnership Notices.

PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, AND PARIS,
Oct. 21, 1893.

MR. ANTHONY J. DREXEL, JR., (SON OF our late senior,) retires this day from active business, and withdraws from our firms in Philadelphia, New-York, and Paris.

DREXEL & CO.,
Philadelphia.
DREXEL, MORGAN, & CO.,
New-York.
DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,
Paris.

FINANCIAL DIRECTORY

CLEARING HOUSE BANKS IN THE FOLlowing list are arranged in the order of their Association number.

BANKS.

National City — 52 Wall Street
Chemical National — 270 Broadway
GALLATIN NATIONAL. CAPITAL, $1,000,000. SURPLUS, $1,600,000. 36 Wall Street
National Bank of Commerce — CAP. AND SURPLUS, $8,664,000. 29 NASSAU ST.
MERCANTILE NATIONAL. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus Fund, $1,000,000. 191 Broadway
National Bank of the Republic — Wall Street and Broadway
Hanover National Bank — CAPITAL, $1,000,000. SURPLUS, $1,895,000. 9 AND 11 NASSAU STREET
The Nassau Bank — Corner Beekman and Nassau Streets
National Park Bank — 214 and 216 Broadway
Fourth National — 16 Nassau Street
Central National — 322 Broadway
Chase National — 15 Nassau Street
Fifth Avenue — Fifth Avenue, corner 44th Street
Lincoln National — 34 East 42d Street
Seaboard National — 18 Broadway
Eleventh Ward Bank — 147 Avenue D
Fourteenth Street Bank — 3 East Fourteenth Street
Hide and Leather National — 88 Gold Street

TRUST COMPANIES.

Continental Trust Company — 18 Wall Street
KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $1,000,000. 234 Fifth Av. and 18 Wall Street
Manhattan Trust Co. — 20 Wall Street
NEW-ENGLAND LOAN AND TRUST CO. The Debentures of this corporation are a safe 6 per cent. investment. 160 Broadway.
New-York Security & Trust Co. — 46 Wall Street
THE STATE TRUST CO. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $1,800,000. 36 Wall Street
Washington Trust Company — Stewart Building, 280 Broadway

Financial.

Louisville, St. Louis & Texas Railway Company FIRST MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS.

NEW-YORK, SEPT. 19, 1893.

AT A MEETING OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS OF THE LOUISVILLE, ST. LOUIS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY, HELD THIS DAY, THE UNDERSIGNED WERE REQUESTED BY THE HOLDERS OF A LARGE NUMBER OF BONDS TO ACT AS A COMMITTEE TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS.

ALL HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS WHO WISH TO CO-OPERATE WITH THE COMMITTEE ARE REQUESTED TO PROMPTLY SEND THEIR NAMES, ADDRESS, AND AMOUNT OF THEIR HOLDINGS TO THE UNDERSIGNED.

WM. H. MALE, Chairman,
39 WILLIAM ST.
SAMUEL D. DAVIS,
JOHN J. McCOOK,
COMMITTEE.

OFFICE OF THE CANTON COMPANY,
Northeast corner Toone and Second Sts.
CANTON, Baltimore Co., Md.,
Oct. 13, 1893.

By resolution of the Directors, notice is hereby given to the stockholders that Twenty-five Thousand Dollars will be expended in the purchase of shares of its capital stock.

All offers to sell must be in writing and inclosed in sealed envelopes and indorsed "Proposals to sell stock."

All offers received before 12 o'clock noon on the 14th day of November, 1893, will be considered, and the said sum will be expended in the purchase of shares offered at the lowest prices, the company, however, reserving the right to reject any or all offers.

Such stock, when purchased, will be canceled in accordance with the charter.

W. B. BROOKS, President.

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the transfer books of the General Electric Company will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Friday, Oct. 27, 1893, and be reopened Nov. 8, 1893, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of offering to stockholders of the company the shares of the "Street Railway and Illuminating Properties."

This action is taken in accordance with the privilege reserved to this company's stockholders in a contract made with a syndicate which has already purchased the entire amount of shares of said "Street Railway and Illuminating Properties."

Copies of a circular setting forth particulars of this offer may be obtained at the office of the Old Colony Trust Company in Boston, or The New-York Guaranty and Indemnity Company in New-York.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. S. BEVES, Assistant Secretary.
BOSTON, Oct. 17, 1893.

JAMES BOYS & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

50 and 52 Exchange Place,

Rooms 18, 19, 20, and 21,

buy and sell stocks and bonds, grain and provisions, cotton and coffee, for cash or on margin. Private wires. Market letter mailed free on application.

Unlisted securities and trust company stocks a specialty.

Commercial paper, city and country notes dealt in.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1893.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE TOLEDO, Ann Arbor and North Michigan Railway Company.—That your interests may receive necessary and proper protection, we request you to call at the State Trust Company, No. 36 Wall St., or at the office of the secretary of this committee and sign authorization thereon file.

GEO. QUINTARD,
AMOS F. ENO,
(Signed) J. EDWARD SIMMONS, Bondholders' Committee.
EBENEZER K. WRIGHT,
ERNEST DICHMAN,

D. C. TATE, No 96 Broadway,
Secretary Bondholders' Committee,
T., A. A. & No. Michigan Ry. Co.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE GENERAL first mortgage 4 per cent. registered bonds of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago Railway Company, and of the St. Louis Division first collateral trust mortgage 4 per cent. registered bonds of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company, will close at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1893, at 3 P. M., preparatory to the payment of their respective quarterly and semi-annual interest thereon, due Nov. 1, 1893, and will reopen Nov. 1, 1893, at 10 A. M.

E. F. OSBORN, Secretary.
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 18, 1893.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, $50,000 OR $75,000; long time loan on first class real estate in Washington, D. C., worth over $150,000; interest, 5 per cent. Address W. H. BARSTOW, Astor House, New-York.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO., NO. 59 WALL ST., ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Elections.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF the Nyack and Northern R. R. Co. for the purpose of electing Directors and transacting such other business that may come before them, will be held at the office of the company, 187 West St., New-York City, on Thursday, Nov. 2, 1893, at 10 A. M. The polls will remain open one hour.

JNO. J. DUFF,
Oct. 14, 1893. Secretary.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Projected Improvements on Broadway and Fifth Avenue.

The American Surety Company has sold to the State Trust Company a one-half interest in the property, 100 to 104 Broadway, with a branch on Pine Street. This property was bought from the Continental Insurance Company on Dec. 1, 1892, for $1,005,000. It has a frontage or nearly 62 feet on Broadway and is 100 feet deep. The Pine Street lot is 20.8 by 66.7 by 19.1 by 67. The intention is for the American Surety and State Trust Companies to put up a large ten or twelve story structure for the uses of the two corporations.

Plans will be filed during the coming week by Samuel Corn & Son for an eight-story brick, stone and iron store and office building at 139 Fifth Avenue, east side, between Twentieth and Twenty-first Streets. The plot is 33 feet front and 44 feet in the rear, 140 feet deep, and has an alley extending to Twentieth Street. The area of the plot is 5,000 square feet. The building will be ready for occupancy on May 1, 1894, and already the store and some offices have been rented for a term of years.

The Hotel Casa Alameda, at the junction of the Boulevard and Columbus Avenue, will be sold under foreclosure early in the coming month, by Bryan L. Kennelly.

At the salesroom in the Trinity Building yesterday Mr. Richard V. Harnett sold, in partition, 81 Perry Street, north side, 76.8 feet east of Bleecker Street, 24.8 by 95.3 by 25.11 by 95.3, three-story brick tenement, with two-story brick stable in rear. The purchaser was William J. Govern, and the price $12,800.

Mr. Harnett also sold, under foreclosure, the three five-story brick flats, with lots, each 25 by 100.11, 360, 362 and 364 West One Hundred and Seventeenth Street. Bernhard Rosenstock was the purchaser, at $22,500 each, just enough to cover the amount of the judgments.

New Buildings and Alterations.

Plans for the following new buildings and alterations were filed in the Department of Public Buildings yesterday:

By Annie C. Doyle of 206 West Ninety-sixth Street, six four-story brick dwellings, various dimensions, northeast corner of Convent Avenue and One Hundred and Forty-eighth Street, $84,500.

By George H. Beyer, alteration to a four-story brick dwelling at 157 Sixth Avenue, $10,000.

By Michael Kautz, alterations to a three-story frame building at 162 Third Avenue.

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

Friday, Oct. 20.

Henry St, 39; Sarah Dobroczynski to Oscar Dobroczynski........$1
Henry St, 211; Edmund T. Oldham, referee, to David N. Zerman........500
Henry St, 213; same to same........500
Clinton St, 128; Edmund T. Oldham, referee, to Marx Samuels........7,250
Christie St, w s, 150 ft s of Rivington St, 50x82; Henry Zahn and another to Manuel Kursheedt........1
27th St, 429 West; William P. Radley and another to James Rothschild........1
1st Av, 587; Henry Fisher to Leopold Rosenthal........100
48th St, s s, 425 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100; Augustus Holly to John McKelvey........1
Lexington Av, w s, 68.9 ft w of 69th St, 16x72; Mary E. Sepa to Beatrice E. Morgan........1
76th St, 593; William H. Jacob and another to Emma Jacobs........25,000
4th Av, e s, 80 ft n of 105th St, 20.11x100; Henry W. Fehn to Jacobina Englert........16,000
Same property; Jacobina Englert to Mary Fehn........16,000
132d St, 33 West; Elizabeth Washburn to Bridget C. Irsch........1
97th St, 124 West; Eugene C. Potter and another to Theodore Wood........21,000
Same property; Theodore Wood to J. M. Gans........21,000
113th St, n w corner of 8th Av, 25x100; William Murray to Mary E. Murray........1
Same property; same to same........1
146th St, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 25x200; same to same........1
146th St, n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 99x100; same to same........1
98th St, n s, 200 ft e of Amsterdam Av; same to same........1
133d St, n s, 175 ft e of 7th Av, 50x98.11; William Ellison, referee, to Annie M. Sadler........3,000
8th Av, n w corner of 106th St, 25x100; Marcus Hutchinson to John Batton........1
Audubon Av, w s, 50 ft s of 173d St, 50x100; Frederick W. Turner and another to Elsie Mahland........14,500
166th St, n s, 100 ft e of 10th Av, 25x100; Wilbur Larremore, referee, to William E. Stillings and another........2,500
Lot 159, map of Melrose; Timothy Garin to Hannah Garin........1
146th St, s s, 200 ft n of Leggett Av, 50x100; Cornelius Donavan to James E. Nolan and another........1,000
Bathgate Av, w s, 60 ft n of 179th St, 25x100; Emma Brown to Amy A. Null........1,900
Railroad Av, w s, 300 ft s of 182d St, 50x150; John L. Mead to Mary Mead........1

Recorded Mortgages.

Auten, Mary A., and another to Neall Winterbottom; n s of 12th St, w of Greenwich St, 3 years........2,000
Atterbury, Annie G. L., to L. B. Atterbury; n s of 86th St, e of 10th Av, 3 years........20,000
Diskie, Margaret, to Patrick Ryan and another; n s of 90th St, e of Columbus Av, 6 months........1,500
Hamersley W. Livingston to M. B. Maclay Committee; 140 West 32d St, 1 year........1,400
Hynes, Peter H., and others to J. H. Percival and others; 7th Av, s w corner of 23d St, 5 years........24,000
Hillier, Mary, to S. H. Olin, guardian; n s of 40th St, w of 2d Av, 5 years........1,500
Hillier, Mary, to S. H. Olin, trustee; n s of 40th St, w of 2d Av, 5 years........4,500
Haug, Otto, to Rudolf Haug; n s of 82d St, w of East End Av, 3 years........2,000
Heilner, Emanuel, and others to Emma Pretzfeld; s s of 104th St, w of 2d Av, 3 years........12,000
Heck, Mary, to J. S. Metzner; s s of 106th St, w of 3d Av, 2 years........700
Hohl, Charles, to Augustus Gareiss; n s of 133d St, e of Trinity Av, 3 years, (two mortgages)........5,000
Jacob, William H., and others to Aaron Barnett; n s of 76th St, w of Park Av, 1 year........16,000
Koerber, Martha W., to Robert Worthington; e s of Bathgate Av, n of Tremont Av, 3 years........500
Keary, Fanny, and another to United States Trust Company; n s of 155th St, w of 10th Av, 3 years........15,000
Mead, Mary G., to A. W. Griffin and another; e s of Railroad Av, s of 182d St, 1 year........1,500
Manheimer, Adolph, to Fanny M. Kingsbury; s s of 85th St, e of 9th Av, 5 years........6,500
McKelvey, John, and wife to A. F. Holly; s s of 48th St, w of 9th Av, 1 year........23,000
McAtamney, Eliza, to S. A. Sandhaus; n s of 115th St, e of 4th Av, 5 years........1,000
Mead, John L., and another to C. W. Gould; e s of Trinity Av, n of Westchester Av, demand........1,000
Spies, Henry, and wife to Home for Incurables of the City of New-York; e s of West End Av, n of 74th St, 3 years........15,000
Stillings, William E., and another to Sarah Friedlander, executrix; n s of 166th St, e of Amsterdam Av, 1 year........2,000
Schaeine, Louis, and wife to W. N. Hallgarten; n s of 94th St, e of Lexington Av, 5 years........5,000
Shanny, James, to F. W. Turner and another; w s of Audubon Av, s of 173d St, 5 years........9,500
Schneider, Joseph, and wife to Pauline Rapp; s s of 167th St, e of Railroad Av, 1 year........2,500
Whitson, Elizabeth T., to G. J. Garretson as executor, &c.; 68 Maiden Lane, 3 years........1,500
Wood, Theodore, to E. C. Potter; s s of 97th St, e of Amsterdam Av, 1 year........2,500
Williams, John M., and wife to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; West 11th St, s w corner of Hudson St, 3 years........15,000
Westcott, Nelson S., and wife to the Greenwich Savings Bank; s s of 48th St, e of 8th Av, 3 years........3,000

Mechanics' Liens.

Filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office.

Anthony Av, e s, 81 ft n of 175th St, 25x100; Dimock & Fink against Herman Masche, owner; Louis F. Krug, contractor........$80
166th St, n s, 140.8 ft w of Western Boulevard, 125 ft front; Climax Powder Company against James O'Brien, owner; Carretta & Co., contractors........149
148th St, 563 East; Spitalink & Goldstein against Mary E. Robinson, owner; Frederick Robinson, contractor........100
Dover St, s e corner of Water St; Moses K. Slines against Joseph Goldstein, owner and contractor........100
89th St, s s, 40 ft w of Boulevard, 60 ft front; Austin Gunnison against J. Edward Coar, owner and contractor; Edward A. Cruikshank, owner........687
57th St, 39 West; George W. Prodgers against David L. Einstein, owner and contractor........26,039
114th St, 69 East; Sylvester B. Jones against Eugene Del Genovese, owner and contractor........20
Same property; Henry Orr against same........25
Madison St, 289; Andrew Blaurock against Morris Berkowitz, contractor; Dora Scholski, owner........20

NOT STOLEN IN NEW-YORK.

American Express Officials Expect to Arrest Thieves Who Stole $22,500.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 20.—General Manager A. A. Antisdel, General Superintendent J. Trumbull of the American Express Company, and Special Guard Korsendorfer had a conference of five hours' duration yesterday, the result of which the express officials refused to divulge. General Manager Antisdel said to a reporter:

"We have come to the conclusion that the $22,500 missing from a package consigned to New-Orleans was stolen between New-York and St. Louis, and it will be only a matter of hours until we have the guilty parties under arrest."

F. F. Flagg, assistant to President James C. Fargo, said: "We do not think that the money was taken in New-York, but after it had left there. Arrests, if any are made, will be in St. Louis or New-Orleans."

President Fargo acknowledges the responsibility of the company for the money.

Treasury Department Changes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Official changes were made in the Treasury Department to-day as follows:

Appointed—B. F. Jossey of Washington, Immigrant Inspector; Charles C. Williams, Michigan, Immigrant Inspector; Alfred Smith, Illinois, Chinese Inspector.

Removed—H. H. Schell, Arizona, Immigrant Inspector.

Interior Department Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Secretary Hoke Smith has appointed Washington J. Houston of Georgia, John A. Gorman of Pennsylvania, and Peter R. Brady of Arizona to be Commissioners to negotiate with the Yuma Indians in California for the cession to the United States of such portion of their reservation as they may be willing to cede under the act of March 3, 1893.

Robert T. Hill of Comanche, Texas, has been appointed executive officer of the Geological Survey and John D. Bloodgood of New-York a special examiner in the Pension Office.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon sets (P M)
6 18	5 11	1 57

HIGH WATER TO-DAY.

	Sandy H'k	Gov. Isl.	Hell Gate
A M	3 52	4 14	6 07
P M	4 19	4 36	6 29

LOW WATER TO-DAY.

	Sandy H'k	Gov. Isl.	Hell Gate
A M	10 06	10 40	12 08
P M	10 34	11 08	12 36

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (SATURDAY,) OCT. 21.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Adirondack, Kingston	10:00 A M	12:00 M
Circassia, Glasgow	12:00 M	2:00 P M
City of Augusta, Savannah	......	3:00 P M
Ems, Bremen	4:00 A M	7:00 A M
Etruria, Liverpool	11:00 A M	2:00 P M
Island, Christiansand	10:30 A M	......
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Genoa	12:00 M	......
La Touraine, Havre	9:00 A M	12:00 M
Lisbonense, Para	1:00 A M	......
Manitoba, London	......	......
Obdam, Rotterdam	......	1:30 P M
Orizaba, Havana	11:00 A M	1:00 P M
Prins Willem II., Curacao	11:00 A M	1:00 P M
Suevia, Hamburg	......	7:00 A M
MONDAY, OCT. 23.		
Chattahoochee, Savannah	......	3:00 P M
Cherokee, Charleston	......	3:00 P M
TUESDAY, OCT. 24.		
Havel, Bremen	......	9:00 A M
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 25.		
Athos, Gonaives	......	......
Algonquin, Charleston	......	3:00 P M
Berlin, Southampton	......	6:00 A M
City of Alexandria, Havana	......	3:00 P M
Philadelphia, La Guayra	......	1:00 P M
Rhynland, Antwerp	......	4:30 P M
Teutonic, Liverpool	......	4:00 P M

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY, (SATURDAY,) OCT. 21.—Alsatia, Gibraltar, Oct. 7; Campania, Liverpool, Oct. 14; Caribbee, St. Croix, Oct. 2; Cienfuegos, Nassau, Oct. 17; City of Para, Colon, Oct. 13; Galileo, Hull, Oct. 7; Grecian Prince, Gibraltar, Oct. 1; Hesperia, Gibraltar, Oct. 5; Olinda, Lisbon, Oct. 3.

SUNDAY, OCT. 22.—Alaska, Liverpool, Oct. 14; Furnessia, Glasgow, Oct. 12; La Champagne, Havre, Oct. 14; Orinoco, Bermuda, Oct. 19; Persian Monarch, London, Oct. 7.

MONDAY, OCT. 23.—Berlin, Southampton, Oct. 14; Elbe, Bremen, Oct. 15; Muriel, St. Kitt's, Oct. 16; Saratoga, Havana, Oct. 19.

TUESDAY, OCT. 24.—Cufic, Liverpool, Oct. 14; Mobile, London, Oct. 13; State of California, Glasgow, Oct. 14; Westernland, Antwerp, Oct. 14.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 25.—California, Gibraltar, Oct. 12; Yumuri, Havana, Oct. 21.

Arrived—New-York, Friday, Oct. 20.

SS El Sol, Mason, New-Orleans, with mdse to J. T. Van Sickle.

SS Portia, (Br.,) Ash, St. John's, N. F., and Halifax, N. S., with mdse and passengers to Bowring & Archibald.

SS Pawnee, (Br.,) Phillips, Taragonia, &c., Sept. 21, with mdse to Phelps Brothers & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 2 P M.

SS Galileo, (Br.,) Whitton, Hull Oct. 7, with mdse to Sanderson & Son. Arrived at the Bar at 9 30 A M.

SS Saint Oswald, (Br.,) Attree, Samarang, &c., Aug. 11, with sugar to J. M. Ceballos & Co.—vessel to C. P. Sumner & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 8 A M.

SS F. W. Brune, Foster, Baltimore, with mdse to H. C. Foster.

SS Amos C. Barstow, Nichols, Providence for New-York.

SS Richmond, Dole, West Point with mdse to Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Dania, (Ger.,) Kuhlwein, Hamburg Oct. 9, with mdse and passengers to R. J. Cortis. Arrived at the Bar at 6 30 A M.

SS City of Columbia, Jenney, Norfolk and Newport News, with mdse and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Fanita, Simmons, Philadelphia, with mdse to W. P. Clyde & Co.

SS Carib Prince, (Br.,) Legg, Trinidad Oct. 12, with mdse and passengers to George Christall. Arrived at the Bar at 7 55 P M.

SS Hallamshire, (Br.,) Brown, Tilt Cove 7 ds, with copper ore to American Metal Company—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 11 P M 19th.

SS Campania, (Br.,) Haines, Liverpool Oct. 15 via Queenstown, with mdse and passengers to Vernon H. Brown & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 10 37 A M.

SS Croatan, Hansen, Georgetown and Wilmington, with mdse and passengers to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Ship East Lothian, (of Glasgow,) McFarland, Sligo 40 ds, in ballast to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Ship Buchnrst, (of and 35 ds from London,) Hamilton, in ballast to V. H. Brown & Co.

Bark Bremerhaven, (Ger.,) Brull, London 35 ds, with cement to order—vessel to Theodore Ruger & Co.

WIND—9 30 P M at Sandy Hook, W, moderate breeze, clear.

Sailed.

SS Catalina, for Santander; Pontiac, for Lisbon, &c.; Columbia, for Colon; Tallahassee, for Savannah.

Spoken.

Bark Erna, (Ger.,) Brane, from New-York Aug. 23 for Anjer, was spoken Sept. 11 in lat 33 N, lon 35 W.

Bark Hebe, (Swed.,) Holm, from Colombo July 1 for New-York, was spoken Sept. 24 in lat 37 N, lon 30 W.

Miscellaneous.

United States Revenue SS Commodore Perry, Capt. A. A. Singer, from Lake Erie via St. Lawrence River, arr. here to-day. The Commodore Perry is considered the finest vessel in the Revenue Service. The vessel carries four guns, a crew of sixty officers and men, and will sail for Puget Sound for police duty about Dec. 10.

By Cable.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—SS Charles T. Jones, (Br.,) Capt. Evans, from New-York Oct. 6 for Antwerp, passed the Isle of Wight to-day.

SS Pocahontas, (Br.,) Capt. James, sld. from Tarragona for New-York Oct. 14.

SS Victoria (Br.) sld. from the Azores for New-York yesterday.

Anchor Line SS Devonia, Capt. Campbell, sld. from Moville for New-York to-day.

SS Pio IX., (Span.,) Capt. Llorca, from New-York Sept. 5 via Santander and Lisbon, arr. at Barcelona Oct. 16.

SS Lydian Monarch, (Br.,) Capt. Morgan, from New-York Oct. 5, arr. at London to-day.

SS Runic, (Br.,) Capt. Lindslay, from New-York Oct. 10, arr. at Liverpool to-day.

Red Star Line SS Waesland, Capt. Bonce, from New-York Oct. 11 for Antwerp, passed the Lizard at 7 P M to-day.

North German Lloyd SS Fulda, Capt. Thalenhorst, from Genoa for New-York, passed Gibraltar to-day.

SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 20.—Hamburg-American Line Columbia, Capt. Vogelgesang, from Hamburg, sld. hence for New-York to-day.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 20.—White Star Line SS Bovic, Capt. Thompson, sld. hence for New-York at 7 A M to-day.

City Real Estate for Sale.

INSURE YOUR TITLE.

An abstract is worthless as a protection.

It is a mere opinion based on such facts as the examiner has happened to learn relating to the title.

7.

It is what D. obtained when he bought from Q., two lots on Franklin Av., Brooklyn, supposed to be subject only to a mortgage for $2,500. As a matter of fact, Q., before he had become the owner of the property, had mortgaged the same for $1,500., covenanting in the mortgage that he was the owner. A year later he bought the property subject to another mortgage for $2,500. When he sold to D. the latter's attorney did not discover the $1,500. mortgage made by Q. because it was made by him a year before he owned the property, and the ordinary practice of searching against an owner is to go back only to the time when he acquired the property.

D. sold the premises to M. in October, 1886, subject still to $2,500., the additional mortgage of $1,500. being missed as before. In February, 1893, M. sold to K., and on an examination of the title by this company, the additional mortgage of $1,500. was disclosed by the aid of its locality index, which searches against the property absolutely without regard to the time when deeds or mortgages are recorded, and M. had to procure a satisfaction of the $1,500. mortgage.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST Co

Offices { 55 Liberty St., N. Y.
N. E. corner 58th St. & 7th Av., N.Y.
26 Court St., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $2,701,084.

AUCTIONEER. AGENT.

Geo. R. Read,
REAL ESTATE,
9 PINE ST., ASTOR BUILDING.
BROKER. APPRAISER.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, CORNER 108TH ST.—Detached villa, lot 50x100; fresh artistic decorations; immediate possession; perfect condition; much below cost; small payment; low interest; equivalent to renting. Send for descriptive circular. ATLAS IMPROVEMENT CO., 18 Broadway.

Brooklyn Real Estate for Sale.

A SPLENDID RESIDENCE ON COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.

The private residence No. 96 Columbia Heights, formerly owned by Moses S. Beach, will be sold at public auction at Kerrigan's Auction Rooms, No. 18 Willoughby St., on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon.

The lot is 28.9x150, running through to Furman St. The house is 57 feet deep, is brownstone, three stories, and contains twenty-one rooms. It is in good condition, with the best sanitary plumbing. It commands a view of the river and bay, and is in an unsurpassed location for a gentleman's residence.

INSTRUCTION ADVERTISEMENTS.

Schools—City.

Young Men and Boys.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
34 AND 36 EAST 51ST ST.
130TH YEAR.
PREPARES BOYS FOR ALL COLLEGES, SCIENTIFIC SCHOOLS, BUSINESS.
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT, GYMNASIUM.
Dr. R. S. BACON, A. M., LL. B.
B. H. CAMPBELL, A. M.

KINDERGARTEN DEPARTMENT OF THE Teachers' College.—A two years' course required; number of students limited; privilege of electing work in ten departments of the college. Applications may be made at once for places in the class beginning September, 1894. For entrance in the present year, application may be made not later than Oct. 20. Circulars sent to applicants.
9 University Place,
New-York City.

CHAPIN COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,
721 Madison Av., (64th St.) 74th year begins Sept 27. Boys fitted for college or business. Well-equipped gymnasium.
Primary department, under careful instruction.
HENRY B. CHAPIN, D. D., Ph. D., Principal.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, Founded 1638.
241 AND 243 WEST SEVENTY-SEVENTH ST.
Boys prepared for College and for Business. Primary department, Gymnasium, Military drill under U. S. Army officer. Reopens Sept. 28.
L. C. MYGATT, Head Master.

WEST END SCHOOL. 113 West 71st St.
SEVENTH YEAR BEGINS OCT. 2.
Chester Donaldson, Prin.; Jonathan Dickinson, Jr., Vice Prin. Office hours, 8 to 11 A. M., 5 to 8 P. M.

LANGUAGES.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES;
Madison Square, (25th St. and Broadway.)
Branches in leading American and European cities.
Best instruction, reasonable fee, term begins now.

DWIGHT SCHOOL,
1,481 BROADWAY, (NEAR 43D ST.,)
a superior preparatory school for boys; careful preparation for all colleges, scientific schools, and for the Regents' examination.
HENRY C. MILLER,
ARTHUR WILLIAMS, } Principals.

DR. E. D. LYON'S CLASSICAL SCHOOL,
576 5TH AV., (removed from 6 East 47th St.,)
Reopens Sept. 28.
Thorough preparation for college or business.
Number limited. Primary department.

WOODBRIDGE SCHOOL. 12th year.
417 MADISON AV. REOPENS OCT. 2.
NO JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.
J. WOODBRIDGE DAVIS. DAVID A. CENTER.

IRVING SCHOOL, (BOYS,) 20 WEST 59TH ST.
LOUIS DWIGHT RAY, M. A.
Gymnasium. All Departments. Private Classes in Gymnastics, Languages, & Mathematics, 3 to 5 P. M.

FRANCIS B. ALLEN'S CLASS FOR BOYS, 13 West 42d St., reopens Sept. 28; number limited; especial care with backward boys. 11th year.

CLASS FOR BOYS, 22 EAST 54TH ST., REopens Oct. 4. Circulars sent on application. Fourteenth year. THE MISSES GRINNELL.

J. H. MORSE'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS. 423 Madison Av., New-York.

Young Ladies and Children.

MADEMOISELLE VELTIN,
DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
160-162 WEST 74TH ST.,
Will reopen Oct. 5 at the new specially-constructed FIRE-PROOF SCHOOL BUILDING.
Kindergarten conducted in FRENCH.

MR. FRANK DAMROSCH'S
PRIVATE
Sightsinging Classes for Ladies
AT ROOM 19, CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL.
SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

MISS MARY HARRIOTT NORRIS.
CLASSES IN HIGHER ENGLISH.
117 WEST 58TH ST.

MISS WALKER'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
148 Madison Avenue.
Reopens Oct. 2. Number limited.
School hours from nine to one. Primary class from nine to twelve. No home study for pupils under fourteen who remain until two o'clock.

THE MISSES ELY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
REOPENED OCT. 3.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
85TH AND 86TH STREETS, NEW-YORK.

THE SALISBURY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Central Park Plaza, 741 5th Av., New-York.—Boarding and day school; primary, intermediate, college-preparatory, and finishing. Mrs. Salisbury personally in charge. Individual instruction; light rooms. Reopens Wednesday, Oct. 4.

THE SIMMONS SCHOOL,
1,010 Madison Av., 28 East 78th St.,
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Primary, Academic, Collegiate. Certificate admits to the leading colleges for women. Reopens Oct. 2.

MISS S. D. DOREMUS'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
735 MADISON AV.
REOPENS OCT. 5.

THE MISSES GRINNELL'S
Day School for Girls, 22 East 54th St. Primary, Academic, and Collegiate Departments. Special courses. Kindergarten. Fourteenth year.

MISS GIBBONS' SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MRS. SARAH H. EMERSON, Principal. A few boarding pupils taken. Reopens Oct. 4. 55 West 47th St.

MISS GAYLER'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 174 West 86th St., will receive a limited number of boarding pupils; exceptional advantages offered at moderate rates.

HOME BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 607 5th Av. 36th year begins Oct. 3. Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Charles H. Gardner, Principals.

MISS JAUDON'S SCHOOL, 343 MADISON Av., reopens Oct. 4. Primary classes. College preparation. A few resident pupils.

MISS BRAGG'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS REopens Monday, Oct. 2. Classes for little boys. 1,509 Broadway.

MISS L. WINTHROP KOUES'
School for girls removes from 153 West 70th St. to 128 West 70th St.

AT MISS PERRIN'S, 696 MADISON AV., near 62d St., special classes in all branches of tuition; boarding pupils, $600 per annum; 15th year.

MISS BALLOW'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.—Miss M. S. Morgan, Miss E. F. Gallaudet, Principals. Reopens Oct. 5. 24 East 22d St.

VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG ladies and children, (founded 1857,) 280 West 71st St. Mme. VAN NORMAN, Principal.

MISS BARBER AND MISS MONTFORT'S morning classes for young ladies; academic, collegiate, and special courses; Oct. 4. 44 West 34th St.

MISS WARREN'S DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 108 West 81st St.—Primary, intermediate, academic. Class for boys in the primary department.

Apartments To Let—Furnished.

Hotel Renaissance,
43D ST., WEST OF 5TH AV.,
Several apartments, furnished and unfurnished, for rent.

Apartments To Let—Unfurnished.

"THE FIFTH AVENUE,"
1,037 AND 1,038 FIFTH AV., CORNER 85TH ST.
ONE ELEGANT OUTSIDE APARTMENT TO LET; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; ELEVATORS AND STEAM HEAT.
C. W. FUESS, Supt.,
ON THE PREMISES.

THE IROQUOIS.
EXTRA LARGE, LIGHT, SEVEN-ROOM FLATS. Bath, private hall, steam heat; private-house block; adjoining Central Park; elevated 93d St. station; one handsomely furnished. 79 West 91st St.

BUY A WHITE AND BRASS BEDSTEAD FOR your new home. "We make them" from $5 up. They are clean, strong, elegant, inexpensive. We also make springs, mattresses, pillows, &c. INTERNATIONAL BEDSTEAD AND BEDDING COMPANY, 35 West 14th St.

City Flats To Let—Furnished.

FAMILY GOING ABROAD WILL LET handsomely-furnished apartment; unusual chance for any one wishing elegant, refined home. E. MILER, 200 West 57th St.

City Flats To Let—Unfurnished.

APARTMENTS IN FIRE-PROOF BUILDING, 120 East 34th St.; elevator, electric light, liveried servants. Apply on premises.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET IN absolutely fire-proof house, No. 12 West 18th St.; immediate possession. Inquire of janitor.

To Let for Business Purposes.

VAN DYKE STUDIOS.
North skylight, north window light, steam heat, hot and cold water, elevator, baths, and closets; rents, $360 to $500 per annum; short block from Fine Arts Society Building.
ANDREW LESTER'S SONS,
56th St. and 8th Av.

Schools—Country.

Young Men and Boys.

COLEMAN
BUSINESS COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J.
832 TO 840 BROAD ST.
NEWARK & N. Y. R. R. BUILDINGS.
Enlarged and improved facilities.
Unsurpassed advantages.
BEST SHORT-HAND AND TYPE-WRITING SCHOOL IN THE STATE.
Rate low. Address for catalogue or College Journal, H. COLEMAN, President,
(Central R. R. Buildings,) Newark.

$155 YEARLY BOARD, TUITION; Seminary, girls; Military College, boys, young men. Address EPISCOPAL SCHOOLS, Haddonfield, N.J.

SEMINARY.—Special offer, free tuition, no profit, 88th yr.; send stamp; name Times; good board. No. Granvil, N. Y.

Teachers.

VISITING TUTOR.—English university man (classical and mathematical honors) offers his services in this capacity; experienced teacher; best references. A. M. Cantab, Box 151 Times.

PRIVATE TUTOR.—Graduate of Oxford, England; many years' experience; best city references. R. JOHNSON, 42 Washington Square.

A YALE GRADUATE, EXPERIENCED tutor, wishes private pupils; highest references. Address Yale, Box 130 Times.

GERMAN LANGUAGE, CONVERSATION, Literature.—Best instruction; pupils prepared for college. M. B., 68 West 19th St.

City Hotels.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL,
16th St. and Irving Place,
NEW-YORK,
(One block east of Union Square.)
A quiet hotel of established reputation with a cuisine of noted excellence. Moderate terms to permanent guests.
AMERICAN PLAN.

HOTEL VENDOME
American and European Plan.
This house is fireproof and absolutely safe.
Parlors en suite, with porcelain baths.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BATH.
DINING ROOMS ON TOP FLOOR.
BROADWAY AND 41ST ST., NEW-YORK.

THE SHERWOOD,
5TH AV. AND 44TH ST., NEW-YORK.
ELEGANT SUITES OF ROOMS, BY THE DAY OR WEEK. AMERICAN PLAN.
GEORGE MURRAY.

HOTEL WELLINGTON,
Madison Av. and 42d St.,
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One block from Grand Central Depot.
A family hotel of the best class, with special rates to permanent guests. Rooms $1 per day and upward. American and European plan.
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THE JEFFERSON,
FORMERLY HOTEL DAM,
102, 104, 106 EAST 15TH ST.,
OVERLOOKING UNION SQUARE.
Furnished and unfurnished apartments.
Rooms single and en suite, transiently or by the year. Hotel thoroughly renovated; new plumbing throughout.
JOHN CHATFIELD.

THE ABERDEEN,
21ST ST. AND BROADWAY.
Thoroughly renovated and under NEW MANAGEMENT. For transient and permanent guests. Special rates to families. Restaurant on top floor. Appointments strictly first-class.
GEO. F. ATHERTON.

THE LANGHAM,
5TH AV. AND 52D ST.,
OPPOSITE THE VANDERBILT MANSION.
A comfortable and commodious family house in the most select neighborhood in the city; choice and elegantly-furnished suites; most spacious rooms in any hotel; service and cuisine of the highest order.
H. C. SHANNON, Manager.

THE DUNMORE,
230 West Forty-Second Street.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
Furnished Suites, consisting of Parlor, Bedroom, and Bath. Restaurant and Café.
WILLIAM H. VALIQUETTE, Prop.

UNION SQUARE HOTEL.
J. H. FIFE, Manager.
European plan. Rooms $1 per day and upward.
Special rates during the Summer months and to permanent guests.
Union Square and 15th St., New-York.

HOTEL NEW NETHERLAND.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
5th Av., 59th St. and Central Park.
The Model Hotel of the World.
Prices reduced for the Winter to suit the times.
Orchestral music, morning and evening.

Hotel Renaissance,
43D ST., WEST OF 5TH AV.
STRICTLY FIRE-PROOF.
Several apartments for rent.

HOTEL NORMANDIE,
BROADWAY AND 38TH ST.
European plan. Absolutely fire-proof. Desirable suites at reasonable prices for the Winter.

Chicago Hotels.

"Attention, World's Fair Visitors."
FAIR REMAINS OPEN DURING NOVEMBER.
HOTEL INGRAM, CHICAGO, U. S. A.
Facing Midway Plaisance, 70 feet from exposition entrance; one-half block from N. Y. Michigan Central 60th St. Station; location unequaled; permanent hotel; 400 rooms; European plan; 100 suites, with private bath; moderate prices; Write or wire
WARREN LELAND, JR.,
Manager.

Religious Notices.

A SPECIAL SERVICE FOR THE CONSEcration of Deaconesses connected with the New-York Deaconesses' Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 241 West 14th St., will be conducted by Bishop Henry W. Warren, D. D., in the Madison Av. M. E. Church, (corner 60th St.,) on Sunday evening, Oct. 22, at 7:45. Addresses will be delivered by "Sister Dora" of London, England, and Mrs. Lucy Rider Meyer of Chicago. These ladies will speak also at the Metropolitan Meeting. Rev. C. H. Yatman, leader, at the Academy of Music at 4 P. M.

ANNIVERSARY DAY NEW-YORK DEAconess Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church.—4 P. M., Academy of Music, in charge of Rev. C. H. Yatman; 7:45 P. M., Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, (60th St.,) Rev. Ensign McChesney, D. D., pastor. At both services Sister Dora of London and Mrs. Lucy Rider Meyer of Chicago will speak. Everybody invited.

AT THE FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN Church, 34th St., near Broadway.—Rev. Dr. Kerr, pastor, preaches at 11 A. M.; subject—"Godly Jealousy." At 8 P. M., in the Boulevard Chapel, 93d St. and Boulevard, his subject will be—"Through the Heavenly Gates." Seats free. The public cordially invited.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, 4TH AV., CORNER 20th St.—Sermon at 11 A. M. by Rev. Theodore C. Williams, pastor. Sunday school at 3:30, in charge of Rev. William Ware Locke, associate. The public cordially invited.

AT LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, northwest corner 121st St., Rev. D. W. Morehouse will preach, morning at 11. Sunday school at 9:45 A. M. All are cordially invited.

AT SOUTH REFORMED CHURCH, MADIson Av., Corner 38th St.—Rev. Roderick Terry, D. D., pastor, will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

AT 18TH ST., NEAR 8TH AV., METHODIST. Dr. Wilson.—Sermons 10:30, 7:30. The great soloist soprano, Miss May John, Cardiff, Wales, sings all day.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, MADISON AV. AND 66th St.—Rev. Alfred Momerie, LL. D., of London, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

BRICK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, CORNER of 5th Av. and 37th St., Rev. Henry Van Dyke, D. D., pastor.—Rev. James S. Riggs, D. D., of Auburn Seminary will preach on Sunday, Oct. 22, at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Sunday school meets at 9:45.

BLOOMINGDALE CHURCH, BOULEVARD and West 68th.—Madison C. Peters at 11, on "The Pew's Duty"; prelude—"Prohibitionists as Saloon Protectors." 7:45, sermon to students and young men on "Dangerous Dishes." All welcome.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH, CORner 34th St. and Broadway. Rev. Henry A. Stimson, D. D., Pastor.—Morning service at 11 o'clock. Brief popular service at 8 o'clock P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY SEPULCHRE, (Protestant Episcopal,) Dr. Hughes, Rector, East 74th St. and Park Av.—Morning service 11 A. M. Evening service 8 P. M. FREE CHURCH.

CHRIST CHURCH, BOULEVARD AND 71ST St., Dr. S. L. Shipman, Rector.—Morning services, 11 o'clock; evening service, 8. Sunday school at 10 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, CORNER OF 34th St. and Park Av.—Services at 11 A. M. Preaching by Rev. Robert Collyer; subject: "The Parliament of Religions." Public cordially invited.

CANAL STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Greene St., near Canal.—Rev. Edward P. Payson will preach at 10:30 A. M. All welcome.

COLLEGIATE REFORMED CHURCHES OF New-York.

COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St.—Rev. Henry Evertson Cobb will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school at 9:45 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M.

COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 48th St. and 5th Av.—Rev. Edward B. Coe, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 29th St. and 5th Av.—Rev. David Jas. Burrell, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. Topic—"The Death Warrant of the Protestants of France," and 8 P. M., topic—"Four Wonders." Normal class for Sunday school teachers and others (this) Saturday, 8 P. M. Rev. P. S. Hulbert, conductor.

COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St.—Rev. T. W. Chambers, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and Rev. John Hutchins at 8 P. M.

COLLEGIATE REFORMED CHURCH, HARLEM.

FIRST CHURCH, 121ST ST., NEAR 3D AV.—Rev. J. Elmendorf, D. D., pastor, preaches at 11 and 7:45.

SECOND CHURCH, 123D ST. AND LENOX Av.—Rev. Wm. Justin Harsha, D. D., pastor, preaches at 10:30. Rev. F. H. Wright of the Choctaw Nation speaks and sings at 7:45.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4TH AV. AND 21ST ST., Rev. Henry Y. Satterlee, D. D., Rector.—Services Oct. 22: Holy communion, 8 and 10 A. M.; morning service and sermon, 11 o'clock; Sunday school, 3 P. M.; children's service, 3:45 P. M.; evening prayer, 5 o'clock; choral service, with sermon, 8 P. M. Rev. Prof. Richey will preach in the morning and Rev. Mr. Cameron in the evening. All cordially invited.

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, 57th St., West of 8th Av.—Rev. William Lloyd, pastor, will preach morning and evening. 11 A. M., "Thoughts About Christ." 7:45—"The Sacred Books of Great Religions." Subject—"Zoroaster, the Prophet of the Ancient Persians, Magians, and Fire Worshippers. Special music—Director, Walter Carroll Low. Solo by Miss Marcella Lindh, Gounod's "Ave Maria." Strangers welcomed.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.—Annual conference of New-York Local Union at Marble Collegiate Church, 5th Av. and 29th St., next Thursday and Friday evenings, 8 o'clock sharp. Thursday—Addresses by Rev. D. J. Burrell and Rev. John L. Scudder; committee conferences. Friday—Addresses by Rev. C. H. Parkhurst and Rev. A. W. Halsey; consecration service.

CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY, 5th Av., Corner 45th St.—Rev. Charles H. Eaton, D. D., pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Morning subject—"The Subjective Influence of Prayer"; evening subject—"Great Religious Masters—III., Modern Buddhism; Has Theosophy Anything to Offer Christianity Does Not Afford?" Sunday school, 9:30 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 57TH St., between Broadway and 7th Av.—Rev. Wilton Merle Smith, D. D., pastor, will preach to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Sabbath school and pastor's Bible class of young men at 3 P. M.; devotional meeting Wednesday evening at 8; Christian Endeavor meeting Monday evening at 8. Strangers cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, 5TH Av., Above 45th St., Rev. D. Parker Morgan, D. D., Rector.

Oct. 22—8 A. M., holy communion.

11 A. M., morning prayer; sermon by the rector.

4 P. M., evening prayer; sermon by the Rev. Arthur H. Judge, M. A.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
42d St. and Madison Av.
Rev. E. WALPOLE WARREN, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M., Holy Communion.
11.—Morning service; the rector will preach. | 7:45.—Evening service; Rev. M. G. Thompson will preach.

CHURCH OF THE ETERNAL HOPE, 81ST St., Between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs., Rev. E. C. Bolles, D. D., Pastor.—Subjects: 11 A. M., Our Creed, III., "The Spiritual Leadership of Jesus"; 8 P. M., Religious Catchwords, "Tempting Providence." All welcome.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, MADISON Av. and 35th St., Rev. Arthur Brooks, D. D., Rector.—Service and sermon at 11 A. M.; afternoon service, 4 o'clock. The rector will officiate. Strangers cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, (PRESBYterian,) Park Av., Corner 35th St.—Services, 11 A. M. The pastor, Rev. J. H. McIlvaine, D. D., will preach. Bible school at 9:45 A. M. Weekly meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M.

COVENANT CHAPEL, 42D ST., NEAR 2D Av.—Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Rev. George S. Webster, pastor, will preach. Bible school 9:15 A. M. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8 P. M. Strangers cordially welcomed.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.—Whole or part of large pew to let. G. BRADISH, 145 Broadway.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 TO 10 West 46th St., Rev. William H. P. Faunce, Pastor.—At 9:30 A. M., Bible school; at 11 A. M., preaching by the pastor; at 7:45 P. M. the pastor will preach; subject—"Traders in the Temple." All are welcome.

EPIPHANY BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON Av. and 64th St.—Preaching by President Andrews of Brown University, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Rev. Dr. Edward Judson will conduct the Wednesday evening prayer meeting. Strangers welcome.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5TH AV. and 12th St.—Services 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. The pastor, Rev. Howard Duffield, D. D., will preach. Sunday school, 9:30 A. M. Wednesday evening prayer meeting, 8 o'clock. A cordial welcome for all.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, 155 Worth St., William F. Barnard, Superintendent.—Service of song every Sunday at 3:30 P. M. The service is almost wholly by the children of the institution. Public invited.

FOURTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN Church, Corner 22d St.—The pastor, Rev. John R. Davies, D. D., will preach to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 8.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner 55th St., Rev. John Hall, D. D., Pastor.—Services Sunday, 22d inst., at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE METHODIST EPISCOpal Church, Corner 60th St.—11 A. M., preaching by the pastor, Rev. Ensign McChesney, D. D. 8 P. M., a meeting in the interest of Deaconess work; address by Miss Stephenson ("Sister Dora") of London and Mrs. Lucy Rider Meyers. Sunday school at 9:30 A. M. All are cordially invited.

MADISON AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN Church, (at 53d St.,) Rev. Charles L. Thompson, D. D., Pastor; Rev. Charles F. Goss, Assistant.—Dr. Thompson will preach at 11 A. M. and at 8 P. M. Morning subject—"The Test of the Gospel"; evening subject—"Christian Endeavor." Seats free.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, Corner of 31st St.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Henry M. Sanders, D. D., on Sunday, Oct. 22. Service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school, 9:30 P. M. Midweek Service on Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers cordially welcomed.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH, Corner 57th St.—Rev. Abbott E. Kittredge, D. D., pastor, will preach morning at 11; evening at 8. Evening sermon especially to young people. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8. Union Bible Class Saturday evening at 8.

MEMORIAL BAPTIST CHURCH, WASHington Square South.—The pastor, Edward Judson, will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Seats free. Strangers welcome.

NEW-YORK SUNDAY SCHOOL ASS'N. Special.—A public meeting on Monday eve. Oct. 23, at 8, in the Marble Collegiate Ch., 5th Av. and 29th St. Addresses by Dr. J. D. Burrell and Dr. W. Merle Smith.

1. Primary Union, this day, 2:15, Broadway Tabernacle Chapel; Mrs. Polhemus, teacher.

2. Teachers' Class, this day, 3:30, in Broadway Tabernacle; Rev. A. H. McKinney, conductor.

3. Teachers' Class, this evening, 8 o'clock, Madison Avenue Reformed Church; Rev. Dr. Kittredge, conductor.

4. Teachers' Class, this evening, at 8 o'clock, Marble Collegiate Church, 5th Av. and 29th St.; Rev. Palmer S. Hulbert, teacher.

5. West End Teachers' Class, this evening, 8 o'clock, West End Presbyterian Church, 105th St. and Amsterdam Av.; Rev. James A. Francis, conductor.

6. The 13th Street Presbyterian Church, between 6th and 7th Avs., this evening, 8 P. M.; Rev. W. D. Buchanan, teacher.

7. Superintendents' Class, Tuesday, 4 o'clock, in Fulton Street Chapel; Mr. Ralph Wells, teacher.

8. Bible teachers of Harlem, Tuesday, 8 P. M., St. James's Church, 126th St. and Madison Av.

These classes are free and all are welcome.

NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH, EAST 35TH St., Between Park and Lexington Aves.—Rev. S. S. Seward, pastor. Sunday school, with adult classes, at 11 o'clock. Services at 11 A. M. Subject—"The Church at Pergamos."

PHILLIPS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av., Corner 73d St., Geo. L. Spining, D. D., Pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Preaching by the pastor.

RUTGERS RIVERSIDE PRESBYTERIAN Church, Boulevard, Corner West 73d St., Rev. Robert Russell Booth, D. D., Pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and at 4 P. M.

ST. IGNATIUS'S CHURCH, 56 WEST 40TH ST.—Low mass, 7, 7:45, 8:30, 9:15; solemn mass, (Mozart's 1st,) 11 A. M.; vespers and adoration, 4:30; sermon, 8 P. M. Fr. Ritchie will preach morning and evening. Subjects—"A Portion to Seven and to Eight," and the "Fifth Commandment."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST EPISCOPAL Church, Rev. A. J. Palmer, D. D., Pastor.—Services at 150 5th Av., corner 20th St. 10:30 A. M., half hour of prayer. 11 A. M., sermon by the pastor. Sunday school at the close of morning service, 12 M. All are cordially welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, 5TH AV., CORNER 127th St.—Services 8 and 11 A. M., 4 and 7:30 P. M. Rev. Dr. Van De Water preaches morning and evening. Subjects—"The Conflict" and "The Armor."

ST. ANDREW'S M. E. CHURCH, WEST 76TH St., near Columbus Av.—The pastor, Rev. George W. Miller, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. on "The Secret of True Vision," and at 7:45 P. M. on "Jacob's Awakening." 2:30 P. M., Sunday school.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, 44TH ST. and Madison Av., Rev. David H. Greer, D. D., Rector.—Service in the morning at 11 o'clock. Service in the afternoon at 4 o'clock. Dr. Greer will officiate.

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.—Lecture by Prof. Felix Adler at Music Hall, corner 57th St. and 7th Av., at 11:15 A. M. Subject—"What We Stand For." All interested are invited.

THIRTEENTH STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church, between 6th and 7th Avs.—Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan preaches at 10:30 A. M. Evening—Wade memorial service. Strangers cordially welcomed.

UNIVERSITY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Corner 10th St., Rev. George Alexander, D. D., Pastor.—Public worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 42D ST., Between 5th and 6th Avs.—The pastor, Rev. John R. Paxton, D. D., will preach to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

TIMES, UP TOWN OFFICE,
1,269 Broadway..........Near 32d Street
Open daily, Sundays included, from 5 A. M. to 9 P. M

Boarders Wanted.

TIMES, UP TOWN OFFICE,
1,269 Broadway..........Near 32d Street
Open daily, Sundays included, from 5 A. M. to 9 P. M

1.—38TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large handsome suite of rooms on second floor; singly or en suite; excellent board; reference.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Large connecting parlors; other rooms; newly decorated; well furnished; excellent table; moderate.

22D ST., 26 WEST.—Parlor floor, handsomely furnished, for small family; board optional; references.

26 EAST 11TH ST.—Large sunny room, with connecting room; three gentleman or family; table excellent.

46TH ST., 27 EAST.—Pleasant, sunny front rooms; all conveniences; with or without board.

47TH ST., 28 EAST. CORNER MADISON AV.—Second floor, four rooms, with private bath, with board; reference.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Beautifully-furnished, newly-decorated large second story front, connecting hall room; separate if desired; house and table strictly first-class.

76TH ST., 65 WEST.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, singly or en suite; gentlemen only; board optional; references exchanged.

717 LEXINGTON AV., NEAR 58TH ST.—Handsome, comfortable rooms; all conveniences; excellent table and location.

HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED LARGE AND small rooms; board optional. Corner of 92d St. and Central Park West.

MADISON AV. CORNER, 24 EAST 75TH.—Handsome rooms, en suite or singly; appointments strictly first-class.

Furnished Rooms.

5TH AV., 568.—One or two elegantly-furnished rooms; all conveniences.

43 WEST 18TH ST.—Handsome apartments; private bath; meals if desired; first-class parties; gentlemen preferred.

65 WEST 49TH ST.—A strictly-private family will rent large, sunny room to a gentleman.

447 LEXINGTON AV.—Large, comfortable room for two; all conveniences; references. Owner.

THE BURLINGTON,
West 30th St., near 5th Av. Handsome furnished apartment to let. Meals à la carte.

Autumn Resorts.

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BERKSHIRE INN,
(Sign of the Golden Lion.)
Fall and Winter resort amid the Berkshire Hills.
Whole piazza front glazed; steam heat; open fires.
All needful provision for health and comfort insured.
Matchless foliage, charming drives and scenery.
Absence of wind. Elevated and dry atmosphere contribute to make it most attractive resort within four hours of New-York.
Address CALEB TICKNOR,
Owner and Proprietor, Great Barrington, Mass.

NEW-YORK.

An Ideal Hotel at Last!
The Hotel of the World.
Seeing Is Believing.
Halcyon Hall, Millbrook, Dutchess County, New-York. An all-round-year resort. Closes this year Dec. 5. Ninety miles from New-York. Elevation, 1,000 feet. Russian Royal Court Orchestra three times daily. Write Manager for illustrated prospectus. Take N. Y. Central R. R. at 10:30 A. M., 2½ hours from New-York, or 3:45 P. M., 2¾ hours from New-York.

WHEN IN BUFFALO STOP AT THE GENESEE. NIAGARA FALLS forty minutes away.

Winter Resorts.

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LAKEWOOD, N. J., HOTEL LENNOX,
Now open. Every modern improvement. All the appointments entirely new. D. H. PAUL, L. Box 273.

Dancing.

CARL MARWIG.
School for Dancing.
JAEGER'S BUILDING.
Cor. Madison Av. and 59th St.

T. GEORGE DODWORTH,
No. 681 5th Av.,
Reopens Saturday, Oct. 21, class and private lessons. (New) Tuxedo Lancers.

ALEXANDER MACGREGOR'S MENDELSsohn Assembly Rooms, 108 West 55th St. Class and private lessons daily in dancing.

GEORGE WALLACE'S SCHOOLS,
Music Hall, 57th St., 7th Av. Harlem 80, 82 West 126th St. See circular.

The Turf.

Linden Park, New-Jersey, Races!!!
Every day until Thursday, Oct. 26.
Six races each day. Commencing at 2 P. M.
Trains by Pennsylvania Railroad from Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. at 6:30, 8:10, 9:10, 10:00 A. M., 12:10, 12:40 special, 1:00 special, and 1:20 P. M. special. Annex boat from Brooklyn 20 minutes earlier. Fare, round trip, including Grand Stand Badge, for Gentleman, $1.50; for Lady, $1.00.

Proposals.

PROPOSALS FOR BACON, MESS PORK, AND Lard.—Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., Sept. 28, 1893.—Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Bacon, Lard, and Mess Pork," as the case may be, and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received until 1 o'clock P. M. of Thursday, Oct. 26, 1893, for furnishing for the Indian service about 700,000 pounds bacon, 47,000 pounds lard, and 650 barrels mess pork. Bids must be made out on Government blanks. Schedules showing the kind and quantities, together with blank proposals and forms for contract and bond, conditions to be observed by bidders, and all other necessary instructions, will be furnished upon application to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C. Deliveries of the above-mentioned articles may be made either at New-York, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Kansas City, Sioux City, or Omaha—to be specified in the bid—subject to inspection at such point as may be designated by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. All deliveries to be made within thirty (30) days after approval of contracts. Bids will be opened at the hour and date above specified, and bidders are invited to be present at the opening. Certified checks.—Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States depository, the National Park Bank of New-York City, or the First National Bank of San Francisco, Cal., made payable to the order of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for at least 5 per cent. of the amount of the proposal, which check or draft will be forfeited to the United States in case any bidder or bidders receiving an award shall fail to promptly execute a contract with good and sufficient sureties, otherwise to be returned to the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, or any part of any bid, if deemed for the best interests of the Government. D. M. BROWNING, Commissioner.

PROPOSALS FOR RECONSTRUCTION OF Boiler Shop, Building No. 10, at the United States Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.—Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., October 19, 1893.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, endorsed "Proposals for Reconstruction of Boiler Shop, Building No. 10, at the United States Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.," will be received at this Bureau until 1 o'clock P. M., on Saturday, November 18, 1893, and publicly opened immediately thereafter. Specifications and blank forms of proposal will be forwarded upon application to this Bureau or to the Commandant of the Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H. Bidders are expected to fully inform themselves of the character of the work required by visiting the yard, or Bureau, where plans may be examined. Responsible security will be required for the faithful performance of the contract, and the right is reserved to reject any or all proposals not deemed advantageous to the Government, and to waive defects. A bond for the sum of two thousand dollars, ($2,000,) must accompany bids for the work. N. H. FARQUHAR, Chief of Bureau.

PROPOSALS FOR POTATOES AND ONIONS.—Headquarters Department of the East, Office of Chief Commissary of Subsistence, No. 39 Whitehall Street, New-York, N. Y., Sept. 26, 1893.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office and, for particular posts, at the offices of the Acting Commissaries of Subsistence thereof, respectively, until 12 o'clock M., Eastern standard time, on Thursday, the 26th day of October 1893, at which time and places they will be opened in presence of bidders, for the furnishing and delivery of the potatoes and onions, respectively, that, from time to time, may be required, at Forts Columbus, Hamilton, Schuyler, Wadsworth, and Wood, respectively, during the seven months commencing December 1, 1893. For blank proposals and further information apply to the undersigned, or, with respect to a particular post, to the Acting Commissary of Subsistence thereof. J. W. BARRIGER, Lt. Col. and A. C. G. S., Chief C. S.

PROPOSALS FOR POTATOES AND ONIONS.—Office of Assistant Commissary General of Subsistence, No. 39 Whitehall Street, New-York, N. Y., Sept. 26, 1893.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office, and, for particular posts, at the offices of the Acting Commissaries of Subsistence thereof, respectively, until 12 o'clock M., Eastern standard time, on Wednesday, the 25th day of October, 1893, at which time and places they will be opened in presence of bidders, for the furnishing and delivery of the potatoes and onions, respectively, that, from time to time, may be required, at the posts of Davids Island, West Point, and Willets Point, respectively, during the seven months commencing December 1, 1893. For blank proposals and further information apply to the undersigned, or, with respect to a particular post, to the Acting Commissary of Subsistence thereof. J. W. BARRIGER, Lt. Col. and A. C. G. S.

Amusements.

MUSIC HALL. 57th St. and 7th Av.
Symphony Society of N.Y.
Sixteenth Season of 1893-1894.
WALTER DAMROSCH..Conductor
Soloists:
AMALIA MATERNA,
LILLIAN NORDICA,
VLADIMIR DE PACHMANN,
HENRI MARTEAU,
ADOLPH BRODSKY,
PLUNKET GREENE.
Six Friday Aft. Concerts and Six Saturday Evg. Concerts
Nov. 10, 11.
Dec. 8, 9.
Jan. 5, 6.
Jan. 26, 27.
Feb. 16, 17.
March 16, 17.
Subscribers of last season may renew their subscription at Music Hall from Monday, Oct. 16, until Saturday, Oct. 21, incl., from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. On and after Tuesday, Oct. 24, unclaimed seats and boxes will be sold to new subscribers. For full particulars, address Morris Reno, Music Hall.

CARNEGIE HALL.
On View Daily from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.
THE LIVING CHRIST
As the FRIEND OF THE PEOPLE
PAINTED BY
JOHN THEO. DORE BENTLEY.
Admission, 50c. Sunday, 25c.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
Messrs. ABBEY, SCHOEFFEL & GRAU,
Lessees and Managers.
GRAND OPERA.
Season of 1893-4,
COMMENCING NOV. 27, 1893.
Season 13 weeks—39 nights, 13 matinées.
Prices.

Orchestra chairs	$5.00
Orchestra circle chairs, front row	5.00
Orchestra circle chairs, other rows	4.00
Dress circle	3.00
Balcony (1, 2, 3,) row	2.50
Balcony, other rows	2.00
Family circle (1, 2, 3,) row	1.50
Family circle, other rows	1.00

Open boxes, four seats, $25 and $20.
Grand tier boxes, six seats, $3,000 for season.
Subscriptions now open at the office, 7th Av. and 40th St.
H. M. McLAREN,
Subscription Department.

"The Choicest ever shown in this country."
Loan Exhibition,
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,
23d St. and 4th Av.
DAY AND EVENING.

HERRMANN'S.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.
RICHARD MANSFIELD
IN
PRINCE KARL.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:30,
DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE.
Monday, Oct. 23, THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.

14TH STREET THEATRE. Matinée to-day.
IF—NOT—WELL—SATISFIED
WE'LL GIVE YOUR MONEY BACK!
NOBODY HAS ASKED FOR IT, YET
HOUSES ARE PACKED.
The voice of the people praise
THE CORNCRACKER.
By Joseph Arthur, author of "Blue Jeans" and "Still Alarm."
SHRIEKS OF LAUGHTER.
FLOODS OF TEARS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 14th St. and Irving Pl.
MONDAY, OCT. 23.
A grand new production of
IN OLD KENTUCKY.
MATS. Wed. and Sat. at 2. Eve. at 8.
PRICES, $1, 75c., 50c., AND 25c.
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

DALY'S THEATRE. Broadway and 30th St.
Under the sole management of Mr. Augustin Daly
SOL SMITH RUSSELL.
Every Evening at 8:15,
The Eminent Comedian,
SOL SMITH RUSSELL,
in Mr. E. E. Kidder's
Successful Comedy-Drama,
PEACEFUL VALLEY.
Matinées TO-DAY and WEDNESDAY at 2.

GARDEN THEATRE.
LAST TWO PERFORMANCES.
HINRICHS GRAND OPERA COMPANY.
THIS AFTERNOON AT 2, RIGOLETTO.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:15,
By request the double bill,
CAVALLERIA AND PAGLIACCI.
Next week—MARIE TEMPEST—The Algerians.

LYCEUM THEATRE..........4th Av. and 23d St.
DANIEL FROHMAN..........Manager
E. H. SOTHERN — in SHERIDAN;
E. H. SOTHERN — or,
E. H. SOTHERN — THE MAID OF BATH.
At 8:15. Matinées THURSDAY and SATURDAY.
THE LYCEUM STOCK COMPANY
at the Columbia Theatre, Brooklyn, this week,
in AMERICANS ABROAD.

5TH AV. THEATRE. H. C. MINER...Prop.
LAST 2 WEEKS.
Evenings, 8:15. Mat. To-day, 2:15.
MR. NAT. C. GOODWIN
"IN MIZZOURA."

STAR THEATRE.
MR. AND MRS. KENDAL.
This week and next only,
THE SECOND MRS. TANQUERAY.
THE SECOND MRS. TANQUERAY.
Evenings, 8 sharp. Matinées Saturday at 2.

KOSTER & BIAL'S, 34TH ST. TO-DAY.
GRAND MATINEE 2:15 P. M.
VAUDEVILLE AND BALLET.
Next Week—MONS. AND MLLE. DEL-MELY.

BIJOU THEATRE. B'way, near 30th St.
Evenings at 8:15. Matinées Wed. and Sat.
LOTTIE COLLINS
in her latest London successes, including "MARGUERITE," in conjunction with the
NEW HOWARD ATHENÆUM COMPANY.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Evening at 8. Matinée Saturday at 2.
FRANCIS WILSON'S | Magnificent Production, ERMINIE.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
Last MATINEE. Last NIGHT.
LIBERTY HALL.
TUESDAY, Oct. 24—Regular Season.
THE YOUNGER SON.

HOYT'S MADISON SQUARE THEATRE.
Hoyt & Thomas, Sole Managers.
EVE'GS AT 8:30. MAT. TO-DAY AT 2:15.
HOYT'S A TEMPERANCE TOWN.

STANDARD THEATRE. Evenings at 8:30. Matinée To-day at 2:15.
Greatest Hit Ever in New-York.
CHARLEY'S AUNT.

PALMER'S THEATRE. Ev'gs 8:15. Mat. To-day.
Surprise Party Continuing
RICE'S Its Enormous Success. 1492
New Music, Dances, Drolleries.
150th Souvenir Performance Dec. 4.

HARRIGAN'S THEATRE. M. W. Hanley, Mgr.
Houses crowded nightly | Mr. Edward Harrigan's new play, THE WOOLLEN STOCKING.
Five New Songs by Dave Braham.
Wednesday | Matinées | Saturday.

CHICKERING HALL. De Pachmann.
TUESDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 24, AT 3:15.
De PACHMANN.
Seats at Schuberth's, 23 Union Square, and at hall.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Ev. at 8. Mat. to-day, Wed. at 2.
THE MIDNIGHT ALARM.
NEXT WEEK—J. K. Emmet, Fritz in Prosperity.

NIBLO'S. 8:15. MAT. TO-DAY AT 2
LAST 3 WEEKS | THE LILIPUTIANS IN
A TRIP TO MARS.

Delmore the Talk of the Town!
EDEN MUSEE. World in Wax.
General Admission, 50c.
MATINEES DAILY AT 2:30.
EVENING AT 8:00.
Grand Vaudeville Performance.

FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP GAME TO-DAY.
PRINCETON vs. CORNELL.
At Manhattan Field, 155th St. and 8th Av. 3 P. M.
Admission, $1; grand stand, $2.

AMERICAN THEATRE. Sat. Matinée
THE PRODIGAL DAUGHTER.

DORE GALLERY.
7th Av. and 53d St.
GUSAVE DORE'S
SUBLIME PAINTINGS
10 A. M. to 6 P. M. daily.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Eve. 8:15. Sat. Mat.
Last two performances of The Grasswidow. Monday next, first time, Lolo's Father.

Open from 1 P. M. until Midnight. | THE CRYSTAL MAZE. | Broadway and 38th St.

Lectures.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.
A course of six lectures on
The Westward Growth of the United States During the Revolutionary War.
will be given by
HON. THEODORE ROOSEVELT,
in Room 11, Library Building, on successive Saturday mornings, at 11 o'clock, beginning on October 21st, 1893. A limited number of tickets for the course will be issued to persons not students on payment of five dollars. Application should be made to the Secretary of the President.
SETH LOW, LL. D., President.

Horses, Carriages, &c.

A PAIR OF BRIGHT BAY CANADIAN HACKney cobs; 15½ hands high; exceptionally stylish knee actors; brass-mounted harness; livery. SLOAN, 1,242 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A pair of brougham horses, 16 hands high; a brown and a chestnut. Can be seen at FERGUSON'S STABLE, 103 West 53d St., until Oct. 23.

'TIS THE FIGHT'S DEATHBLOW

NEED BE NO FEAR OF IT TAKING PLACE AT CONEY ISLAND.

That Is Assured in Spite of the Ring Officials' Reputation for Unveracity—This Year It Would Have Killed Mayor Boody's Chances—Next Year It Would Handicap Gov. Flower and the Kings County Candidate for District Attorney—The Times's Victory Complete.

The proposed international prize fight between James J. Corbett and Charles Mitchell, at Coney Island in December next, will not take place.

This official announcement was made in The New-York Times yesterday, and its authenticity was guaranteed by Mayor Boody, District Attorney Ridgway, and Sheriff Courtney of Brooklyn.

The announcement is made again for the purpose of reassuring doubters who have been persuaded to believe that the officials named are not honest in the declarations publicly made on Thursday.

The ring officials of Kings County have been so successful in establishing reputations for unveracity that such statements as the following, taken from the columns of The News, are believed to be truthful by persons chiefly unfamiliar with the political situation in Kings County:

> It is a fact that the mere mention of the course taken by the Kings County authorities causes the sporting men to smile and wink significantly, and the opinion is pretty general that this assurance, given by Brooklyn's political magnates, is an ante-election ruse adopted for the purpose of satisfying the clergymen and the press who have been clamoring for the District Attorney and the Sheriff of the county to declare themselves for or against the proposed battle.
>
> The hostility is not genuine, and it is argued that enough time will elapse after election day to patch things up, so that the fight may occur on the date specified, Dec. 18.

The fallacy of these statements, intended to discredit the victory won by The New-York Times in forcing the officials of Kings County to prohibit the fight, is easily made apparent.

This year it is Mayor Boody's ox which has been gored. He says the fight must be prohibited, because he is a candidate for re-election.

Next year a Governor is to be elected.

No sane person believes that Gov. Flower will be a candidate for re-election handicapped by a prize fight permitted within the borders of his jurisdiction. No one familar with the Governor's record believes he will stand as the champion of law breakers.

Next year a District Attorney for Kings County is to be elected.

No sane person will believe that other than a fool would accept a Democratic nomination from Hugh McLaughlin for District Attorney in case Mr. Ridgway should permit Corbett and Mitchell to fight for the heavyweight championship of the world at Coney Island in December next.

District Attorney Ridgway said yesterday to a reporter:

"This row, all raised by the church people, is premature. It would have been highly ridiculous for this office to go about declaring that the fight could not go on, when there was absolutely no evidence that there was likely to be a fight. I don't believe a penny of the stake has been put up, and I don't think the parties intended to fight at Coney Island. It will not take place anyway, if I have anything to say."

The Brooklyn ring has lowered its prize-fighting colors to The New-York Times, very much in the same spirit as their prototypes of the Spanish main lowered their colors to man-o'-war's men which carried heavier guns. Mr. Ridgway sullenly surrenders to public sentiment.

Justice R. V. B. Newton now declares that he is not a "match maker" for the Coney Island Athletic Club; that he is not a member of the club. He has not, however, confessed to parting with his stock. Until the prize fight was prohibited, Newton openly boasted that he owned 60 per cent. of the stock of the club. Perhaps John Y. McKane could tell who owns that stock now.

Justice Newton, probably taking the cue from "Boss" McKane, hints that the fight may yet take place. Speaking to a Brooklyn Times reporter, he said yesterday:

"It seems to me that Mr. Boody never knew, or has forgotten, the geographical lines of the city. Evidently some one has had a sudden attack of reform fever, superinduced by a political turn-down.

The following letter, one of several received by The New-York Times, fairly expresses the sentiments entertained by Brooklyn clergymen concerning the fight made against the Coney Island bruisers:

> *To the Editor of The New-York Times:*
>
> "Honor to whom honor is due." Your very handsome acknowledgment of the efforts of the ministers in the battle against prize fighting which you have just won prompts me to say that to The New-York Times belongs the honor of this triumph of morality against vice. It was The Times that first exposed the outrage that rallied the ministers to a contest which would have appeared hopeless without some such constant, fearless, and potent backing as The Times gave, and that abated no effort until now victory is won.
>
> Long live The Times! Worthy the devotion of its political sympathizers, the honor of its political opponents, and the exalted admiration of all.
>
> Now that you have destroyed the prize ring, forsake us not, O Martel of the press, until Brooklyn is delivered from the thralldom of the political ring that still oppresses her.
>
> HORACE W. BYRNES,
> Pastor Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church.
> Brooklyn, Oct. 19.

The pastors of Brooklyn who courageously denounced in their pulpits the ring officials who refused to stop the proposed brutal encounter between two trained prize fighters until prodded to a performance of their duty by The New-York Times are greatly gratified over the outcome of The Times's crusade. Their sentiments as expressed were in accord with the utterances of the Rev. George Van Alstyne of the Sands Street Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, who said yesterday:

"I was very glad to learn from the papers that the proposed prize fight arranged to take place at Coney Island in December will not be permitted. I do not know how much political diplomacy there may have been behind the action of the authorities, but I hope, for the sake of morality, there was not any.

"To The New-York Times, I am certain, is due the credit of having brought the officials to a sense of their duty. For this, I am sure, every lover of good morals, good government, and the members of the Christian Church will be grateful."

"THE DEVIL IS SICK."

Couldn't Withstand the Relentless Energy of The Times's Fight.

From The Brooklyn Times.

The ancient proverb which narrates the monastic tendencies that mark the invalidism of his Satanic Majesty has seldom received a more forcible illustration than is afforded by the announcement made yesterday by Mayor Boody, and confirmed by Sheriff Courtney and District Attorney Ridgway, that Messrs. Corbett and Mitchell will not be allowed to meet at Coney Island in December, as had been arranged, to settle the question of superiority in the pugilistic arena. The Times did not expect such a surrender to public opinion, and we are very sure that it would not have been made had not the ruling spirits of the ring recognized the imminent peril in which they stand and the need of "pandering to the moral sentiment of the community" to some extent. When the Sheriff and the District Attorney make such an announcement they openly condemn themselves, for there could be nothing in the promised fight which could make it more criminal, more flagrant a violation of the law of the State, than the many fights which have preceded it, not only without rebuke, but with the direct connivance and patronage of the county officials. That they should in this open manner condemn themselves and refute all the quibbles by which they have sought to excuse their conduct in the past is the most convincing proof of the extremity in which they find themselves.

The New-York Times, which has conducted the fight against the proposed prize fight with a relentless energy worthy of all praise, deserves a large share of the credit for its abandonment. From past experience we do not believe that any amount of agitation by press or pulpit could have induced the prohibition of an enterprise which promised such large financial returns to all who were concerned in it were it not for the general uprising against the iniquities of the ring, which has prompted them to throw out this sop to pacify the wrath of the indignant public, and we were disposed to regard the fiery zeal of our New-York contemporary as a waste of effort which might be more profitably employed in other quarters. We are glad that, as events have turned, its efforts have not been without good results.

Police!

From The New-York Recorder.

It was plain that the "best people" were against the prize fight, and certainly the opinions of the "best people" should prevail. There is no reason why the "best people" of the County of Kings, or of any other county, should tolerate, much less advocate or patronize, such demoralizing exhibitions. They are inhuman, and have no redeeming feature except—

Except that the principle involved makes men of your boys, gives them courage, fortitude, and self-reliance.

Just in order to make an example, I advocate the principle followed by the Coney Island Athletic Club. By all means prevent boxing matches, and let us resort to the knife and pistol. Let us determine that our sons shall not have examples of courageousness that they may emulate. Let us take the most direct means to make the American youths sanctimonious, but cowardly; genteel, but devoid of manly attributes, and able to wear trousers, but prove they are not men. Then let a foreign nation assail us, and we will be in the grasp of the bounty jumpers. These sanctimonious and namby-pamby youths will be out on the streets with their fathers' bank rolls looking for substitutes to go to the front.

Abolish boxing!
Cultivate cowardice!

MILLIONS GIVEN TO CHARITY.

Charles Bathgate Beck's Fortune Left for the Public Benefit.

By the will of Charles Bathgate Beck about $5,000,000 will go to charity. Mr. Beck lived for years in the old Bathgate homestead at West Farms. His estate was estimated at $2,000,000, but after his death it was found to amount to about $6,000,000. No immediate relatives survived him except Charlotte and Matilda Carter, who claim to be the children of his uncle, Alexander Bathgate, to whom he was bitterly opposed. He cuts them off by the following clause in his will:

> I hereby direct that no part of my estate shall go to any or either of the alleged children of my deceased uncle, Alexander Beck, or either of their descendants, if any, it being my firm will that said alleged children and their descendants, if any, shall be rigidly excluded from all interest, benefit, gain, or advantage in my estate.

After making various specific requests, Mr. Beck orders that the residue of his estate be divided equally among Columbia College, the Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church, the Presbyterian Hospital, the Society for the Prevention of Crime, and the New-York Hospital.

The amount to be thus divided will, it is estimated, foot up close to $5,000,000.

In addition he makes the following specific bequests to charity:

> Home for Incurables, $10,000; Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, $10,000; Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, $10,000, and the Peabody Home for Aged and Indigent Women, $5,000.

A bequest of $28,000 outright is made to the First Presbyterian Church of West Farms, of which $3,000 is to pay off an existing mortgage, the remainder to be invested and applied to the support of the church. In addition $100,000 is given to the Trustees of the church to erect on the church lands, and opposite the present edifice, a church as a memorial to Janet B. Beck, testator's mother.

Columbia College receives outright $10,000, of which $2,000 is to be for a free scholarship. The remainder is to be invested, the income being used for an annual prize to be known as the "Charles B. Beck Prize."

The testator establishes a fund of $100,000 for the benefit of Mrs. J. L. Jessup and her son, Frederick J. Jessup, who was his general manager, for life. Another fund of $50,000 is set apart for Miss Maria L. Bathgate and Mrs. Mary Myers, relatives. A fund of $3,000 for the benefit of Mrs. Annie Ward, the testator's housekeeper, is also created. The principal of these various funds is to revert to the residuary legatees.

The will was executed Nov. 6, 1891, and provides that any legatee who contests shall get nothing. The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company is made executor.

SHOT BY A JEALOUS POLICEMAN.

A Brooklyn Patrolman Kills a Man for Alienating His Wife's Affections.

William M. Gelhardt, a policeman attached to the Fourteenth Precinct, Brooklyn, yesterday shot and killed John E. K. Green of 52 Georgia Avenue, at the corner of Broadway and Conway Street, because he had alienated his wife's affections and destroyed his happiness.

The homicide was committed at 9:30 A. M. in sight of pedestrians. The policeman made no attempt to escape, but sent word to the Ralph Avenue Police Station and surrendered himself.

Green came from Malone, N. Y., several years ago, and through the influence of Gen. George A. Wingate secured a position as machinist in the shops of the Brooklyn Elevated Railroad. He had a furnished room in the house of Mrs. Lizzie Berenberg, 52 Georgia Avenue. Soon after his arrival in Brooklyn, Green became acquainted with Gelhardt and his wife, whose home is at 1,051 Hancock Street, where they occupy a flat.

Gelhardt has been married fifteen years, and, according to his story, he lived happily with his wife up to six weeks ago, when he discovered that Green was visiting her. Gelhardt determined to stop Green's visits, and went to the elevated railroad machine shops, near the Manhattan Beach crossing, East New-York, where Green was at work. Calling Green from his place, Gelhardt said to him:

"Green, my wife and I have had a reconciliation, and you have no business to continue your visits to her."

"Don't talk before these fellows," Green said. "Let us take a walk down the street and talk it over."

The policeman, in full uniform, and the machinist, in his shop clothes, walked down Broadway. Both were excited. At the corner of Conway Street they stopped. Gelhardt told Green he understood that he had said he loved Mrs. Gelhardt, and would kill any one who attempted to separate them. Green stepped back and placed his hand upon his hip pocket, and made a movement as if to draw a revolver. Gelhardt immediately drew a revolver and fired twice, shooting Green in the heart. Green staggered and fell dying.

Gelhardt says that, had he not thought Green intended to kill him he would not have drawn his revolver. He says he never thought of committing murder.

Gelhardt was appointed a policeman Jan. 4, 1886. He is spoken of as an exemplary officer, and only one trifling charge has been preferred against him.

The Canadian Parliament.

MONTREAL, Oct. 20.—The tours of the Cabinet Ministers through Ontario and Quebec have started rumors that an early session of Parliament will be called, the business before the House disposed of as rapidly as possible, and that a general election will be sprung on the country immediately after. The reason for this, as given by the Liberals, is that the Ministers fear the spread of the tariff-reform movement, and propose to appeal to the country before the movement has time to grow. Such changes as will be made in the tariff during the coming session are expected to be in the direction of a lowering of the duties, and it is hoped this partial measure will satisfy the country at large, and that an appeal to the people following the session will result in the return of the Government by a good working majority.

Swindlers Did Not Get All Her Property.

Mrs. Martha Fries of 146 Richardson Street, Brooklyn, who died suddenly Oct. 8, after learning she had been swindled out of $13,000 by three Russians who sold her brass filings for gold dust, left an estate worth $58,000. Her will was filed yesterday in Brooklyn. It was drawn up June 8, 1893. She leaves property at 458 Graham Avenue and at 9 Herbert Street to her son Louis. Mina Weeks, a daughter, gets the houses 140 and 142 Richardson Street, and another daughter, Mrs. Martha Lewis, gets other property in the same street. The dead woman's husband gets only one house, at 140 Union Avenue, for use during his lifetime, and her son Henry receives $15,000 in cash. The rest of the estate is to be equally divided among the children.

This Comet Has a Short Tail.

GENEVA, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Prof. Brooks, of the Smith Observatory, obtained his third observation this morning of the new comet first discovered by him on Tuesday morning. Its position at discovery was right ascension 12 hours 21 minutes; declination north, 12 degrees 55 minutes. This morning its position was found to be right ascension 12 hours 25 minutes; declination north, 14 degrees 52 minutes, which shows the rate and direction of motion since discovery. As seen through the telescope the comet appears quite bright and has a short tail. This is Prof. Brooks's nineteenth comet discovery.

Burned Out by a Prairie Fire.

HURON, S. D., Oct. 20.—From Faulk County comes news of the most destructive prairie fire that has ever visited that part of the State. Over a dozen farmers have been burned out. Many head of horses, sheep, and other stock perished, and immense quantities of grain, hay, farm machinery, and mining buildings were consumed. The loss in Faulk County will reach $25,000, and in Hand County $15,000.

Whatever boy or man wears, we have it. Take your time to get suited and fitted.

Next day or next week if you change your mind (or somebody else changes it) and you want your money back, here it is.

Do you want a suit? overcoat? hat? shoes? underwear that fits?

Do you want our booklet? Write.

ROGERS, PEET & CO.

THREE BROADWAY STORES. { Prince, Warren, 32d St.

MAYNARD A LOAD TO CARRY

DEMOCRATIC TICKET HANDICAPPED BY HIS CANDIDACY.

Leaders of the Party Expect to Elect Him by Using a Tammany Scheme—Each Voter in the State to be Supplied with Four Democratic Pasters—Great Reliance Placed Upon New-York and Kings Counties, Which Usually Furnish the Bulk of the Democratic Plurality.

ALBANY, Oct. 20.—If Maynard's name was not upon the Democratic State ticket, judging by recent victories of the party, the ticket ought to be elected on Nov. 7 by a plurality of 40,000 at least. It is not exactly determinable what effect Maynard's nomination will produce, but there is no doubt that it will cause many Democrats to refrain from voting, and it is unquestionable that thousands of persons, for the most part lawyers, will cast their ballots against him. The effect of this opposition to Maynard it is not easy to estimate, but it is probable that, as to the balance of the ticket, Maynard excluded, it will be confined to a reduction of the plurality.

Comparison in off years cannot be made with the figures of a Presidential, or even a Gubernatorial, election. Two years ago Frank Rice, the Democratic candidate for Secretary of State, was elected by a plurality of 38,173, while the head of the ticket, Gov. Flower, was favored with a plurality of 47,937. In 1889, when Rice was at the head of the ticket, his plurality was 20,527, against a plurality of 17,077 given to Frederick Cook, the Democratic candidate for Secretary of State in 1887, an off year.

The Democratic leaders who nominated Judge Maynard for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals were governed by a confidence that the new system of voting would enable them to obtain thousands of votes for the ticket that would have been lost under the old system of voting separate ballots.

It has been decided to extend to every county in the State the excellent plan which Tammany Hall practiced with such brilliant success last Fall. Every voter will be supplied with four sets of Democratic pasters. He will be asked, on entering the booth, to apply the pasters over all his ballots, Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, and Socialistic, and upon leaving the booth, to hand one ticket to the Inspector of Election and return the other three to the poll clerk. It is immaterial which ballot is voted. The caption may read "Prohibition," but the Democratic paster will prevail, and the names on it will be counted.

By this method two birds are brought down. The voter is prevented from becoming confused while in the booth. The danger of losing a Democratic vote through ignorance is reduced to a minimum, while the chances of increasing the Democratic vote are immeasurably increased.

With the almost perfect organization of the Democratic Party in the big cities of the State, the leaders cannot see how Judge Maynard can be beaten.

New-York and Brooklyn are looked upon as powerful enough to save Maynard from defeat. In 1891 these two cities gave a combined Democratic vote of 228,752, which was expanded to 276,427 last year, an increase of 47,675. The Republican vote, on the other hand, of 153,170 of 1891 was only 169,472 last year, or a gain of 16,302. Again, in 1891, out of an aggregate plurality in all the Democratic counties of 95,684 for Gov. Flower, New-York and Kings County furnished 75,582, or nearly 78 per cent. Last year the figures were much more favorable for the Democracy, for New-York and Kings combined gave a plurality of 105,666 out of a total of 119,624, or 88 per cent.

It is these figures, united with their confidence in the perfect organization of their party and the utter demoralization of the Republicans, that inspire the Democratic leaders with certainty that Judge Maynard cannot be defeated.

"About the only certain way his defeat can be accomplished," said one of the best-known lawyers in the State, "is to meet the Democratic Party on its own terms—to print Democratic pasters with the name of Mr. Bartlett upon them instead of Maynard's, and to see that every Democratic voter is supplied with them, as well as those given out by his own party leaders. But it will require money to print, organization to distribute, and workers to handle these pasters, requirements which, it must be confessed, the Republican Party has been lacking in for several years."

DOUBLE COLUMN OR SINGLE.

Question How Names of Certain Candidates Shall Go on the Ballots.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 20.—The question was raised in the office of the Secretary of State yesterday as to the printing of the names of the candidates for constitutional delegates in two columns on the ballots to be used at the coming election.

County Clerks throughout the State have requested that the delegates' names be printed in two columns, the same as were the names of the candidates for Presidential Inspectors of Election, the printing of which in double columns is directed by law. The Electors last year, and the names of the Constitutional Convention Act of 1892 provided that the names of candidates for constitutional delegates should be printed on the ballots in two columns, but this provision was omitted when the law was amended by the last Legislature.

In view of these facts, the Attorney General's office and the Secretary of State's office held that the main features of the ballot reform idea of the secrecy of the ballot would be met by printing the names of the delegate candidates in double column, the uniformity of the ballot otherwise being observed, and sample ballots with the names so printed have been sent to the County Clerks of the State by the Secretary of State.

A strict interpretation of the law, which was carefully read to-day, may result in a change in the sample ballot, and in directions being given that the names be printed in single column. If this change shall be made, the official ballot this year will be nearly twenty inches in length. The County Clerks, under the law, have no right to print the ballot before the period of nominations lapses, which lasts up to eight days before election.

SHEEHANITES ARE ALARMED.

Buffalo Home Rulers Sure to Defeat Them on Election Day.

BUFFALO, Oct. 20.—The men at the head of the Sheehan faction in this city are alarmed. They are beginning to see that they are as sure of defeat in this city as election day is to come, provided the votes are honestly counted.

It is not noise nor red fire in the Republican ranks that is causing apprehension, but the unmistakable signs on every hand that the great majority of voters, without regard to party, are going to vote as they feel, and they feel that it is time that the followers of William F. Sheehan were out of control. They are going to vote that way because they believe it will be for the good of the city and for the best interests of every citizen.

There is a tremendous undercurrent of opposition to ring rule in Buffalo, and it is growing every hour as election approaches. The leaders of the machine Democracy know it, and the matter was seriously discussed at the County Committee rooms to-day. It is a common saying that Democrats always talk more than anybody else before election, but when they get to the polls they always vote the straight party ticket. This will not be the case here this Fall.

On both the State and local tickets there are hundreds of Democrats in Buffalo who will vote the straight Republican ticket at the coming election. But an opportunity will be given to every Democrat who believes in clean government to cast his vote against the Sheehan ring without voting against his party.

Probably to-morrow certificates of nomination will be filed with the County Clerk placing in nomination a Home-Rule Democrat wherever a Sheehan ringster has been put on the Democratic ticket. In the Assembly districts, possibly excepting the Second and Fourth, and in Senator Endres's district, candidates will be named, and for other offices straight, reliable Democrats will be nominated. The time in which the nominations can be made will expire next Tuesday, but the petitions containing the requisite number of names have been secured in nearly every case, and the names of the candidates will be made public as soon as the certificates are filed.

Weekly Arrivals
from
European Houses.
Coats, Capes, Wraps.

The latest and most stylish "appropriates" for Hunting, Coaching, Travel, Cycling, Walking.

The "*Tandem*" Cape and the "*Paddock*" Driving Coat, are among the newest creations.

Riding Habits—perfect fitting—exquisite in finish and design, $65.00.

Walking Coats—faced and lined with Silk—newest cuts, and the latest "ombrelle" skirts,

$10.50, $17.50, $23.50

Opera Cloaks and Wraps.

Lord & Taylor
Broadway & 20th St.

Machine Candidate "Out in the Cold."

CORNING, N. Y., Oct. 20.—The regular Democratic organization of the Second Assembly District of Steuben County neglected to file the certificate of their candidate, John F. Murray of Tuscarora, until a day after the required time. The Cleveland men had previously filed the certificate of the nomination of George W. Drake of this city. The County Clerk will place his name on the ticket as the regular nominee. The Democratic State Convention refused to seat the delegation elected at the same convention that nominated Mr. Drake.

Mr. Rosendale on Women's Right to Vote.

ALBANY, Oct. 20.—Attorney General Rosendale, in response to numerous inquiries touching the constitutionality of the law which authorizes women to vote for School Commissioners, (Chapter 214 of the Laws of 1892,) has advised that all election officers treat the law as constitutional, and give the same full force and effect until the courts shall otherwise determine. The constitutionality of this statute was fully discussed by Gov. Flower in a memorandum when the bill became a law.

Miss Lane's Spirited Campaign.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Miss Helen M. Lane of Farmington has been nominated by both the Prohibition and Peoples' Parties for the office of School Commissioner for the Eastern District in Ontario County. Quite a spirited canvass is being made in the towns of the district in her behalf, with the idea of drawing out a large female vote. The present Commissioner, Le Grand L. Moore, was unanimously nominated in the Republican Convention.

Gen. Denis F. Burke's Funeral.

The funeral of Gen. Denis F. Burke will take place this morning from 485 West One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street at 10 o'clock.

The body will be taken to the Church of the Annunciation, adjoining Manhattan College, One Hundred and Thirty-first Street and the Boulevard, where a requiem mass will be celebrated by Father Nolan. The funeral oration will be delivered by Father McMillen of the Paulist Fathers' Church, West Fifty-ninth Street. The Sixty-ninth Regiment, the employes of the Appraisers' Stores, the attaches of the Second District United States Revenue office, and delegations from several Irish societies will attend the funeral. The interment will be at Calvary Cemetery.

Oriental Rugs from the Fair.

Lovers of antique and modern Turkish and Persian rugs and carpets will, before long, be treated to a handsome display of these manufactures of the Orient. The entire stock of the Imperial Persian section and Imperial Ottoman exhibit at the World's Fair is to be brought to this city, exhibited in a large hall, and then offered at public auction. This immense collection has been pronounced by good judges, including leading men in the trade, the best and most attractive ever brought together. The exhibit is in charge of H. H. Topakyan, who, after his appointment as exhibitor for Persia, made a great display of Oriental magnificence at the American Art Galleries. He was then appointed Imperial Commissioner for Persia and exhibitor for the Ottoman Empire.

Wants a Receiver for the Steam Company.

Charles F. Winch wants a receiver appointed for the New-York Steam Company. He alleges general mismanagement. Wallace C. Andrews, President of the company, asserts that Mr. Winch's action is due to malice, as he only owns $3,000 of stock out of an issue of $5,000,000. The motion for a receiver will come up next Friday in the Superior Court.

Surrogate Ransom Removes Trustees.

Surrogate Ransom yesterday removed John F. B. Smyth and Philip Jackman as trustees of the estate of Patrick Jackman. Miss Mary Jackman, the legatee under the will of Patrick Jackman, complained to the Surrogate that Smyth had appropriated her income, and that Jackman had permitted the breach of trust. She says that $829 is due.

Transfiguration Chapel's Anniversary.

Services commemorative of the seventeenth anniversary of Transfiguration Chapel, 122 West Sixty-ninth Street, will be held in the chapel to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. The Rev. Edward C. Houghton, minister in charge, will preach the sermon. The anthem will be sung by the well-known baritone, William T. Carleton.

Gen. Butler's Estate to Pay Damages.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 20.—The Supreme Court to-day settled the litigation over "Butler's book," which has attracted a great deal of attention for the past two or three years, deciding that the estate of the late Gen. Butler must pay the C. F. Jewett Publishing Company $2,500 damages for breach of a contract made by Gen. Butler with the plaintiffs to publish his book.

The "Yorke" Overcoat
ready to-day.

The swell London garment of this season, sold exclusively by us on this side.

It's 50 inches long, and loose-fitting.
Trademark Registered.

Byck Brothers
CLOTHIERS,
S. W. Cor. Fult.n & Nassau Sts. | 160, 162, and 164 East 125th St.

HOUSE FURNISHING.
Kitchen Furniture and Utensils,
Cutlery, China, and Glass,
Eddy Refrigerators.
LEWIS & CONGER,
130 & 132 West 42d Street.

ALL ANXIOUS TO BE KISSED

MEN, WOMEN, AND CHILDREN WERE ACCOMMODATED.

The Russian Officers Showed Themselves to the Parisians, and Rich and Poor Climbed on Their Carriage Wheels—The Love of Country Shown in Strange Ways—Even the Market Women Were on Hand with an Address—To Go to Marseilles.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—It is estimated that 300,000 persons were around the Hotel de Ville last night while the banquet given to the visiting Russian naval officers by the Municipal Council was in progress. The police returns this morning show that many accidents occurred in the crowds last night. Many persons fainted away and were with difficulty rescued from being trampled upon. Others were trampled upon or jammed against railings and sustained serious injuries.

The Matin to-day says that Cardinal Richard, Archbishop of Paris, has ordered that Te Deums in honor of the visit of the Russians be sung in all the Catholic churches in Paris on Sunday.

The Russian officers have been so occupied since their arrival that but few of them until to-day had had opportunity to see the sights of the city in an unofficial way. This morning, under the guidance of M. Humbert Ponbelle, they visited many places of interest. They were everywhere greeted with cheers and expressions of friendship. They visited the Halles Centrales, the great market of Paris, and were presented with an address by the marketwomen.

From the Hales Centrales they drove to the Conservatoire des Arts et Metiers, the industrial museum of Paris, in the Rue St. Martin, and to the Buttes-Chaumont, where bread and salt were presented to them. After a short visit at the Villette Abattoirs, the officers returned along the exterior boulevards, passing the Place de la Concorde and the Champs Elysees. They ate luncheon at the Botanic Garden. A military band played during the meal, but there was no cheering or toasting.

After luncheon the party went to the Gobelin tapestry factory, whose director presented to Admiral Avelan a splendid piece of tapestry.

The Russians passed ten hours in making their tour of the town and drove more than forty miles. Cheering crowds impeded their progress in every street. Flowers were thrown into the carriages and before the horses, and men and women struggled for opportunities to grasp the hands of the visitors.

At the Place Vendome the horses attached to Admiral Avelan's landau became balky. Every effort to budge them was futile and the Admiral was obliged to change carriages. During the brief stop the crowd grew frantic with enthusiasm and got utterly beyond the control of the police. Hundreds broke through the lines and clambered up on the wheels and steps of the carriages. Men embraced the officers or grasped their hands. Elegantly-dressed women turned their cheeks to be kissed, and the younger Russians accepted these offers with undisguised gusto.

At the Buttes-Chaumont the trees were black with people and the crowd broke the police lines repeatedly. In the poorest districts ragged children and mothers with babies climbed to the steps of the carriages. The Russians kissed children, babies, and women, and the throng cheered without ceasing.

Admiral Avelan was smiling and affable throughout the day. Before the tour was half over most of the officers had exhausted their voices in answering salutes and were unable to speak above a whisper.

FRANCE'S DISTINGUISHED DEAD.

Arrangements for Funerals of Gounod and MacMahon.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—The private funeral of M. Gounod will take place at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning. Only the members of his family will be present. The State obsequies will be held in the Church of the Madeleine on Thursday next. Queen Victoria has sent a wreath for Gounod's coffin.

The Cabinet to-day arranged that upon the arrival in Paris to-morrow of the body of Field Marshal MacMahon it should be taken to the Church of the Madeleine. Subsequently there will be a great military and civic procession to accompany the remains to the Eglise des Invalides, where Prime Minister Dupuy will deliver an oration on behalf of the Government, and Gen. Loizillon, Minister of War, will speak on behalf of the army.

Among the honors conferred upon Marshal MacMahon was the decoration of Chevalier of the Russian Order of St. Andrew. When a member of this order dies, it involves national mourning in Russia, and it is for this reason that Admiral Avelan and the other Russians desire to be present at the obsequies of Marshal MacMahon. President Carnot and Marshal Canrobert are also Chevaliers of the Order of St. Andrew. They are now the only two persons in France entitled to this dignity.

The Marquis of Dufferin, British Ambassador, will represent Queen Victoria at Marshal MacMahon's funeral, and Col. Talbot will represent the Prince of Wales. Count Muenster, German Ambassador, will attend the services for Emperor William. President Carnot has received a telegram from the Duke of Cambridge, Commander in Chief of the British Army, expressing sympathy for him in his loss of the veteran soldier.

Spain's Great Task at Melilla.

MADRID, Oct. 20.—The commission of military engineers and Generals sent to Melilla to lay out a plan of campaign returned to Malaga to-day. They say that 12,000 Spanish troops will be needed to dislodge the hostile tribesmen from their trenches in the mountains. The Spanish Consul at Oran says that an active propaganda is being carried on along the Algerian frontier to incite the tribes to war against the Spaniards. The dispatch adds that 10,000 Kabyles have abandoned work in the mines and are making preparations to join their brother tribesmen in the "holy war" against the Spanish forces in Morocco.

Condensed Cablegrams.

—Preparations on a grand scale are being made at Dresden for the celebration of the military jubilee of King Albert of Saxony. King Albert, when fifteen years old, entered the Army of Saxony in 1843, and has therefore been a soldier for fifty years. During the Franco-Prussian war he commanded the German Army of the Meuse. In 1871 he was made a Field Marshal, and about two years later succeeded to the throne of Saxony. Among those who will attend the celebration is Emperor William, who will arrive in Dresden Sunday evening.

—Baron Flotow has been appointed additional Second Secretary of the German Embassy at Washington. This appointment is in consequence of the raising of the German Ministry to an Embassy. Baron Flotow will sail from Berlin for New-York Oct. 24.

—The Italian Government is taking steps to declare martial law over all Sicily and extirpate brigandage on the island. The work will be done by 12,000 troops from the regular army, assisted by all the local police forces and municipal guards.

—The newspapers of Rome say that Italy will begin next year the construction of three first-class iron-clads, six first-class cruisers, three second-class cruisers, twelve seagoing torpedo boats, and four dispatch boats.

—Another riot between Hindus and Mohammedans took place yesterday at Calcutta. Many of the rioters were wounded, and a large number of them were arrested by the police.

—Charles Poole, the American who was arrested in London Oct. 7 on the charge of having defrauded the United States Printing Company of Indianapolis, Ind., is to be extradited.

—Sir Andrew Clark, the celebrated London physician, was stricken with paralysis yesterday. His condition had slightly improved by night.

RETAILING
AT
WHOLESALE PRICES.

HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.

WE'RE NOT THE ONLY MAKERS OF GOOD CLOTHING IN THIS COUNTRY, BUT NONE ARE BETTER. THE FEW WHO MAKE IT AS WELL CAN BE COUNTED ON THE FINGERS OF ONE HAND.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK AT RETAIL—AND AT STRICTLY WHOLESALE PRICES. SALE AT OUR WHOLESALE PREMISES ON BLEECKER ST., COR. GREENE—JUST WEST OF BROADWAY.

THE VALUES HERE EXCEPTIONAL. OPEN TO-NIGHT TILL 9:30.

HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.,
(Established 1856,)
Bleecker St., Cor. Greene.

EX-MAYOR GLEASON'S NAME OFF.

Not in the Secretary of State's List of Democratic Candidates.

JAMAICA, L. I., Oct. 20.—The certificates of nominations in this county were received from the Secretary of State to-day by County Clerk Sutphin. The name of Patrick J. Gleason, candidate for Senator in the First District, was conspicuous by its absence. The Secretary of State founded his objection to Mr. Gleason's candidacy on the ground that he was not put in nomination by the regular Democracy, Solomon S. Townsend being the candidate of that party.

"The action of the Secretary of State does not put me out of the race by any means," ex-Mayor Gleason said to-night. "I am still very much in it, and have no fear about my name not appearing on enough tickets to elect me. The canvass would have no attraction for me without a few fights like this one."

Mr. Gleason's counsel says the Secretary of State has arrogated to himself power not conferred upon him by law. It is simply usurpation on his part, he said.

BUSINESS HAS IMPROVED.

The Reports of the National Banks Full of Interest.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The improved condition of business throughout the country as reflected through the returns of national banks received and compiled at the Controller's office, Treasury Department, by States, is shown by the comparison of the reserve held on the call in July and the call this month as follows:

State.	*Oct. 3.*	*July 12.*
Virginia	23.28	25.71
South Carolinia	20.30	35.22
West Virginia	30.74	24.05
New-Hampshire	32.05	27.38
Maryland	26.28	23.08
Arkansas	39.26	34.15
Louisiana	29.15	25.23
Delaware	30.73	26.65
Rhode Island	30.87	27.70
Florida	29.61	26.02
Tennessee	35.64	29.81
New Jersey	29.51	24.67
Mississippi	40.07	34.01
Indian Territory	48.87	37.12
Maine	32.87	29.91
Vermont	31.48	30.38

These are all the States from which complete returns have been compiled at present.

CITY AND VICINITY.

—Arthur Willis Blake, forty-six years old, a bookkeeper for Reid & Barry of Passaic, N. J., who had been missing since Oct. 9, was found Thursday night wandering aimlessly along the west side of Central Park, near Sixty-fifth Street. Mr. Blake left his home on Ayerigg Avenue, Jersey City, after taking dinner on Oct. 9. He was sent to Roosevelt Hospital. He is suffering from nervous prostration and can give no coherent account of his wanderings.

—Thomas Dowd, a liveryman, was found dead in his office, 342 Eleventh Street, Brooklyn, at 5 o'clock yesterday morning. The gas was turned on, and death was apparently due to asphyxiation. Mr. Dowd was sixty-five years old. He lived over the stable, and was accustomed to sit up late reading. It is believed he fell asleep Thursday night, and the gas was blown out by a gust of wind. He was an old resident of South Brooklyn.

—Mrs. Lucy Rider Meyer of Chicago, founder of the Order of Deaconesses in the Methodist Episcopal Church, and Miss Stephenson, "Sister Dora," of London, England, will speak at the Metropolitan Meeting in the Academy of Music, Fourteenth Street and Irving Place, Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, and in the Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, at Sixtieth Street, at 7:45 P. M.

—A general alarm was sent out yesterday from Police Headquarters for Spencer Boyle, the nine-year-old son of Spencer K. Boyle, an engineer living at 176 West Eighty-seventh Street. The boy has been missing from his home since Wednesday. The boy is fair, is tall for his age, and has blue eyes. When last seen he wore a gray jacket, gray corduroy trousers, and a plaid cap.

—John H. Rathjen, twenty-five years old, who is said to be a son of a Police Commissioner of a Long Island town, was arraigned before Police Justice O'Donnell in Jersey City, yesterday, charged with having passed a worthless check for $140 on Frank N. Dood of 562 West Thirty-fourth Street, New-York. He was committed to await extradition proceedings.

—St. Bartholomew's Church, Forty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue, will reopen to-morrow, having been extensively altered and redecorated at a cost of $80,000, which includes two new organs, making three in all. The rector, the Rev. Dr. David H. Greer, preaches at 11 A. M., and officiates at the afternoon service at 4 o'clock.

—Michael Byrnes, who keeps a saloon in Hoboken, brought suit against Policeman Terence Foley for $50, which he alleged he loaned Foley while the latter was playing poker with other policemen in his saloon. After hearing the testimony, Judge Paxton yesterday gave judgment for Byrnes for the amount claimed.

—James W. Swan, a convict in Sing Sing Prison, two weeks ago cut the little finger of his left hand. Lockjaw resulted and he died. He had served two years of a seven years' sentence for forgery committed in New-York.

—Mrs. Wolcott Balestier, mother-in-law of Rudyard Kipling, and her daughter, Miss Balestier, of Brattleborough, Vt., and Count and Countess Dillon of Paris are at the Dunmore Hotel.

THE PERSONAL DISCOMFORT, and the worry of a Constant Cough, and the Soreness of Lungs and Throat which usually attend it, are all remedied by DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, a safe medicine for Pulmonary disorders and Throat Affections.—*Advertisement.*

BIERMAN, HEIDELBERG & CO.
OLD HERALD BUILDING
BROADWAY AND ANN ST.

THE REASON WHY

We can fit any man perfectly with an Overcoat, Ulster, Full-Dress Suit, Smoking Jacket, or Drssing Gown is because we cut Regular, Stout, Short, Long, Slim, and Extra Large sizes up to 50 inches breast measure in each lot.

No regular clothing house can afford to carry such an assortment, for while we give our entire attention only to the above specialties, they have also to think of Men's Suits, Trousers, Boys' Clothing, &c., with the natural result that they can have but a limited assortment of each.

135
Single and Double Breasted
Blue, Black, and Brown
KERSEY OVERCOATS
Wool lined, satin sleeve linings, and deep velvet collars, cut long and with stylish full backs.
WERE $16.50 AT WHOLESALE.
Now $12.00

36
Very Elegant Silk Lined BLACK
MELTON OVERCOATS
(Medium Weight.)
WERE $18.50 AT WHOLESALE.
Now $15.00

75
Blue, Black, and Black and Gray Mixed
CHINCHILLA OVERCOATS,
Lined with double-warp heavy Italian cloth, satin sleeve linings, and edges silk mohair corded.
WERE $20.00 AT WHOLESALE.
Now $15.00
And you'll want to buy one of each color when you see them.

60
Newfoundland
ULSTERS,
English plaid lined and satin sleeve linings, (the Newfoundland Ulstering is a closely-woven, shaggy nap cloth, made from finest "long" wool, and thickly warm, but not weighty. It is considered the "par excellence" fabric for ulsters.)
WERE $24.50 AT WHOLESALE.
Now $20.00

Whether you buy one of our Melton Fall Overcoats for $6—or one of our superb Genuine Montagnac Winter Overcoats (silk lined) for $30—you are in either case getting a perfectly-tailored and properly-fitting garment, and more, much more than your money's worth, and if you don't think so after purchasing bring back the coat and we will return your money.

BIERMAN, HEIDELBERG & CO.
OLD HERALD BUILDING
BROADWAY AND ANN ST.

Poet Geoghegan a School Trustee.

The Board of Education, at a full meeting on Wednesday, appointed William Geoghegan a School Trustee for the Thirteenth Ward, and the poet had the honor of receiving a vote that was unanimous. Mr. Geoghegan has always shown that he was a friend of the public school system by having his own children educated under it. He believes it to be the best and most thorough system of useful practical education. He will not enter upon the discharge of his duties as a stranger to them, for it has been his pleasure for many years to keep himself well informed in regard to the condition, the good work accomplished, and the needs of those institutions in which the children of the common people receive an education that fully equips them for all the practical requirements of life.

Fought About a Young Woman.

Louis Martin, a young laborer, living at 429 Atlantic Avenue, and Thomas Erickson, a bartender, of 76 Nevins Street, Brooklyn, met at 1 o'clock yesterday morning in Carlson's saloon, 444 Atlantic Avenue, and began quarreling about a young woman. Martin stabbed Erickson in the neck with a sailor's knife. Erickson then shot Martin in the left breast. Martin fell, and Erickson seized the knife and stabbed the prostrate man in the chest and back and nearly severed one of the fingers of his left hand. Policeman Koumpeter arrested both men. He took Erickson to the Butler Street Police Station and sent Martin to the Brooklyn Hospital. Justice Tighe held Erickson to await the result of Martin's injuries. Martin was reported last evening in a fair way of recovery.

Canadian Cattle Shipments.

MONTREAL, Oct. 20.—Cable dispatches this week in regard to the sale of cattle in the British markets show a considerable loss on Canadian shipments, some of the exporters having lost $6 to $7 per head. The markets for the last few weeks have been the worst of the season. Shipments up to date have been 16,446 head of cattle behind last season. On account of the restriction placed upon Canadian cattle in Great Britain, the stocker trade with Scotland has been completely killed. The ranch cattle this year have turned out well.

Once I Was Blind, Now I Can See
THANKS TO
HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

"I have suffered everything possible with sore eyes and headache, the sores so severe that I was blind. I tried everything I heard of without benefit, and went to the Rhode Island Hospital, but found no relief there. A friend told me of Hood's Sarsaparilla, so I bought a bottle and a box of Hood's Pills. I want everybody to know that since I have been taking these medicines I have become well. My eyes have perfectly healed and the headache is cured.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla has done it all."—MRS. ELIZA LOGREE, Packer Hill, Westerly, R. I.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all Liver Ills, Billiousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

PAGES 9–10. SATURDAY, The New-York Times. OCT. 21, 1893. PAGES 9–10.

BROOKLYN FLOATERS, BEWARE

LAWYERS RETAINED TO PROSECUTE ILLEGAL VOTERS.

Independent Democrats and Republicans Will Not Submit to Being Defrauded by the "Machine" of the Victory that Is Assured with an Honest Vote—Colonization in the Interest of the Ring Already Begun—Enthusiasm Over the Reform Ticket.

The grand demonstration at the Brooklyn Rink Thursday evening, and the forcible and magnificent address by Frederick W. Hinrichs, Edward M. Shepard, and other prominent Democrats on behalf of Charles A. Schieren and honest government caused dismay in the Democratic campaign headquarters yesterday. There were hundreds of independent Democrats in the great crowd which filled the rink to overflowing.

Register Thomas Kenna and Secretary Furey were not as happy as they have been in the habit of appearing, and the sadness cast a gloom over the headquarters.

Not so at Mr. Schieren's headquarters, however, for there everybody, from Mr. Schieren to the typewriter, was happy. They considered the big meeting at the rink was a grand rally of the overburdened taxpayers of Brooklyn. It is estimated that at least 2,000 persons were unable to gain admission to the rink.

Mr. Schieren and his friends are not likely to go to sleep in this campaign. Already they have received information that unscrupulous agents of the "machine" are arranging for filling up the strong Democratic wards with "floaters."

In Mr. McGarry's stronghold, the Tenth Ward, it was said that already many "floaters" had been placed in the many tenements, and that these same men would be utilized in the Ninth and Twelfth Wards. Daniel O'Connell is the leader in the Ninth, and Richard J. Coffey reigns in the Twelfth. In the Fourteenth Ward, where Assessor Patterson lives, the Republicans learned yesterday that much illegal registration might be expected.

The Republicans, however, will take the necessary precaution of preventing this kind of work. Counselors Jacob Brennan and Foster L. Backus have been authorized by the Republican Campaign Committee to organize a bureau to compel proper obedience to the registration law, and they will also keep their eye on the "floaters." They already have the names of a dozen men who have illegally registered in the Tenth and Twelfth Wards.

It has been suggested that it would be a good plan for the Republicans and independent Democrats to organize committees in each election district to look out for "floaters" and "repeaters." In all probability, detectives will be employed by the main committee to hunt such law breakers down.

The "machine" Democrats are raising money by taxing city officials 10 per cent. of their salaries, and calling upon the State Committee to furnish money in order that this kind of work may be all the more thoroughly accomplished.

The way the "floaters" work is: A man hires a room in a certain ward; then he makes himself known in the vicinity, and for several days he is missing, but during the interval he has gone to some other ward, hired a room, and is making himself known there, but under a different name. In this manner he hopes to vote two or three times, and every time he votes he gets paid for it.

Mr. Boody's challenge to Mr. Schieren for a joint debate on municipal affairs is characterized as a silly plan of attack for Mr. Boody to resort to. Instead of helping him, it has hurt Mr. Boody. Many Republicans said yesterday that Mr. Boody was not the kind of man to obtain Republican votes, especially as he was known to be the tool of "Boss" McLaughlin.

A well-known citizen said yesterday:

"Mr. Boody's challenge is utterly absurd. In fact, it is just as absurd as it would be for a District Attorney or a Judge to enter into a controversy with a man who had been convicted as to how the conviction had been brought about.

"Another thing which is utterly absurd," said the speaker, "is Mr. Boody's remarks asking that 'specific charges' be made against his administration. Why, The New-York Times had three columns devoted to specific charges yesterday. Isn't he satisfied?

"It is also a silly plan of attack to say Mr. Schieren did not support certain Republican nominees. It becomes very absurd when it is taken into consideration that Mr. Boody has, at various times, attacked the very ring whose slave he now is, and that he voted for Seth Low for Mayor and supported Gen. John B. Woodward for Mayor. His action at the present time is laughable."

In front of Pearsall's art gallery, on Fulton Street, Brooklyn, is displayed a large portrait of Mr. Schieren. A New-York Times reporter saw the picture yesterday, when several men were looking at it and making remarks about the strong features of his face.

"Look at that sharp chin," said one of the men. "I tell you, there is force of character in that chin. It is the chin of a man who has determination in him, and I'll warrant that when he sets out to do an act he accomplishes it. No ring or "boss" would deter him from doing his duty. I'm a Democrat, but I'll vote for Mr. Schieren on the strength of the chin."

John A. Taylor, Corporation Counsel under Mayor Low, issued a challenge to debate the issues of the campaign with any Democrat at the meeting on Thursday night, and yesterday Almet F. Jenks, in behalf of Mayor Boody, accepted the challenge. Mr. Taylor will show Mr. Jenks that he is well versed on matters relating to the rottenness and corruption of the City Government.

Henry A. Meyer, the Republican candidate for Mayor two years ago, and who was defeated, has been sore ever since because of his defeat. He made a strong canvass, owing to the good management of Mr. Schieren, and now he shows his base ingratitude to Mr. Schieren by declaring that he will vote for Mr. Boody. Instead of helping the man who, he claimed two years ago, could not give the people a businesslike administration, his flopping over to Mr. Boody will materially aid Mr. Schieren.

Mr. Schieren yesterday visited the large manufactories in the Twelfth Ward, and was welcomed by the great mass of workmen. Thursday he went to the Eastern District. In speaking of Thursday's trip, he said:

"I was really surprised. Every business man received me most courteously and told me, without exception, that they were tired of Democratic misrule. They also assured me of their support. I mean to visit every section of the city and make the acquaintance of the people.

"I feel that the young men especially are with me. They have come in numbers to my house, and wanted only a suggestion from me as to what they should do. I am greatly gratified at the success of Thursday's meeting. It was far beyond my expectations."

Francis H. Wilson called at Mr. Schieren's headquarters yesterday and expressed great satisfaction with the big meeting at the rink. He said it was one of the largest meetings he had ever attended, and it was also one of the most enthusiastic.

Naval Officer Theodore B. Willis will do effective work in Brooklyn for Mr. Schieren. He was at the rink meeting Thursday night and was delighted with the result.

Daniel Bradley, the Republican candidate for Senator from the Fifth District, will begin a truck campaign Monday night. He hopes to defeat the "machine" Democratic nominee. Bradley is as good a Democrat as his opponent, so it is claimed.

William J. Gaynor, the Republican nominee for Justice of the Supreme Court, thinks, if his friends and the friends of good government will do their duty, that he will be elected. He has a heavy majority to overcome, but he is eminently qualified to make a strong canvass.

No man in Brooklyn has done more to purify politics or to show up the rottenness of the present and past administrations than has Mr. Gaynor. He fought the Aldermen and Mayor Boody on the Columbus Day celebration exorbitant bills, and he fought them for giving away valuable street franchises. But his big fight was against the city officials who tried to buy the Long Island Water Supply Company's plant for a large sum. He carried the case into court and won it in behalf of the people.

Mr. Gaynor has the reputation of being one of the most studious barristers in the State. He is qualified in every respect to become a Justice of the Supreme Court.

Chairman Kenna of the "machine" Democratic Campaign Committee received a telegram from Lieut. Gov. Sheehan yesterday to the effect that Senator David B. Hill would be in Brooklyn Monday, and would deliver an address at the Academy of Music that evening. This somewhat cheered Mr. Kenna.

Ex-Senator James W. Birkett has deserted the Republican Party and joined hands with the Democratic "machine." This was expected, for ex-Senator Birkett was under too much courtesy to the ring to oppose it. In the past he has received many favors at its hands. Being a contractor, and obtaining many fat contracts for the county farm at St. Johnland, he was not in position to refuse to come out in the interest of Mr. Boody when the screws were put on him.

Mayor Boody's assurances to the citizens of Brooklyn that the Corbett-Mitchell prize fight would not take place at Coney Island was the subject of much talk yesterday.

"What has Mayor Boody to do with Coney Island?" said one man. "If the truth was only known, it was The New-York Times that put an end to it, but Mr. Boody's assurances to the people about the fight are, indeed, laughable, for he has no more power to stop the fight than that man in charge of the motor on that trolley car."

Assistant United States District Attorney John Oakey said to a New-York Times reporter:

"I'm opposed to anything that is brutal, and I'm glad The New-York Times has succeeded in having the fight stopped.

"As for Mayor Boody stopping it, why, he had no more to do with it than did the King of Siam.

"It seems to me the people, the honest, fair-minded citizens, want a change of administration. They know the men who are in office, and they know the men who do nothing, but who are credited with large fortunes. I do not see how these men who do nothing can gain great wealth. It's a mystery.

"I know Mr. Boody, and I considered both him and Mr. Whitney honest, but they haven't any backbone, and both had to do just what they were told to do."

The Republicans will hold many meetings next week, and it is expected that they will be as demonstrative as was the rink meeting Thursday.

A number of residents of the Seventh Ward who have always voted the Democratic ticket will this year vote for Mr. Schieren for Mayor. One of the residents in that section told a New-York Times reporter yesterday that he attended the rink meeting Thursday night, and, for the first time in his life, realized how corrupt the City Government was.

"Mr. Hinrichs's speech," he said, "opened my eyes. It was a great speech, and I'm going to vote for Mr. Schieren."

The Rev. J. A. Carson of the Central Presbyterian Church, in Willoughby Avenue, is taking an active part in the independent movement. In his remarks to the members of his congregation he has denounced the methods used by the ring, and has called upon all good Christian citizens to vote for Mr. Schieren, whom he knows as a true, honest, conscientious Christian man, who would not allow himself to be used by any man or set of men for dishonest purposes.

Information is leaking out about the annoyances thrown in the way of the registering voters in the Bedford district by the managers of the Brooklyn ring. Everything that can be done to prevent people registering whom they think will vote for Charles A. Schieren is being done. As an illustration, a man who resides in the Fourth Election District of the Twenty-fourth Ward, which extends from Atlantic Avenue southward to the city line, started out with his son to register a few days ago.

They live at New-York Avenue and Pacific Street. After walking a mile, they found the polling place, south of the penitentiary, on Crow Hill, and within 100 feet of the city line. It was situated among piggeries and stables, and in a sparsely-settled neighborhood. The object of placing it there was apparent to the voter. He declares it was done to prevent the large independent Democratic and Republican vote in the Bedford district from being registered, and thus prevent the voters unfriendly to the ring from exercising their franchise.

PASTOR SPEAR BECAME ANGRY.

He Failed to Convict an Old Farmer of Cruelty to His Horses.

BRENTWOOD, L. I., Oct. 20.—The Rev. Joseph Spear, pastor of the Presbyterian churches in this village and Comac, and local agent for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, is being criticised for his action toward Samuel P. Soper, a farmer, living at Comac. The latter is eighty years old. He earns a living by cultivating a small farm and selling cordwood in surrounding villages. He owns a team of horses that are also old.

A few days ago the farmer drove through here with a load of produce. The Rev. Mr. Spear saw him, and on Mr. Soper's return, arrested the old man for cruelty to animals. The team was taken to a stable and their owner informed that he must pay a fine of $20 or go to jail. The farmer said he would pay $10 and have one of his horses, which was lame, shot. He claimed the other horse was sound, and he would not pay $10 for driving it. Henry Conklin, a veterinary surgeon, advised Mr. Soper not to pay any fine, but let the charge go into court. Mr. Conklin became bondsman for the farmer and he was released.

The case came up to-day before Justice Studley and a jury. The jury acquitted Mr. Soper. The verdict proved a surprise to the minister. He became angry and shook his hand in Farmer Soper's face, and said he would get square with him yet.

Says His Accomplices Are Prominent Men.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Oct. 20.—Leonard Tappan, a former resident of this village, was arrested here this morning. He has been wanted for some time for forgery. Tappan's success in evading arrest made him bold, and he came here last night and went to the home of his brother, Thomas Tappan. There he quarreled with a clerk employed by his brother, who notified the authorities of Tappan's presence. Tappan claims he was merely the tool of others, whose clever penmanship made the forgeries possible. He says his accomplices are prominent and his exposure will create a scandal unless those interested come to his rescue. The prisoner was a terror to the place. He made hundreds of dollars by his forgeries. He was rich at one time, but spent his money in riotous living. When his resources were gone, he became a forger.

Universalists Elect Officers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The General Convention of the Universalist Church adjourned to-day, to meet in Meriden, Conn., in 1895. The new profession was not adopted. To bring about such a change would require a two-thirds vote of all the delegates who had registered during the session of the convention. More than a third of the delegates had left town. The following officers were elected: President—H. B. Metcalf, Rhode Island; Vice President—C. H. Russell, New-York; Secretary—G. L. Demerest, New-Hampshire; Treasurer—Ebenezer Alexander, Massachusetts; Trustees—J. B. W. Joy, Sidney Perham, Henry W. Rugg, Edwin R. Holden, and H. A. Manning; Preacher of Occasional Sermon—The Rev. Joseph K. Mason.

Rockville Centre Needs a Lock-up.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE, N. J., Oct. 20.—The constables and Deputy Sheriffs here are up in arms over the continued refusal of the local authorities to build a lock-up for prisoners. The officers say whenever they make an arrest they either have to handcuff the prisoners to themselves and go to bed with them, or sit up all night.

Mrs. Halliday Makes a Statement.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Mrs. Lizzie Halliday, who is imprisoned here awaiting trial for the murder of her husband and a Mrs. McQuillan and her daughter, of Newburg, about a month ago, in one of her rational moments the other day told Sheriff Beecher that Miss McQuillan came to her house with other parties, and she thinks they brought whisky with them. She became tired and sick and went up stairs to bed early, she told the Sheriff. Some time in the night some persons came into her room and tried to make her get up. When she resisted they pounded her severely, and something was thrown over her face. This made her sleep, and it was late in the morning when she awoke. There was no one in the house then. She claimed it would be impossible for her to drag the bodies of the two women from the house to the barn.

For Defrauding the Home Life.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The trial of William F. Gorrell, formerly general Western agent of the Home Life Insurance Company of New-York, and Charles S. Nugent, a special agent under him, was begun yesterday. Gorrell and Nugent are accused of conspiring to defraud the Home Life Insurance Company by forging applications for insurance policies and securing exorbitant commissions.

BOODY FOSTERS IGNORANCE

SCHOOLS CRIPPLED TO RAISE "MACHINE" SALARIES.

Brooklyn Board of Estimate, of Which the Mayor Is a Member, Refused Money to Build Needed Schoolhouses, and Hundreds of Children Are Running at Large—The Board Cut the Teachers' Salary Estimate $150,000 and Raised the Pay of Political Office Holders.

Hundreds of children are running at large in the streets of Brooklyn, unable to get into the public schools. Schoolhouses have not been provided for their accommodation. There might now be adequate facilities for the instruction of the young in the City of Churches but for the extravagance in other directions of the Boody and Chapin administrations.

Mayor Alfred C. Chapin and Mayor David A. Boody found time to increase the salaries of men who were thought to be useful, politically, to the Democratic "machine" organization, but their hearing was impaired when the Board of Education approached them appealing for money for new schools and for additions to existing buildings.

Here is a list of the political office holders in Brooklyn whose salaries were increased by the Board of Estimate, of which Mayor Boody is a member, in 1892, in the first year of his administration:

Controller Theodore F. Jackson, from $6,000 to $9,000.

Police Superintendent Campbell, from $4,000 to $5,000.

Commissioner of City Works John P. Adams, from $5,000 to $6,000.

Corporation Counsel Almet F. Jenks, from $8,000 to $10,000.

President Thomas A. Wilson of the Board of Assessment, from $4,000 to $4,500.

Fire Marshal Benjamin Lewis, from $2,500 to $3,000.

Three Police Inspectors, from $3,000 to $3,500.

Twenty-three Police Captains, from $2,400 to $2,700.

Telegraph Superintendent Frank C. Mason, from $2,400 to $2,700.

Two Excise Commissioners, from $2,500 to $3,500.

Thirteen Assessors, from $3,000 to $3,500.

Five police surgeons, from $1,250 to $1,500.

Controller Jackson, who is a rich man, was a member of the Board of Estimate which raised his salary from $6,000 to $9,000 a year.

That same Board of Estimate, with a loud cry for economy, took $150,000 off the estimate for salaries of public school teachers, mostly women, submitted to it by the Board of Education.

This year the Board of Estimate took a clear million dollars off the amount asked for by the Board of Education. The Board of Education applied for $3,359,074 and got $2,331,924.

For new school buildings the board asked for $980,000. It was allowed $150,000. Even this moiety, under the wretched financial condition of Brooklyn, and because of the inability of the City Controller to sell bonds, will not be available until after Jan. 1, 1894.

The Board of Estimate in 1892—the board by which Controller Jackson's salary was raised 50 per cent.—cut down the amount asked for by the Board of Education for the purchase of school sites one-half, or from $100,000 to $50,000.

As a result of the extravagances of the Chapin and Boody administrations, the development of the public school facilities of Brooklyn has been seriously retarded, and the demand for admissions, especially in the primary grades, has far outstripped the accommodations.

A dozen new schools are needed, but cannot be built, because of lack of funds. Half a dozen new schools, for which the Board of Education arranged a long time ago, are still mere castles in the air.

The following is the list of urgently-needed schools and schoolhouse additions presented to the Brooklyn Board of Education in May by W. H. Maxwell, Superintendent of Public Instruction:

Addition to No. 23, which is very much crowded, while many of its rooms are wholly unfit for use.

Addition to No. 55, which is very much crowded.

Addition to No. 73. It is at present one of the most overcrowded schools in the city.

A school for primary pupils to relieve No. 10.

A new building on the site owned by your board on Monitor Street and Van Cott Avenue.

A new building to relieve Nos. 15, 32, and 47.

A new building to relieve Nos. 78 and 13.

Addition to No. 20.

A new school in the vicinity of No. 64.

Additions to Nos. 41, 70, and 76.

A new building for a primary school in the neighborhood of No. 74.

These buildings, in addition to those already enumerated as being in course of construction, are urgently needed at once. Were they ready for occupancy to-day, they would be filled.

Speaking of the condition of the Brooklyn public schools, Superintendent Maxwell said:

Many of our schools are overflowing; they cannot accommodate the pupils of their districts. In nearly all the newer sections of the city the crowding is dangerous to the health of the children, and absolutely prevents their receiving that training to which all children are of right entitled.

In my report for 1891, I pointed out that in October of that year there had been 360 classes with registers of over 60. In one year the number has risen to 389.

There is no use attempting to explain away these facts. They are not to be reconciled with any reasonable principles of sound public school administration.

These large classes are a constant menace to the health, the happiness, and the success in life of the children who attend them.

When the public school year opened, in September, there were three large schools still uncompleted, which would have been ready long ago but for the lack of funds. School No. 85, Evergreen Avenue and Covert Street, was not ready until Sept. 25. This building was ordered by the Board of Education in January, 1892, and its construction dragged along at intervals for twenty-one months. School No. 86, Irving Avenue and Harman Street, and School No. 87, Herkimer Street, corner of Radde Place, were ordered by the Board of Education in January, 1892. School No. 86 will not be open before November. School No. 87 is not yet ready for occupancy.

School No. 88, which is to be located at Vandervoort Place and Thomas Street, was contracted for by the Board of Education at the beginning of the present year. It was urgently needed. Owing to the lack of money, the construction of this school is not yet begun.

Work on the addition to School No. 26, as well as on many other proposed additions, was suspended early in the present year, and for a long time the building operations of the Board of Education were at a standstill.

In January, 1892, the board ordered an addition of sixteen rooms to School No. 43, Boerum Street, near Ewen. There was no money, and the contract was not signed until September, 1892. The addition is not yet completed.

In January, 1892, the board ordered a twenty-six-room addition to School No. 23, Conselyea Street, near Humboldt. It has not yet been begun.

In June, 1892, the pressure for more school accommodations was so urgent that the Board of Education ordered the following schools and extensions:

A new school to relieve Schools Nos. 13, 52, and 47.

A new school in the district of School No. 10.

An addition to School No. 73.

A new school on Van Cott Avenue, Greenpoint.

In the absence of funds it has been impossible to begin work on any of these schools or extensions.

Mayor Boody first discovered the true financial condition last December, when the Controller advertised about $1,000,000 worth of bonds for sale, and learned, before it was too late, that the issue of that amount of obligations would exceed the debt limit. After a consultation with Mayor Boody, the Controller withdrew the offer, and it has never been renewed.

The President of a Brooklyn savings bank said:

"It is not that we fear Brooklyn to be insolvent, but we are afraid her assessed values are not sufficient to support a first-class Government. Situated as Brooklyn is, she must try to compete with New-York, and give her residents the same improvements that New-York gives hers. This, it is evident, she cannot do without practically confiscating real estate. Even now her taxes are on a basis of 70 per cent. of the value of property, and her tax rate is slowly creeping up to $3 per $100 of valuation. New-York, on the contrary, taxes on only 50 per cent. of the valuation, and with a rate of only $1.85 per $100, and even then New-York is not within $70,000,000 of her debt limit."

The Board of Education is only one of the departments of the Brooklyn City Government which has suffered seriously through the extravagance of the Chapin and Boody administrations.

CASE OF THE OSCAR AND HATTIE.

Hearing at Ottawa as to a Canadian Sealing Vessel.

OTTAWA, Oct. 20.—The appeal case of the owners of the Oscar and Hattie, a Canadian sealer seized in the Summer of 1892, in Bering Sea, was heard in the Supreme Court here to-day. This is an appeal from the Admiralty Court of British Columbia, which condemned the vessel.

The Oscar and Hattie left early in the season for the fishing grounds, and spent the greater part of her time fishing in the neighborhood of Copper Islands. In the month of August she started for her home, Victoria, B. C. On her way she ran short of water and made for Alton Island to obtain a supply. The Captain called at Gotzland Harbor, on the north side of the island, which forms part of the southern boundary of Bering Sea.

Had the vessel called on the south side she would not have been within prohibited waters, but owing to the wind, the Captain took the other side of the island. Here the vessel was seized by the United States man-of-war Mohican, and afterward handed over to her Majesty's ship Melpomene, and was finally put in the possession of the Collector of Customs at Victoria under seizure.

It was held in the petition for condemnation that the vessel was hunting for seals in forbidden water. She was laden with skins, but it was proved they were caught outside of Bering Sea, near Copper Islands. Judgment in the case was reserved to-day, but the remarks of the Justices on the bench were strongly against the seizure.

The Chief Justice, and, also, Justice Sedgewick, declared that there was not a scintilla of evidence to show that the Oscar and Hattie was at Gotzland for any other purpose than to obtain a supply of water. There are no seals at Alton Island.

DEFICIENCY BILL PASSED.

To Provide for the Payment of Certain Salaries Now Due.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—In the House to-day Representative Simpson (Pop., Kan.,) charged that Mr. Curtis (Rep., Kan.,) was the agent or attorney of railroads running through the Cherokee Strip. This the latter vigorously denied. This was in the course of the debate on the bill to require those railroads to establish and maintain stations at the town sites located by the Interior Department, which was passed.

That discussion was enlivened, also, by a brief passage between Representative McRae, (Dem., Ark.,) and Delegate Flynn, (Rep., Okla.,) respecting the attitude of the Harrison and Cleveland Administrations toward the opening of the Strip to settlement, which gave Mr. McRae the opportunity to express his opinion that the present Administration was wrong in retaining officials and employes of the last Administration.

Mr. Sayers, (Dem., Texas,) from the Committee on Appropriations, reported an urgent deficiency bill, and it was passed. It appropriates $127,500 for the pay of janitors and custodians in the Treasury Department, and $200,000 to enable the Clerk of the House to pay the clerks of members, and $10,000 for the repair of the Reform School in the District of Columbia.

The House also passed the bill to remit half the duties assessed against exhibits sold at the World's Fair, or those now on exhibition there, which may go to the California midwinter exposition and be sold there.

An effort to pass the bill submitting to the Court of Private Land Claims the claim of William McGarrahan to the Rancho Panoche Grande was defeated.

"WHITE CAPS" BURN COTTON.

Arkansas Planters Suffering from the Work of Incendiaries.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 20.—The cotton planters of this State are now thoroughly aroused by the work of incendiaries, who are, without a doubt, a band of "White Caps," who, two weeks ago, warned the farmers that if they did not shut down their gins until cotton advanced to 10 cents a pound they would apply the torch to the gin houses.

A large number of notices were posted, but very little attention was paid to the threat by the planters. The "White Caps" meant business, and have begun to carry their threat into execution.

The valuable gin house belonging to ex-Commissioner of Agriculture M. F. Lock, at Alma, was fired last night and burned to the ground. Together with the cotton lost, the loss is $10,000, without insurance.

Several gins in Faulkner County, near this city, were posted yesterday, and created considerable excitement. Union County is another scene of trouble with "White Caps," and planters are watching their property night and day, and have given a warning that if any suspicious person is caught on their premises he will be roughly dealt with.

Gov. Fishback will be appealed to for aid.

To Amend the Naturalization Laws.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The House Judiciary Committee to-day authorized Mr. Oates (Dem., Ala.,) to report favorably his bill amending the naturalization laws of the United States. The bill prohibits the naturalization of any alien who has ever been convicted of a felony or other infamous crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or who is an Anarchist or polygamist, or who immigrated to this country in violation of law. An alien to be naturalized is also required to be able to read the Constitution, and must reside continuously in the United States for five years, and in the State or Territory in which he makes application for one year. The penalty for swearing falsely to a naturalization petition is made punishable by a fine of $1,000 or imprisonment at hard labor for five years, or both.

The report will refer to the investigation made by the committee in the Forty-ninth and Fifty-second Congresses. In the former investigation it was shown that one court in Brooklyn was used by imposition and fraud for naturalization by a combination of lawless men, who would naturalize and make full-fledged citizens of aliens three days after they landed for $25.

The Survivors of the Iotamueza.

GALVESTON, Texas, Oct. 20.—The steamer Lampassas of the Mallory Line is at quarantine, having on board José Soranco and Pedro Anteguerra, survivors of the wrecked Spanish vessel, Juan Iotamueza, Capt. José Lienan, from Mobile to Seville, laden with staves. The Iotamueza became water-logged Oct. 5 and sunk to the forecastle. The Captain and fifteen of the crew clung to the forecastle until they became exhausted and fell off, and were drowned. When Soranco and Anteguerra were rescued they had been five days without food or water.

The Trial Trip of the Machias.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The Machias, the gunboat built at Bath, Me., is to be taken on her final trial trip early next week. The trip will be made in the open sea, the run being a continuous voyage of forty-eight hours. The trial will demonstrate the efficiency of the ship in manœuvring. All sorts of conditions will be supposed that the engines and the steering gear may be fully tested. If the vessel meets the requirements, the Machias will be formally taken off the hands of the contractors and the amount now withheld on the contract by the Government surrendered. The Machias, from Portsmouth, N. H., for New-York, passed Highland Light at 3:30 P. M. to-day.

Bank Officers Indicted.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 20.—The Ramsey County Grand Jury this morning handed in indictments against Hawks, ex-cashier of the broken Seven Corners Bank, and against W. B. Evans, assistant cashier of the same institution. The men are charged with the embezzlement of $103,000. Both men had resigned their positions prior to the insolvency of the bank.

Ritter Wants Mrs. Ritter Arrested.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Oct. 20.—Robert F. Ritter, the fish dealer who was publicly horsewhipped a few days ago by his wife, has sworn out a warrant for her arrest on a charge of assault. He says all his troubles are due to too much father-in-law. Constable Hicks has been unable to find Mrs. Ritter. She is said to be with relatives in Brooklyn.

New Officers of the "N. W. C. T. U."

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The National Woman's Christian Temperance Union elected officers today as follows: President—Miss Frances E. Willard; Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Mary A. Woodbridge; Treasurer—Miss Esther Pugh; Recording Secretary—Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens; Assistant Recording Secretary—Mrs. Clara Hoffman.

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5

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Buy It and Be Glad.

WANTS TO ENJOY HIMSELF.

Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., to Withdraw from Houses His Father Founded.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—Considerable surprise was created this evening when it became known that Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., would to-morrow announce his withdrawal from the banking houses of Drexel & Co. of Philadelphia, Drexel, Morgan & Co. of New-York, and Drexel, Harjes & Co. of Paris. Few financial men knew that such a step had been in contemplation, much less already taken, and speculation was indulged in at length as to the cause.

Those members of the local house who were seen declined to give any information regarding the matter. They admitted that Mr. Drexel's withdrawal would be announced to-morrow, but made light of the affair.

An intimate friend of Col. Drexel consented to give what little knowledge of the action he possessed.

"Col. Drexel," he said, "leaves the firm because he does not care to assume the cares and responsibilities which are attached to the business. He is a young man who is fond of life as it is found in society. His pleasures would have to be curtailed immeasurably were he to continue closely identified with the business his father established, and he does not care for the confinement and close application to which he would be subjected. He prefers to be free footed, and will withdraw. That is all there is to his action. It is said it has no significance whatever.

"The three houses will continue as they are, and the father's interest will remain in them. The estate can only be withdrawn by the trustees, and nothing like this is contemplated."

Idle Men Will Get Work.

MUNCIE, Ind., Oct. 20.—The fires were started Wednesday night at the White River Iron and Steel Works and the mill will start Monday making bar iron and steel. Monday morning the Muncie Knitting Mill will resume work after three months' idleness. The Over Window Glass Works will resume Sunday night, and the Whitely Reaper Works Oct. 30.

BRAZIL, Ind., Oct. 20.—Weaver, Getz & Co., one of the largest coal-mining companies in these regions, who went into the hands of a receiver last May, have been placed in possession of their mines by the receiver. All the attachments have been removed and the company will at once resume operations, giving employment to 600 miners, who have been idle all Summer.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Oct. 20, 1893.

Receipts for this day:

	Beeves.	Cows.	Veals and Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Hogs.
Jersey City......	624	..	107	3,966	709
Sixtieth Street..	800	9	88	1,663	....
Fortieth Street..	..	..	..	....	1,240
Hoboken..	628	..	..	216	....
Total....	2,052	9	195	5,845	1,949

BEEVES—Receipts were 123 cars: 36 cars at Jersey City, 49 cars at Sixtieth Street, 32 cars at Hoboken, and 6 cars by the Lehigh Valley Railroad; 73 cars were consigned to slaughterers, 26 cars for export, and 24 cars for the market. Latest cable advices quote refrigerated beef at 8c per lb and American steers at 9@10½c per lb, estimated dressed weight. Shipments to-morrow: Eastmans Company, 2,000 quarters of beef in the Etruria; 1,400 quarters for N. Morris in the Boston City; Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, 208 cattle on the Alecto, 212 do, and 1,500 quarters on the Manitoba; M. Goldsmith, 215 cattle on the Manitoba. Although the supply was light, the demand was poor and trading slow, without change in prices. Texans sold at $3.70 per cwt, Colorados at $3.50@$4.15, common to good native steers at $3.45@$5.10, oxen at $2@$4, bulls at $2.40@$2.50, cows at $1.75@$2.45, heifers at $3.25. SALES.—M. GOLDSMITH—16 Kentucky steers, 1,376 lb average, at $5.10 100 lb; 16 do, 1,361 lb, at $5.10; 17 do, 1,275 lb, at $4.85; 9 do, 1,294 lb, at $4.70; 10 do, 1,227 lb, at $4.50; 12 do, 1,277 lb, at $4.15; 4 do, 1,350 lb, at $4.20. SHERMAN & CULVER—134 Colorados, 1,150 lb, at $4.10; 18 do, 1,195 lb, at $3.50; 17 Ohio steers, 1,224 lb, at $4.30; 2 oxen, 1,505 lb, at $2.85; 1 heifer, 930 lb, at $3.25. NEWTON & GILLETT—20 Ohio steers, 1,152 lb, at $3.85; 21 do, 1,122 lb, at $3.55; 20 do, 1,212 lb, at $3.45; 14 oxen, 1,310 lb, at $3.40; 2 do, 1,310 lb, at $3.40; 2 do, 1,175 lb, at $2. D. M'PHERSON & CO.—38 Colorados, 1,170 lb, at $3.75; 1 ox, 1,580 lb, at $4; 1 do, 1,650 lb, at $3.10; 25 cows, 1,042 lb, at $2.45; 1 do, 900 lb, at $2.25; 16 do, 865 lb, at $1.75; 1 do, 900 lb, at $1.75; 3 bulls, 823 lb, at $2.40. S. SANDERS—12 Ohio oxen, 1,654 lb, at $5.35; 20 Ohio steers, 1,257 lb, at $4.75; 21 Virginia do, 1,254 lb, at $4.55; 22 West Virginia do, 1,226 lb, at $4.45; 83 Colorados, 1,261 lb, at $4.15; 9 do, 1,062 lb, at $4.10; 10 Texans, 1,061 lb, at $3.70. HALLENBECK & HOLLIS—1 ox, 1,200 lb, at $2.12½; 1 do, 1,520 lb, at $3.40. HUME & MULLEN—2 oxen, 1,360 lb, at $3.50; 2 do, 1,350 lb, at $2.50; 1 bull, 1,070 lb, at $2.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts were 26 cars: 18 cars at Jersey City and 7 cars at Sixtieth Street; for the market; 1 car at Hoboken for a slaughterer. Sheep slow; good lambs unchanged, but common stuff dull and a little lower. Sheep sold at $2.75@$3.50 cwt; culls at $2@$2.25; lambs at $3@$5.12½ for common to choice; few extra at $5.25. SALES.—D. M'PHERSON & CO.—110 Virginia lambs, 68 lb average, at $5 100 lb; 220 do, 62 lb, at $4.30; 120 do, 60 lb, at $4; 40 do, 62 lb, at $4.75; 94 Pennsylvania do, 62 lb, at $4.75; 78 do, 54 lb, at $4.35; 104 Kentucky do, 66 lb, at $4.50; 42 Pennsylvania sheep and lambs, 64 lb, at $3.25; 121 Kentucky sheep, 87 lb, at $3.35; 34 Virginia do, 91 lb, at $2.25; 6 do, 83 lb, at $2; 103 Western do, 84 lb, at $3. S. JUDD & CO.—88 State lambs, 68 lb, at $4.75; 88 do, 66 lb, at $4.25; 41 do, 62 lb, at $4; 63 State sheep, 81 lb, at $3; 12 do, 112 lb, at $3. J. F. PIDCOCK—221 Ohio sheep, 78 lb, at $3.25; 205 do, 78 lb, at $3.15; 26 Ohio lambs, 69 lb, at $5. M. COLLINS—120 Western lambs, 66 lb, at $4.75; 127 State do, 68½ lb, at $4.50; 14 do, 53 lb, at $3.50; 226 Virginia do, 65 lb, at $4.75; 246 Ohio do, 63 lb, at $4.50; 227 Western sheep, 85 lb, at $3.30; 11 State do, 98 lb, at $3. S. SANDERS—211 Ohio lambs, 64 lb, at $4.50; 8 Ohio sheep, 77 lb, at $3. NEWTON & GILLETT—224 Virginia lambs, 68 lb, at $5. HALLENBECK & HOLLIS—69 State sheep, 81 lb, at $3.25; 160 State lambs, 60 lb, at $3.75; 136 do, 60 lb, at $4.75; 210 do, 78 lb, at $5.12½. D. HARRINGTON—31 Pennsylvania sheep, 112 lb, at $3.25; 42 Pennsylvania lambs, 60 lb, at $4.50; 423 Western do, 70½ lb, at $5. G. DILLENBACK—19 State sheep, 105 lb, at $2.75; 19 State lambs, 77 lb, at $5.25; 49 do, 66 lb, at $5; 320 do, 63 lb, at $4.50; 110 do, 62 lb, at $4; 114 Pennsylvania sheep and lambs, 74 lb, at $3.50. HUME & MULLEN—72 State sheep, 80 lb, at $3.50; 59 State lambs, 58 lb, at $4.55.

VEALS AND CALVES—Trade slow, but market steady for all kinds. Grassers at $1.75@$2.50 cwt; common to choice veals at $5@$8. SALES.—HALLENBECK & HOLLIS—53 grassers, 172 lb, at $1.75; 24 do, 184 lb, at $2; 11 do, 282 lb, at $2.25; 10 do, 325 lb, at $2.50; 4 veals, 162 lb, at $8. HUME & MULLEN—20 grassers, 221 lb, at $2.37½; 19 veals, 116 to 156 lb, at $5@$8. J. P. NELSON—9 grassers, 212 lb, at $2.25. D. M'PHERSON & CO.—14 grassers, 286 lb, at $2.50. M. COLLINS—19 grassers, 130 lb, at $2. S. JUDD & CO.—1 veal, 160 lb, at $8; 5 grassers, 188 lb, at $2.

HOGS—The arrivals were 13 cars: 4 cars at Jersey City and 9 cars at Fortieth Street. A few for sale. Market dull and lower at $6.50@$7.15 cwt. SALES.—HUME & MULLEN—13 State hogs, 104 lb, average, at $7.15 100 lb; 4 do, 142 lb, at $7.15; 4 do, 275 lb, at $6.75; 1 rough, 500 lb, at $5.75. M. COLLINS—13 State hogs, 145 lb, at $7.20; 3 do, 293 lb, at $6.75; 1 stag, 400 lb, at $5.50.

BUFFALO, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Receipts last twenty-four hours, 2,860 head; total for week thus far, 12,540 head; for same time last week, 14,960 head; consigned through, 2,860 head; to New-York, 1,860 head; on sale, none; market opened and closed with weak feeling. Hogs—Receipts last twenty-four hours, 11,850 head; total for week thus far, 70,400 head; for same time last week, 69,600 head; consigned through, 5,850 head; to New-York, 5,100 head; on sale, 6,750 head; market opened weaker; closed easy to a shade off; Yorkers, light to fair, $6.65@$6.70; good to choice, $6.75@$6.80; good mixed packers, $6.75@$6.80; good mediums, $6.80@$6.90; pigs, $6.50@$6.60. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts last twenty-four hours, 5,000 head; total for week thus far, 31,800 head; for same time last week, 33,200 head; consigned through, 1,200 head; to New-York, 2,400 head; on sale, 4,600 head; market opened lower; closed very dull, with a number unsold; fair to good lambs, $3.50@$4.15; choice, $4.25@$4.50; fair to good sheep, $2.75@$3.15; choice wethers, $3.40@$3.75.

PEORIA, Oct. 20.—Corn active; firm; No. 2 38¼c; No. 3, 37½c; receipts, 90,700 bushels; shipments, 8,250 bushels. Oats active; irregular; No. 2 white, 30c; No. 3 white, 29@29¾c; receipts, 70,400 bushels; shipments, 65,100 bushels. Rye firm; higher; new No. 2, 48c; receipts, 1,200 bushels; shipments, none. Whisky—Market steady on the basis of $1.14 for high wines; receipts, none; shipments, 909 bbls.

EAST LIBERTY, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Receipts light; demand fair; market slow at unchanged prices; prime, $4.75@$5.10; good, $4.35@$4.60; good butchers', $3.75@$4.10. Hogs—Receipts light; demand fair; market steady at quotations; very few good corn-fed on sale; prime Philadelphia, $6.90@$7; best mixed, $6.80@$6.85; best light Yorkers, $6.75@$6.85; grassers, $6.40@$6.60; common to best pigs, $6@$6.75; roughs, $5@$6. Sheep—Two cars for sale; demand only fair; market steady at unchanged prices; extra, $3.50@$3.75; good, $2.85@$3.10; common, 50c@$1; Spring lambs, $2.50@$4.50.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000 head; market steady; 5c higher. Hogs—Heavy, $6.10@$6.45; mixed, $6@$6.40; light, $6.20@$6.55. Sheep—Receipts, 900 head; market firm.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,000 head; market easy to firm; common to extra steers, $3@$5.80; stockers and feeders, $2@$3.65; cows and bulls, $1@$3.30; calves, $2@$5.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 19,000 head; market generally firm; heavy, $5.90@$6.45; common to choice mixed, $6@$6.50; choice assorted, $6.55@$6.70; light, $6.10@$6.60; pigs, $5.65@$6.40.

STATE OF TRADE.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 20.—Flour dull; buyers indifferent, and, as a rule, contending for lower prices; receipts, 3,730 bbls; shipments, 7,914 bbls; patents, $3@$3.20; extra fancy, $2.70@$2.80; fancy, $2.40@$2.50; choice, $2.15@$2.25; family, $2@$2.10. Rye flour, $3.10@$3.25. Bran higher; a cut of 3c per 100 lb that has been given in flour was to-day extended to mill-feed. This brought bids up to 60c finally, but none could be bought below 61c; sales, country points, 1 car, bulk, at 51c; 2 do, at 52c; 3, sacked, at 58c; 3 do at 58½c; east track, 4 cars, sacked, early, at 59c; 1 car middlings at 68c; track, this side, 1 car, bulk, mixed feed at 56c. Wheat lower; receipts, 67,602 bushels; shipments, 4,864 bushels; October closed at 59c; November at 60c; December at 61⅛@61⅝c; May at 69⅝@69½c. Corn weak; lower; receipts, 57,875 bushels; shipments, 49,772 bushels; October closed at 36½c; December at 34⅝@34¾c; year at 34½c; January at 34½c; May at 38⅛@38⅝c. Oats firm; no change; receipts, 71,500 bushels; shipments, 11,300 bushels; October closed at 27½c; November at 27⅝c; May at 31⅝c. Pork—Standard mess selling at $18.25; on orders, $18.75. Lard—Prime steam, 9¾@9⅝c, nominal. Dry Salt Meats—Shoulders, 6¾@6⅞c; longs and clear ribs, 9⅝c; shorts, 9⅜c. Bacon—Boxed shoulders, 7⅝c; longs, 10⅜c; clear ribs, 10⅜c; shorts, 11c. High wines firm at $1.14. Wool—Market very quiet; Missouri and Illinois, medium combing, 16@16½c; medium clothing, 15½@16c; light fine, 12@13c; heavy, 10@11c; Kansas and Nebraska, medium, 14@14½c; coarse, 12@13c; light fine, 11@12c; heavy, 9@10c; Texas, Indian Territory, and Arkansas, medium, 15@15½c; coarse, 13@14c.

BUFFALO, Oct. 20.—Spring wheat active; demand for cost, insurance, and freight at early limits; closing dull, ⅜c advance asked; sales, 8,000 bushels No. 1 Northern, 68¼c; 4,000 bushels old Chicago Northern, 69c; 30,000 bushels No. 1 Northern, cost, insurance, and freight, 66⅝c; 15,000 bushels do, 66⅞c; 45,000 bushels do, 66⅝c; closing: No. 1 hard, spot, 69¾c; do, cost, insurance, and freight, 67½c; No. 1 Northern spot, 68¼c; do, cost, insurance, and freight, 66⅞c; Winter wheat lower; No. 2 red, 66c; No. 1 white, 67½c asked. Corn unsettled; sales, 15,000 bushels No. 2 yellow, 43½@44c; 9,000 bushels No. 2, 42⅜@43¼c; closing: No. 2 yellow, 43⅝c; No. 2, 42⅜c asked. Oats firmer; sales, 4 cars No. 2 white, 34¼@34½c; 2 cars No. 3 white, 33¾@33¾c; 4 cars No. 2 mixed, 32c, track. Barley firm; No. 1 Western, 65@66c; No. 2, 60@63c; lower grades, 48@55c; State, 68@70c. Rye—No offerings; No. 2 quoted at 51c. Flour firm; fair demand; best Spring, $3.90@$4; Winter straights, $3.15@$3.35; rye flour, $3@$3.15. Millfeed firm; unchanged. Canal freights firm; wheat, 5c; corn, 4⅝c; oats, 3¼c; seed, 5c; barley, 4¼c, to New-York. Receipts—Flour, 45,000 bbls; wheat, 350,000 bushels; corn, 280,000 bushels; oats, 118,000 bushels; barley, 75,000 bushels. Shipments—Canal—Wheat, 114,000 bushels; corn, 60,000 bushels; barley, 19,400 bushels. Shipments—Rail—Flour, 56,000 bbls; wheat, 150,000 bushels; corn, 121,000 bushels.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKETS.

Good Business in Wheat, Oats Were Active, and Provisions Were Strong.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—A good business was transacted in wheat to-day, the market at times being quite active. During the early part of the session the market was quite strong, prices advancing ⅛@⅜c over the closing figures of yesterday, but later became easy, prices receding 1⅛c, then becoming steady, the close being ⅜@½c lower for December and ½c lower for May. The early strength was ascribed to strong cables and a continuation of the confident feeling that the silver-purchase clause would be repealed or that a very favorable compromise would be made.

There was good buying, both for long and short accounts, but at the advance offerings became large, and as the market declined the selling became general. It was difficult to decide who were the leaders, but such prominent commission houses as Logan & Co., H. V. Lester & Co., Schwartz, Dupee & Co., and Kennett, Hopkins & Co. disposed of enormous quantities. The receipts in the Northwest were larger again today, thus proving that the arrivals in that section have not yet started to fall off. The later news from Washington was not so favorable, being very indefinite in its character. Exports were fairly large, aggregating 500,000 bushels in wheat and flour. Late cables were firm; ½d higher at Liverpool. Receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth were 917 cars, and Chicago had 92 cars. Withdrawals from store were 198,983 bushels. Receipts at principal Western and Eastern points were 1,246,270 bushels, and shipments 612,372 bushels.

Corn—There was a good speculative trade in corn at different times during the day, while at others it was quite dull. Prices were somewhat irregular, with the feeling unsettled and to a great extent following that of wheat. There was not a great amount of outside trade, but local operators were active. Receipts were up to estimates, 411 cars arriving. The market was strong early and prices were advanced ⅝@½c. Cables were firm, reporting Liverpool ½d higher. Domestic markets were also strong. These items of news created some anxiety among shorts, who covered freely. At the advance there was considerable realizing. The estimated receipts for to-morrow, being a little larger, caused an easy feeling, and prices declined ½@⅝c. At the opening there were some buying orders received, and a reaction of ¼@⅜c took place. The close was almost at bottom prices, a loss of ⅜@½c for the day. Receipts at Western points were 628,791 bushels, and the shipments 592,553 bushels. Arrivals at the seaboard were 186,503 bushels, and the shipments 148,947 bushels. The cash demand was good at an advance of ¼@⅜c early; this was lost later, however, and the close was weak.

Oats—The market was quite active and strong early, prices advancing ½c in sympathy with wheat and corn. Later there was a weaker feeling, and the advance was lost, the market being ⅛@¼c lower at the close. The French crop yield was reported 50,000,000 bushels less than previous estimates. Receipts were 183 cars, about the number looked for. Withdrawals from store were 24,366 bushels. The cash demand was active, at higher prices early, later declining, and closing with the gain lost.

Provisions opened strong on a better tone in live hogs at the yards, caused by light receipts and to some covering by shorts. The strength in grain contributed some to the better speculative feeling in product. Lard was most active, with packers supporting it. An easy feeling subsequently developed in response to the decline in wheat, but October contracts were strong on buying by the Cudahy Packing Company. There was a good shipping demand for home consumption. Cables reported foreign markets dull, while domestic markets were higher. Receipts were small and shipments liberal. January pork closed 10c higher, January lard 2½@5c higher, and January ribs 2½c higher.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow are: Wheat, 160 cars; corn, 625 cars; oats, 235 cars; hogs, 11,000 head.

Freights—There was a fair demand for vessel room, and rates were firm at 2¼c for wheat and 2c for corn to Buffalo.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	*Opening.*	*Highest.*	*Lowest.*	*Closing.*
Wheat, No. 2—				
Oct........	62⅛	63⅛	62⅛	62⅞
Dec........	65	65⅝	64⅝	64⅝
May........	72⅝	73	71⅞	71⅞
Corn, No. 2—				
Oct........	39	39¼	38⅝	38⅝
Nov........	39⅜	39⅜	38⅞	38⅞
Dec........	39⅜	39⅜	38⅜	38⅜
May........	42¾	43¼	42¼	42¼
Oats, No. 2—				
Oct........	27½	27½	27½	27½
Dec........	28¾	28¾	28⅜	28⅜
May........	31¾	32¼	31⅝	31¾
Mess pork, ⅌ bbl—				
Oct........	$16.50	$16.50	$16.50	$16.50
Jan........	14.35	14.35	14.27½	14.30
Lard, ⅌ 100 lb—				
Oct........	9.67½	9.75	9.67½	9.75
Nov........	9.22½	9.25	9.22½	9.25
Jan........	8.35	8.40	8.35	8.37½
Short ribs, ⅌ 100 lb—				
Oct........	8.90	8.95	8.90	8.90
Jan........	7.85	7.42½	7.35	7.42½

Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 Spring wheat, 62¼@62¾c; No. 3 Spring wheat, 59@65c; No. 2 red, 62¼@62¾c; No. 2 corn, 38⅝c; No. 2 oats, 28c; mess pork, ⅌ bbl, $17.50@$18; lard, ⅌ 100 lb, $9.80@$9.85; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $9.37½@$9.50; dry-salted shoulders, (boxed,) $7@$7.25; short clear sides, (boxed,) $9.25@$9.50.

Articles.	*Receipts.*	*Shipments.*
Wheat, bushels........	114,672	83,579
Corn, bushels........	458,730	505,219
Oats, bushels........	270,975	316,550

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 20.—Cotton quiet; good middling, 8¼c; middling, 8c; low middling, 7⅝c; good ordinary, 7⅜c; net receipts, 13,438 bales; gross receipts, 15,120 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 7,052 bales; to France, 37 bales; to the Continent, 99 bales; sales, 7,750 bales; stock, 144,697 bales. Weekly—Net receipts, 82,568 bales; gross receipts, 87,416 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 10,552 bales; to France, 23,330 bales; to the Continent, 22,520 bales; coastwise, 11,274 bales; sales, 41,750 bales.

GALVESTON, Oct. 20.—Cotton steady; middling, 7 15-16c; low middling, 7⅝c; good ordinary, 7 5-16c; net and gross receipts, 10,910 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 4,822 bales; sales, 3,288 bales; stock, 124,869 bales. Weekly—Net receipts, 57,509 bales; gross receipts, 57,509 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 37,929 bales; to the Continent, 7,008 bales; coastwise, 7,373 bales; sales, 11,790 bales; spinners, 48 bales.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 20.—Cotton steady; middling, 7⅝c; low middling, 7⅜c; good ordinary, 7⅛c; net and gross receipts, 8,164 bales; exports, coastwise, 2,348 bales; sales, 1,800 bales; stock, 131,307 bales. Weekly—Net receipts, 56,725 bales; gross receipts, 56,925 bales; exports, to the Continent, 13,520 bales; coastwise, 14,959 bales; sales, 12,150 bales.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

Spirits turpentine more active and steady; sales, 300 bbls, at 29@29½c. Resin dull but steady at $1.17½@$1.20 for common to good strained.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 20.—Resin firm; strained, 85c; good strained, 90c. Spirits turpentine firm at 25¾c. Tar steady at 90c. Crude turpentine firm; hard, $1; soft, $1.60; virgin, $1.60.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 20.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26¼c. Resin firm at $1.10.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Oct. 20, 1893.

COFFEE—The spot market is quiet and steady at 18¾c for No. 7....Sales, 500 bags No. 7, per Capua, at 18¾c, and 150 pks Jamaica, on private terms....In the option line, sales and exchanges of 22,750 bags of Rio were made here, with the market closing steady at unchanged prices to 15 points decline, on local realizing. Havre was steady and partly ¼f up. Hamburg was steady at ¼@½ pfennig decline. October deliveries stood at the close at 17.40@17.45c, (selling at 17.40c for 2,750 bags,) November at 16.80@16.90c, (selling at 16.85@16.95c for 4,500 bags,) December at 16.55@16.60c, (selling at 16.55@16.70c for 4,000 bags,) January at 16.20@16.30c, (selling at 16.20@16.35c for 1,500 bags,) February at 16.05@16.15c, (selling at 16.20c for 750 bags,) March at 15.95@16.05c, (selling at 16@16.10c for 8,000 bags,) April at 15.75@15.85c, (selling at 15.90c for 1,000 bags,) May at 15.55@15.65c, (selling at 15.65c for 250 bags.)....Stock of Rio and Santos at New-York to-day, 114,626 bags, and at the other distributing ports, 27,404 bags....Warehouse deliveries here yesterday, 9,177 bags.

COTTON—Futures were very unsettled, and closed unchanged to 2 points down after an early gain of ten points. The trading was mostly local scalping and realizing by longs, with Liverpool showing an advance of 3@4 points....Aggregate business in future deliveries here to-day, 183,700 bales....October deliveries stood here at the close at 8.22@8.24c, November at 8.24@8.26c, (selling at 8.25@8.36c for 5,900 bales,) December at 8.33@8.34c, (selling at 8.33@8.44c for 39,900 bales,) January at 8.42@8.43c, (selling at 8.42@8.54c for 90,900 bales,) February at 8.50@8.51c, (selling at 8.52@8.63c for 9,100 bales,) March at 8.58@8.60c, (selling at 8.59@8.71c for 35,000 bales,) April at 8.65@8.67c, (selling at 8.68@8.76c for 1,200 bales,) May at 8.73@8.75c, (selling at 8.73@8.83c for 1,100 bales,) and June at 8.78@8.80c, (selling at 8.84@8.88c for 600 bales.)....And for prompt delivery, 438 bales sold to spinners at steady prices....Middling, 8 9-16@8 13-16c; new cotton offered at ⅛c under....Port receipts to-day, 50,587 bales, against 42,229 bales same day last year, and for the week, 284,586 bales, against 262,351 bales last week.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Buyers generally refuse to pay the advance asked, and the trading is rather slow....Sales were about 20,300 pks, including 1,750 bbls Winter wheat patents at $3.60@$3.80, 2,800 bbls Winter wheat straights at $3.20@$3.30; Winter wheat clears at $3.15; Spring wheat clears at $3.15; Spring wheat straights at $3.75; 12,500 bbls Spring wheat patents at $4@$4.10, and fancy up to $4.30; City Mills at $3.85 for the West Indies, City Mills patents at $4.25@$4.50, 1,250 bbls No. 1 at $2.65@$2.75, 500 bbls No. 2 at $2.40@$2.50; fine at $1.85, 300 bbls supers at $2.15@$2.30, 1,200 bbls Spring bakers' at $2.75@$2.90....Arrivals here since our last, 18,564 bbls and 9,495 sacks, and export clearances hence 12,500 bbls and 33,386 sacks, and from four Atlantic ports, 69,889 bbls and sacks....And of RYE FLOUR, 200 bbls sold, in lots, at steady prices, bulk poor to choice superfine at $2.85@$3.15, and fancy at $3.20....And of CORNMEAL, 300 bbls Brandywine sold at $2.85; city coarse yellow, in bags, quoted at 93c....HOMINY CHOPS at 90@95c....FEED at steady prices; quoted, 40 to 60 lb, at 75@77½c....FLAXSEED quoted at $1.12½@$1.13....COTTONSEED MEAL quoted at $1.15@$1.30 per 100 lb....RYE quiet; nominal; Western and State quoted at 50@56c, from track and for boatloads....BUCKWHEAT FLOUR quoted at $2.25@$2.40....BARLEY dull; Milwaukee quoted at 66@67c....BARLEY MALT inactive; Canada country-made, 90@95c; two-rowed State, 70@75c; six-rowed do, 80@82½c; Western, 65@80c.

WHEAT—Spot was very quiet to-day, and prices were a little easier....Sales, 133,000 bushels of which 16,000 bushels ungraded red, for export, on private terms. The trade bought 8,000 bushels No. 2 red at 1¾c under December, delivered prompt; 16,000 bushels do at 1 1-16c under December, delivered; 15,000 bushels do at 1½@1⅝c under December, in store; 20,000 do at 1½c under December, in store, November delivery; 16,000 bushels No. 1 Northern at December price, in elevator; 15,000 bushels do at ¾c under December, delivered; 6,000 bushels do at December price, in store, and 24,000 bushels No. 2 hard, Winter, at 2c under December, delivered....Quotations for spot wheat at the close, free on board: No. 2 red, cash, at 68⅛c, store; do, late October, 69c; choice No. 2 red, 70⅛c, afloat; No. 1 Northern, afloat, at 72⅜c; No. 2 hard, afloat, at 68⅝c....The clearances hence since our last were 218,824 bushels, and from the Atlantic ports, 253,039 bushels....The receipts here to-day were 335,375 bushels, while at all Atlantic ports they reached 392,141 bushels, and, at the interior, 607,907 bushels....Options were less active and opened strong at ⅜c advance, on firmer cables and moderate foreign buying, but fell 1@1¼c on realizing here and at the West, and closed weak at ⅝@¾c under yesterday....Future sales were 3,715,000 bushels, with October closing at 68⅛c; November closing at 68⅞c; 1,690,000 bushels December at 70@71¼c, closing at 70c; 40,000 bushels January at 71½@72½c, closing at 71⅝c; 35,000 bushels February at 73@74¼, closing at 73⅛c; 30,000 bushels March at 74⅛@75⅛c, closing at 74⅝c; 1,920,000 bushels May at 77@78¼c, closing at 77c.

CORN—Spot was dull and a trifle easier....Sales, 41,000 bushels, including 16,000 bushels No. 2 mixed, for export, at 47¼c, delivered. The trade bought 1,000 bushels No. 2 mixed at 47½c, elevator, and 24,000 bushels do at 48c, delivered....The receipts for the day were 83,200 bushels, and at the Atlantic ports 186,603 bushels, with, in the interior, 585,750 bushels....The clearances hence were 38,697 bushels, and from the Atlantic ports 148,947 bushels....Options were very dull, advancing ⅜c early on light offerings, but falling off ⅝@⅞c with the West and closing weak at ⅛@¼c under yesterday....The sales of options were 510,000 bushels, with October closing at 47¼c; 110,000 bushels November at 47⅛@48c, closing at 47⅜c; 220,000 bushels December at 47½@48¼c, closing at 47½c; 180,000 bushels May at 49⅛@49⅞c, closing at 49⅛c.

OATS—Spot were moderately active on local demands, with values a shade firmer....Sales, 48,000 bushels, including No. 2 white, in elevator, at 37@37¼c for 7,000 bushels; No. 3 white at 36c; No. 2 white, clipped, at 38c; No. 3 do at 37½c; No. 2 mixed at 34½@34⅜c for 18,000 bushels; No. 3 do at 34c; rejected white at 34c; rejected mixed at 33c; No. 2 Chicago at 35½c; track mixed at 34@36c for 3,000 bushels; track white at 36@42c for 20,000 bushels....Options opened at ⅝c advance, on covering, fell ⅝@⅝c on realizing, and closed weak at ⅛@⅝c under yesterday, with trading moderate....Sales of options, 335,000 bushels, with October closing at 34⅝c; 30,000 bushels November at 34⅝@34⅞c, closing at 34⅝c; 180,000 bushels December at 34⅝@35⅛c, closing at 34⅝c; 80,000 bushels May at 36¾@37⅜c, closing at 36⅞c; 15,000 bushels No. 2 white, October, at 37@37¼c, closing at 37c; 30,000 bushels November at 37¼@37½c, closing at 37¼c....Receipts to-day, 88,360 bushels; exports, 234 bushels.

METALS—Tin steady; spot quoted at 20.80c bid....Copper steady at 9.60c....Lead quiet at 3.45c....Spelter firm at 3.60c.

OILS—For cottonseed the market is quite firm on strictly prime lots of new and old; the former comes forward in light quantities only, and the moderate receipts are mostly of grades approaching prime. This makes a somewhat irregular range of prices as quoted by the trade, but it can be said that strictly prime stock will bring at least quite as full as any prices quoted latterly, and in instances a little more money. Sales are 350 bbls crude on private terms; new quoted at 35@36½c as to quality, including prime at 36@36½c, and strictly prime old yellow at 40c, while new do at 40c bid and 42c asked; white is quoted at 46@47c. Lard oil is dull; small lots of city at 75@78c.

PROVISIONS—The hog products are somewhat stronger in price, but show little trading, either for export or speculation, at this market, although there are steady demands at the West from shippers....PORK is taken up only in small lots, with prices held firmly; sales of 100 bbls mess; quoted at $20, $19.50@$21 for short clear, $20@$20.50 for family mess, and $14@$14.50 for extra prime....DRESSED HOGS are unsettled in price, on moderate demands; quoted at 9@9¼c for 160 lb average, 8⅝c for 200 lb, 8⅞@9c for 180 lb, 9¼c for 140 lb, 9¼@9½c for 120 lb, and 9⅝c for pigs. Interior deliveries of hogs were about 37,000 head....CUTMEATS are held to firm prices, on light demands; pickled bellies, 12 lb average, 12@12½c; 10½@11c for hams, and 7½c for pickled shoulders....BEEF was quiet and steady; extra India mess, in tierces, at $21@$28....HAMS were quiet and firm, with, at the West, $15@$15.50 quoted, while here $16.50@$17 was quoted....LARD—Western steam shows firmness at an increase of 10@15 points through moderate receipts of hogs. The demands here are slack. Cash quoted at $10.30, without sales. City steam is $9.50@$9.75; bids scarce above the inside price; sales of 125 tcs at $9.50@$9.76. Options—No sales; October closed at $10.25, nominal; November closed at $9.85, nominal; January closed at $9 asked. Refined is quiet. Continent, $10.55; South American at $10.85. Compound lard at $8@$8.25....TALLOW—The market was without business in the city make; one lot was on offer at 5¼c, but as a rule 5¼c was asked; the home trade held off; the supplies on sale were light. For one choice lot 5¼c was bid by an exporter, and declined....STEARINE—Lard stearine is quiet and nominal at about 11¼c for city. Oleo stearine is quite firm at 10½c, at which price there are steady, fair demands from the home trade, and the make is being closely taken up; sales are 50,000 lb city at 10½c, and 75,000 lb out-of-town at 10½c.

BUTTER—Receipts are moderate, but the demand is light, and the market is weak, with stock accumulating. Western creamery, 28½@29c for extra; do, poor to prime, 20@27c; do, June, 21@25c; State creamery, 27@28c for extra tubs and 27@27½c for pails; State dairy, half tubs, best, 26½@27c; do, poor to prime, 19@25c; imitation creamery, 19@24c; Western dairy, 17½@22c; Western factory, 17@20c.

CHEESE—There is a moderate home trade, and very little inquiry from shippers. Prices are unchanged and steady. Full cream is within the range of 9@11⅝c, with fancy at 11@11⅝c and 10¼@12c for small sizes; part skims at 4@9½c; full skims at 2@3½c.

EGGS—A slow trade, with a fairly steady market for desirable stock. State and Pennsylvania, 22½@23½c; Western, 21½@22½c; do, seconds, per case, $3@$4.50; icehouse, 18@20c; limed at 20c.

SUGAR—Raw was more active at full prices....Sales, 100 tons muscovado, 89 degrees test, at 3¼c; 1,000 bags molasses sugar, 89 degrees test, at 3c, and 9,000 bags Pernambuco, 88 degrees test, at 2⅞c; also at Boston, 1,200 tons muscovado, 89 degrees test, at 3⅛c....Quotations: Muscovado, 89 degrees test, at 3¼c; molasses sugar, 89 degrees test, at 3c; centrifugal, 96 degrees test, at 3⅞@4c....Refined are steady and in good demand....Cutloaf and crushed, 5⅝@5 13-16c; powdered, 5 7-16@5⅝c; granulated, 5 3-16@5⅜c; standard A, 5 3-16@5⅝c; off A, 4 3-16@5⅛c; yellow, 3½@4 15-16c.

TOBACCO—The demand is a little better, with prices ruling steady....Sales included 225 cases 1892 New-England Havana, 18@60c; 50 cases 1892 do, seed leaf, 22@24c; 200 cases 1892 Pennsylvania Havana, 10@13½c; 50 cases 1892 Zimmer's, private terms; 400 bales Havana, 65c@$1.10; 150 bales Sumatra, $2.80@$4.

WOOL—Manufacturers are showing but little interest in the market, and are taking only small lots to supply their immediate wants, while prices continue irregular, as awaiting some action on the Repeal bill....Sales, 56,000 lb Montana at 12@18c; 19,000 lb Territory at 10@15c; 15,000 lb Fall Texas at 10@12c; 30,000 lb Dakota at 10@15c; 20,000 lb Oregon at 10@12c; 150,000 lb camel's hair at 13⅝c; 2,000 lb Australian at 31@33c; 60,000 lb Spring California, 13,000 lb Fall do, 18,000 lb scoured, do, 10,000 lb China, and 98,000 lb pulled on private terms.

FREIGHTS—The situation with reference to berth freights is substantially unchanged, with very little trading, rates being sustained by liberal through shipments from the South and West. Chartering in all departments is slow, and rates are about steady. Berth engagements: 16,000 bushels grain to Hull at 4d, 1,100 bxs bacon and 2,000 pails lard at 20s, 2,000 bxs cheese at 25s, and 800 sacks flour at 16s. Charters: A British steamer, 1,249 tons, with phosphate from Fernandina to the United Kingdom at 20s; a Norwegian bark, with grain from San Francisco to Cork, for orders, at 31s 3d; an Italian bark, with 6,500 bbls petroleum from Philadelphia to Marseilles at 2s 1d; a British ship, with 9,500 bbls petroleum from Philadelphia to Dieppe or Dunkirk at 2s 1½d; a Norwegian bark, with lumber from Pensacola to Montevideo at $12—Buenos Ayres, $12.50; a schooner, 425 tons, with general cargo, hence to Demerara at $1,625; a schooner, with hogshead staves from Norfolk to Demerara at about $9.75; a schooner, with general cargo hence to Port au Prince on private terms; a schooner, with lumber from Port Royal to Fall River at $6; a schooner, with lumber from Savannah to New-York at $4.75; a schooner, with fertilizer from Elizabethport to Savannah at $1.10, and from Brunswick to New-York, with 44-foot ties at 15c; a schooner, with sand from Jersey City to Lynn at $1.05, loaded and discharged; a schooner, with salt hence to Baltimore at $1; a schooner, with kainit hence to Richmond at $1.25; a number of schooners, with coal from local points to ports beyond Cape Cod at $1.05 to Southwest Harbor; $1 to Cambridgeport; 85c to Pembroke, Lubec, and Salem; 80c to Lynn; 75c to Calais and East Deering; 70c to Portland and Salem; 65c to Chelsea, Belfast, and Boston.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Beef and Pork in Poor Demand—Cotton Futures Firm.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 20.—3:45 P. M.—Beef and pork in poor demand. Hams—The demand is improving; short cut, about 14 to 16 lb, dull at 44s 6d. Bacon—The demand is improving; long clear middles, about 45 lb, easy at 52s 6d. Shoulders—About 12 to 18 lb, steady at 36s 6d. Cheese in moderate demand. Tallow in moderate demand; prime city steady at 28s. Spirits of turpentine in moderate demand. Resin in fair demand. Lard—Spot in poor demand; futures in no demand; prime Western spot dull at 49s 6d. Wheat in moderate demand; No. 2 red Winter firm at 3s 3½d; No. 2 red Spring firm at 5s 5½d. Flour in poor demand. Corn—Spot in fair demand; futures—The demand has fallen off; mixed Western, spot, firm at 4s 1d; October firm at 4s ¾d; November firm at 4s 1¼d; December firm at 4s 2¼d. Hops at London—Pacific coast in poor demand.

4 P. M.—Cotton—Futures closed firm; American middling, low middling clause, October delivery, 4 38-64@4 39-64d; October and November delivery, 4 37-64d, buyers; November and December delivery, 4 37-64d, sellers; December and January delivery, 4 37-64d, buyers; January and February delivery, 4 38-64@4 39-64d; February and March delivery, 4 40-64d, sellers; March and April delivery, 4 42-64d, sellers; April and May delivery, 4 44-64, sellers; May and June delivery, 4 45-64@4 46-64d.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Provisions—American Refrigerator Beef—Fore quarters, 1s 8d@2s 4d; hind quarters, 3s 2d@3s 6d per 8 lb, by the carcass. Australian Tallow—Beef, 27s 3d@28s cwt; mutton, 28@29s cwt. Cocoanut Oil—Ceylon, 27s 9d cwt.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—5 P. M.—Produce—Sugar, 13s 3d cwt for Cuba Muscovado, fair refining. Linseed oil, 20s 9d cwt. Refined petroleum, 3 11-16@3¾d per gallon. Beet Sugar—October, 13s 1½d; March, 13s 1½d.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 20.—Provisions—American Refrigerator Beef—Fore quarters, 3¾d; hind quarters, 5½d per lb; American live cattle, sinking the offal, 5½d per lb. Bleaching powder, £8 5s.

HAVANA, Oct. 20.—Exchange steady; sugar quiet.

Friends Tried to Rescue Him.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 20.—Detective Parker arrived from Globe, Arizona, to-day with James McKenzie, the burglar who robbed so many dwellings in South Providence last June. An attempt was made to rescue McKenzie while on the way from Globe to the railroad station, 150 miles away. A Deputy Sheriff and the stage coach driver were shot and killed. The attempt was frustrated.

Public Notices.

NEW-YORK WATER SUPPLY.

Public notice is hereby given to all persons who own or have or who claim to own or have estates or interests in or liens upon any lands or real estate bordering on the Croton River in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and any of the tributaries of such river, or bordering on or being adjacent to any reservoir, lake, pond, or stream the waters of which are owned, used, or controlled by the City of New-York for its water supply; and public notice is also given to any and all persons who own or have or who claim to own or have estates or interests in or liens upon any real estate bordering on the Bronx River or Byram River, Kensico Reservoir, Byram Pond, or Rye Pond, Bear Gutter Creek, or either of their tributaries, or bordering on the storage reservoir known as William's Bridge Reservoir, in the City of New-York; that the State Board of Health of the State of New-York, for the purpose of protecting the water supply of the City of New-York from contamination, and acting under and in pursuance to the authority conferred upon them by Chapter 661 of the Laws of 1893, did hold a meeting at the City of New-York on the 25th day of August, 1893, at which meeting certain amendments to the rules and regulations for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries were adopted; and public notice is further given that the following is a copy of the minutes of the meeting of the said State Board of Health, held as aforesaid, and a copy of the amendments to such rules and regulations.

Amendments to the rules and regulations for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and of so much of the Bronx and Byram Rivers and their tributaries as are now used for the supply of water for the City of New-York.

The State Board of Health, at a meeting held in the City of New-York on the 25th day of August, 1893, a quorum being present, did then and thereafter having heard the report of a committee of the board, duly appointed for the purpose of examination into the subject, which committee was appointed at a meeting of the board held in the City of Albany, the 27th day of July, 1893, at which meeting a quorum was present, amend and alter the rules made by it for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and of so much of the Bronx and Byram Rivers and their tributaries as are now used for the supply of water for the City of New-York, in accordance with and under the provisions of Article V. of Chapter 661 of the Laws of 1893 in the following particulars, to wit:

That, taking into consideration the character of the soil and of the sub-strata of the soil and the angle of the slopes, the distances at which privy vaults, slaughter houses, hog pens, barnyards, or any and all places or things which tend to pollute and render impure and dangerous water taken from the several sources enumerated and set forth in said rules may be maintained, is increased to three hundred feet, horizontal measurements, or the high-water mark in any lake, pond, or reservoir in said water shed, and to two hundred and fifty feet, horizontal measurements, of the high-water mark or precipitous bank of any spring, stream, or water course tributary to said lakes, ponds, or reservoirs.

FLORENCE O'DONOHUE, M. D.,
President.

[L. S.] LEWIS BALCH, M. D.,
Secretary and Executive Officer.

Dated New-York City, September 13, 1893.

MICHAEL T. DALY,
Commissioner of Public Works, 31 Chambers St., New-York.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned Commissioner of Public Works of the City of New-York, acting for and on behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, and pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 189 of the Laws of 1893 deems it necessary to acquire and take certain real estate and impose certain sanitary conditions on certain other real estate in the village and town of Patterson, County of Putnam, also in the village of Towners, town of Patterson, Putnam County; also certain real estate bordering on the east branch of the Croton River, in the town of Southeast, County of Putnam, and certain other real estate bordering on and lying adjacent to the west branch of the Croton River, town of Carmel, County of Putnam; also certain real estate bordering on and lying adjacent to Lake Gilead, town of Carmel, County of Putnam, and certain other real estate in the towns of North Castle and Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., bordering on and being adjacent to Bear Gutter Creek, Byram Pond, and the outlet of Big and Little Rye Ponds, for the purpose of protecting the water supply of the City of New-York from pollution.

Notice is further given that an opportunity will be afforded any and all persons to be heard respecting the acquisition, taking, or extinguishment of the real estate, on Wednesday, the fifteenth day of November, 1893, at the office of the undersigned, No. 31 Chambers Street, New-York, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day.—Dated New-York, October 16th, 1893.

MICHAEL T. DALY,
Commissioner of Public Works,
No. 31 Chambers St., New-York.

Legal Notices.

SUPREME COURT, NEW-YORK COUNTY.—OTIS H. CUTLER, plaintiff, against ESSEX IRON COMPANY, defendant.—Take notice that by an order entered in the above entitled action on the 27th day of September, 1893, I am appointed temporary receiver of the property of the defendant, the Essex Iron Company, and have duly qualified as such receiver, and that I do hereby require

(1) That all persons indebted to the Essex Iron Company render an account of all debts and sums of money owing by them respectively to me, at the office of my attorneys, Messrs. Hatch & Wickes, No. 55 Liberty Street, New-York City, on or before November 17th, 1893.

(2) That all persons having in their possession any property or effects of such corporation, deliver the same to me by the day so appointed.

(3) That all the creditors of such corporation deliver their respective accounts and demands to me on or before said 17th of November, 1893, at the address aforesaid.

(4) That all persons holding any open or subsisting contract of the Essex Iron Company present the same in writing and in detail to me at the time and place hereinbefore specified.—Dated New-York, September 29, 1893.

HORACE H. CHITTENDEN,
Receiver.

HATCH & WICKES, Attorneys for Receiver,
No. 55 Liberty St., N. Y. City. o7-law3wS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Hon. Roger A. Pryor, one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, on the 21st day of September, 1893, and entered on said day in the office of the Clerk of said court, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having claims against GEORGE DOERFLINGER and CHARLES KUHN, Jr., (composing the firm of Kuhn, Doerflinger & Co.,) lately doing business in the City of New-York, that they are required to present their claims, with the vouchers therefor, duly verified, to the subscriber, the assignee of said Kuhn, Doerflinger & Co. for the benefit of their creditors, at his place of transacting business, Room 134 Trinity Building, 111 Broadway, New-York City, on or before the 9th day of December, 1893.—Dated New-York, September 22d, 1893.

FREDERICK BELTZ, Assignee,
a23-law6wS 111 Broadway, New-York City.

Legal Notices.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, IN AND FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—FREDERICK J. LANCASTER, plaintiff, against KATE FRENCH, John H. French, William Wilkinson, Thomas P. Wilkinson, William H. Leach, and The Amsterdam Improvement Company, defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, September 22, 1893.

HUGO S. MACK,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office and Post Office address, No. 7 Beekman Street, New-York City, N. Y.

To the defendants, Kate French and John H. French: The foregoing summons is served upon you, by publication, pursuant to an order of the Honorable Leonard A. Giegerich, one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the City and County of New-York, dated the fourth day of October, 1893, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the said Court at his office, at the Court House, in the City and County of New-York.—Dated New-York, October 6, 1893.

HUGO S. MACK,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

No. 7 Beekman Street, New-York City, N. Y.
o6&7-law7wS

STATE OF NEW-YORK, SUPREME COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—FRANCIS LYNCH, plaintiff, against JACOB OPPENHEIMER, Edna M. Cogswell, William L. Cogswell her husband, Eliza Ann Partridge, Maria R. Shaffer, defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, August 15th, 1893.

ROE AND MACKLIN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Office and Post Office address: Nos. 156 and 158 Broadway, New-York City.

To the defendants Edna M. Cogswell, William L. Cogswell, and Maria R. Shaffer: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward Patterson, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, dated the fourth day of October, 1893, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the County Court House in the City of New-York.

ROE AND MACKLIN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
156 and 158 Broadway, New-York City.
o7-law6wS

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—Trial desired in New-York County.—J. RAYMOND CUDLIPP and EDWARD S. HOLLISTER, plaintiffs, vs. ETOWAH FURNACE COMPANY, defendant.

To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, September 22d, 1893.

STRONG, HARMON & MATHEWSON,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

Post Office and Office Address, No. 45 William Street, New-York City.

To the defendant: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Edward Patterson, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, dated the 13th day of October, 1893, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York on the 13th day of October, 1893, the original summons having been filed in said office on the 22d day of September, 1893, and the original complaint having been filed in said office on the 13th day of October, 1893.

STRONG, HARMON & MATHEWSON,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

Post Office and Office Address, 45 William St., New-York City.
o14-law6wS

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, HELD IN and for the City and County of New-York.—HENRY DELAFON and ALBERT DESLOGES, plaintiffs, against JOHN E. WHEELER and ADOLPH FISCH, defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated N. Y., August 14, 1893.

GEORGE A. McDERMOTT,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.

Post Office address and office No. 21 Park Row, New-York City, New-York.

To John E. Wheeler and Adolph Fisch, defendants: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. George L. Ingraham, one of the Judges of the New-York Supreme Court in and for the City and County of New-York, dated September 15, 1893, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York at the County Court House in the City of New-York, State of New-York, on said 15th day of September, 1893.—Dated New-York, September 16, 1893.

GEORGE A. McDERMOTT,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
No. 21 Park Row, New-York City, New-York.
s16-law6wS

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW-YORK County.—LOUIS MOORE and Marie Volk, wife of Georg Volk, and the said Georg Volk, against ELEONORE MAURER, Emma Maurer, Carl Maurer, Joseph Wanner, and The People of the State of New-York.—Summons:

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Sept. 22d, 1893.

RICHARD M. BRUNO,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.

Office and Post Office address, No. 146 Broadway, New-York.

To the above-named defendants, Eleonore Maurer, Emma Maurer, and Carl Maurer: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. George L. Ingraham, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York in and for the City and County of New-York, dated the 28th day of September, 1893, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York at the Court House in the City of New-York.—Dated September 30, 1893.

RICHARD M. BRUNO,
Attorney for Plaintiffs.

Office and Post Office address, 146 Broadway, New-York City. s30-law6wS

THE NEW-YORK FISH COMPANY.—At a special term of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, held in the County Court House in the City of New-York, on the 29th day of June, 1893.—Present: Hon. Henry Bischoff, Jr., Justice.—In the matter of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution of The New-York Fish Company.

Upon the annexed petition and the schedule, dated June 26th, 1893, and on motion of Peck & Field, attorneys for the petitioners, it is

ORDERED, that all persons interested in the New-York Fish Company, a corporation organized under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New-York, show cause before Cornelius Doremus, Esq., who is hereby appointed referee for that purpose, at his office, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of October, 1893, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, why the said New-York Fish Company should not be dissolved; that a copy of this order be published once in each of the three weeks immediately preceeding the 28th day of October, 1893, in The New-York Times, a newspaper published in the City and County of New-York.

Enter H. B., Jr., J. C. C. P.

o7-law3wS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Hon. Leonard A. Giegerich, one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, on the 6th day of October, 1893, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having claims against JAMES MORRISON, lately doing business at the City and County of New-York, to present their claims, with the vouchers thereof duly verified, to the subscriber, the duly appointed assignee of the said James Morrison for the benefit of creditors, at the office of Freeman & Green, No. 280 Broadway, New-York City, on or before the 18th day of December, 1893.—Dated New-York City, October 6th, 1893.

NOAH F. MORRISON, Assignee.

FREEMAN & GREEN, Attorneys for Assignee,
No. 280 Broadway, New-York City.
o7-law6wS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Hon. Roger A. Pryor, one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, on the 21st day of September, 1893, and entered on said day in the office of the Clerk of said court, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having claims against MICHAEL FOX, Charles J. Fox, and George Louis Fox, composing the firm of M. Fox & Co., lately doing business in the City of New-York, that they are required to present their claims, with the vouchers therefor duly verified, to the subscriber, the assignee of said M. Fox & Co. for the benefit of their creditors, at his place of transacting business, Room 134 Trinity Building, 111 Broadway, New-York City, on or before the 9th day of December, 1893.—Dated New-York, September 22d, 1893.

THEODORE H. SCHULZ, Assignee.

FULTON McMAHON, Attorney for Assignee, 111 Broadway, New-York City. a23-law6wS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Hon. Roger A. Pryor, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the City and County of New-York, on the 25th day of September, 1893, notice is hereby given to all the creditors and persons having claims against Cummings H. Tucker, Jr., and Francis C. Tucker, lately doing business in the City and County of New-York under the firm name of Cummings H. Tucker, Jr., & Brother, that they are required to present their claims, with the vouchers therefor duly verified, to the subscriber, the duly-appointed assignee of the said Cummings H. Tucker, Jr., and Francis C. Tucker, composing the firm of Cummings H. Tucker, Jr., & Brother, for the benefit of their creditors, at his office, at the office of his attorneys, Putney & Bishop, No. 115 Broadway, New-York City, Room 56, on or before the 19th day of December, 1893.—Dated New-York, September 29, 1893.

HENRY D. FULLER, Assignee.

PUTNEY & BISHOP, Attys. for Assignee.
s30-law6wS* 115 Broadway, New-York City.

Surrogate Notices.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Frank T. Fitzgerald, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES SINCLAIR, Jr., late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford, No. 18 Wall St., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of April, 1894.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of September, 1893.

JOHN J. SINCLAIR,
J. SINCLAIR ARMSTRONG,
Administrators.

ARNOUX, RITCH & WOODFORD,
Attorneys for Administrators. s16-law6mS

Surrogate Notices.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, by the grace of God free and independent, to FRANCES C. BRISTOL, Frederick Van Dyke, an infant over fourteen years of age, Aaron Holcomb, Martha Jasper, Mary Powell, Katie Powell, an infant over fourteen years of age, Mamie Powell, an infant over fourteen years of age, Mary Jane Hall, Walter Boyd, Innis Boyd, an infant over fourteen years of age, Mamie Vandyke, otherwise Mary Rosena Vandyke, an infant under fourteen years of age, Charles Boyd, Jean F. Chauveau, Charity Titus, Annie Johnson, St. Philips Protestant Episcopal Church, Cypress Hill Cemetery, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of the City of New-York, as trustee, &c., Samuel Sloan as executor, &c., William S. Sloan as executor, &c., Frederick Jones, (the Christian name Frederick being fictitious, his real Christian name being unknown and the person herein designated as Frederick Jones being the son of Frank Jones, deceased, who was a half brother of Catharine Ann Ten Eyck,) whose place of residence is unknown and cannot after diligent inquiry be ascertained, and if said Frederick Jones is dead, the widow, descendants, heirs at law, next of kin, and legal representatives of said Frederick Jones, if any there be, whose names and places of residence are unknown and cannot after diligent inquiry be ascertained, Abraham Dorus and Enoch Dorus, whose respective places of residence are unknown and cannot after diligent inquiry be ascertained, and if such Abraham Dorus and Enoch Dorus are dead the respective widows, descendants, heirs at law, next of kin, and legal representatives of said Abraham Dorus and Enoch Dorus respectively, whose names and places of residence are unknown and cannot after diligent inquiry be ascertained, and to any other heirs at law and next of kin, if any, of Catharine Ann Ten Eyck, deceased, whose names and places of residence are unknown and cannot after diligent inquiry be ascertained, send greeting:

Whereas, Mary E. Shaw of the City of New-York has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our City and County of New-York to have a certain instrument in writing, bearing date the fourth day of February, 1893, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Catharine Ann Ten Eyck, late of the City and County of New-York, deceased, therefore, you, and each of you, are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our City and County of New-York, at his office in the City of New-York, on the eleventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament. And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of our said City (L. S.) and County of New-York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of our said city and county, at the City of New-York, the eighteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

FEITNER & BECK, Attys. for Petitioner, 56 Wall St., N. Y. o21-law6wS

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, by the grace of God free and independent, to HUGH O'DONNELL, Hugh Freel, Sarah Gamble, Bridget Mulvey, Sarah Hughes, Margaret T. Mulvey, Mary Ann Mulvey, (called Sister Mary Agnes,) John J. Mulvey, Mary J. Mulvey, (called Sister Redempta,) Sarah A. Mulvey, Rev. Leonard Mellana, Rev. Mother Dominick Weiss, Rev. J. R. Slattery, Bureau of Catholic Indian Missions, Rev. J. Kean, St. Vincent De Paul's Society, Parish of St. James's Church; Theresa De Jesus, the Missionaries, Watertown, N. Y.; Thomas J. Campbell, Ellen Sullivan, Ursulines of St. Peter's Montana Indian Mission, Oblate Fathers, Edward Southwell, F. Derichmont, Convent of the Most Precious Blood, send greeting:

Whereas, Hugh O'Donnell of the City of New-York has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our City and County of New-York to have a certain instrument in writing, bearing date the fourteenth day of June, 1893, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Thomas Gamble, late of the City and County of New-York, deceased; Therefore, you, and each of you, are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our City and County of New-York, at his office in the City of New-York, on the twelfth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said City (L. S.) and County of New-York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Rastus S. Ransom, a Surrogate of our said city and county, at the City of New-York, the 18th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

J. FAIRFAX M'LAUGHLIN,
o21-law6wS Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, by the grace of God, free and independent.—To PETER LYDECKER, Carrie M. Neal, Annie M. Freeman, Garret P. Lydecker, Edwin Lydecker, Minnie Halbe, Maud Sanders, Jennie Lydecker, Carrie Lydecker, Mamie Utter, Lizzie Devilin, Peter Lydecker, Lillie Brown, Abraham Lydecker, Annie Lydecker, send greeting:

Whereas, Chas. S. Bloomfield of the City of New-York, has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our City and County of New-York, to have a certain instrument in writing, bearing date the 12th day of November, 1890, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Garret P. Lydecker, late of the City and County of New-York, deceased, therefore you, and each of you, are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our City and County of New-York, at his office in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of our said (L. S.) City and County of New-York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of our said City and County, at the City of New-York, the 28th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

JAMES F. McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

o14-law6wS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HOWARD L. BENNETT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 162 Reade St., in the City of New-York, on or before the 31st day of March next.—Dated New-York, the 15th day of September, 1893.

CHARLES D. BENNETT,
Administrator, &c.

J. LOTT NOSTRAND, Attorney, &c.
16 Court St., Brooklyn. s16-law6mS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Sarah Helen Green, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 160 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of December, 1893. Dated New-York, the 30th day of June, 1893. GEORGE G. FRELINGHUYSEN, FREDERICK FRELINGHUYSEN, Executors. jy1-law6mS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Gardiner Thompson, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Emmet & Robinson, No. 52 Wall Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the thirtieth day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 23d day of June, 1893.

CHARLES G. THOMPSON,
Administrator, &c., of Gardiner Thompson, dec'd.

je24-law6mS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZABETH JANE MARTIN, late of Orange, New-Jersey, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 107 Fulton Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the fifteenth day of March next.—Dated New-York, the eighth day of September, 1893. JAMES M. C. MARTIN, SAMUEL MARTIN, ROBERT P. MARTIN, Executors. PORTER & KILVERT, Attorneys for Executors, 154 Nassau St., (Tribune Building,) N. Y. sq-law6mS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against VIRGINIA C. MONTGOMERY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, Room 21, No. 48 Wall Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 23d day of March next.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of September, 1893.

WARWICK EMILE MONTGOMERY, Executor.

FIELDING L. MARSHALL, Att'y for Executor, 48 Wall St., N. Y. City. s16-law6mS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Frank T. Fitzgerald, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jean B. Reid, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Marian W. Fogg, No. 26 Fulton Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the first day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 25th day of May, 1893. MARIAN W. FOGG, MARY E. VAN WIE, Executrices.

ABM. I. ELKUS, Attorney for Executrices, 31 Nassau Street, New-York City. my27-law6mS

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JEANNETTE YOUNG, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at place of transacting business, No. 327 Sixth Avenue, in the City of New-York, on or before the first day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 10th day of October, 1893.

WARNER S. YOUNG, Executor.

o14-law6mS

Surrogate Notices.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, by the grace of God free and independent, to CHARLES McCARTHY, Denis McCarthy, Eugene McCarthy, Honoria McCarthy, Angus McCarthy, Kate McCarthy, Mary McCarthy, Florence McCarthy, infants, all residing in Castle Street, Dunganway, County Cork, Ireland, with their father and mother, Eugene McCarthy and Hannah McCarthy, and Eugene McCarthy, father of the said infants, and residing as above, and John C. McNeilly, special guardian for said eight infants, send greeting:

Whereas, Kate C. Brennan of the City of New-York has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our City and County of New-York to have a certain instrument in writing, bearing date the 14th day of July, 1893, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Thomas Crowley, late of the City and County of New-York, deceased, therefore you, and each of you, are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our City and County of New-York, at his office in the City of New-York, on the 21st day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament. And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said City (L. S.) and County of New-York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Rastus S. Ransom, a Surrogate of our said city and county, at the City of New-York, the twentieth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN,
o21-law6wS Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK, by the Grace of God Free and Independent.—To GEORGE DANNER, Margaret Johana Petrie, Charles Danner, Mary Danner Kneiss, John Weber, Elizabeth Weber, Ricka Bauman, Augustus Bauman, Charles Bauman, Emma Daly, Rosalie Kneiss, and to all persons interested in the estate of Valentine Danner, late of the City of New-York, deceased, as creditors, next of kin or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, at the Surrogate's Court of said City and County, held at the County Court House in the City of New-York, on the seventeenth (17th) day of November, 1893, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Emily Boylan, as administratrix of the goods, chattels and credits of said deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate, to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the City and County of New-York to be hereunto affixed. Witness: Hon. Rastus S. Ransom, [L. S.] Surrogate of our said City and County at the City of New-York, the 20th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

JAMES F. McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

JEROLOMAN & ARROWSMITH, Attorneys for Administratrix, 229 Broadway, New-York City.
s23-law6wS

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.

SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON.

NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.
FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS.

I. cabin, $70 and upward; II. cabin, $45 and $50 a berth. Steamers sail from foot of 2d St., Hoboken.

Ems, Sat., Oct. 21, 7 A. M.|Spree, Tues., Nov. 7, 9 A. M.
Havel, Tu., Oct. 24, 9 A. M.|Trave, Sat., Nov. 11, 9 A. M.
Elbe, Sat., Oct. 28, 9 A. M.|Lahn, Tu., Nov. 14, 9 A. M.
Aller, Tu., Oct. 31, 10 A. M.|Ems, Sat., Nov. 18, Noon.
Saale, Sat., Nov. 4, 7 A. M.|Havel, Tu., Nov. 21, 8 A. M.

MEDITERRANEAN LINE.

New-York to Genoa less than eleven days.

Kaiser, Oct. 21|Fulda, Dec. 9|Fulda, Jan. 27
Fulda, Nov. 4|Werra, Dec. 30|Kaiser, Feb. 10
Werra, Nov. 18|Kaiser, Jan. 6|Spree, Feb. 17
Kaiser, Nov. 25|Spree, Jan. 16|Fulda, March 3

Passage, $100, $125, or $150 a berth, first cabin.
OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON.
Berlin, Oct. 25, 6 A. M.|Paris, Nov. 8, 6 A. M.
New-York, N. 1, 11:30 AM|Berlin, Nov. 15, 9:30 A. M.

From Pier 43 N. R., foot of Christopher St.
Shortest and most convenient route to London.
Passengers land at Empress Dock, avoiding inconvenience and exposure of transfer by tender.
First cabin passage to Southampton, London, or Havre, $60 and upward, according to steamer. Second cabin, $35 to $60. Steerage at low rates.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY,
6 Bowling Green, New-York.

WHITE STAR LINE.

*Teutonic, Oct. 25, 4 P. M.|*Teutonic, Nov. 22, 3 P. M.
Germanic, Nov. 1, 11 A. M.|Germanic, N. 29, 9:30 A. M.
*Majestic, Nov. 8, 6:30 A. M|*Majestic, Dec. 6, 3:30 P. M.
Britannic, Nov. 15, 9 A. M.|Britannic, Dec. 13, 9 A. M.

From White Star Dock, foot of 10th St.
Saloon rates, $50 upward, according to steamer and location of berth. *Second cabin on these steamers, $40 and $45. Steerage to or from the old country, $25. 29 Broadway, New-York. Philadelphia office, 406 Walnut St.
H. MAITLAND KERSEY, Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FOR GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY.
From Pier 54 N. R., foot of West 24th St.

Circassia, Oct. 21, 2 P. M.|Devonia, Nov. 4, 2 P. M.
Furnessia, Oct. 28, 8 A. M.|Anchoria, Nov. 18, noon

Cabin, $45 and upward. Second cabin, $30. Steerage, outward, $23; prepaid, $24. Cabin excursion tickets at reduced rates. For drafts, tours, &c., apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

PACKET COMPANY.
FAST LINE TO LONDON.
NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, HAMBURG.
Twin-screw express steamer.
Columbia....Nov. 2, 12 M.
First cabin, $75 and upward; second cabin, $50 and upward.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO., 37 B'way, N. Y.

MEDITERRANEAN EXPRESS.

LINE TO ALGIERS, NAPLES, AND GENOA.
Fuerst Bismarck. Nov. 16|Columbia....Nov. 30
Extra steamer, Gellert, Nov. 4.
To Alexandria, Egypt, Columbia, Jan. 4, '94.
GRAND ORIENT EXCURSION.
Fuerst Bismarck from New-York Feb. 1, '94, to Gibraltar, Algiers, Genoa, Ajaccio, Alexandria, (Cairo and Pyramids,) Jaffa, (Jerusalem,) Smyrna, Constantinople, Athens, Malta, Messina, Palermo, Naples, Genoa, New-York. Duration, 65 days. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and Travelers' Guide. Steamers leave from Hamburg Piers, Hoboken, N. J.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO.,
37 Broadway, N. Y.
WALLER & CO., 337 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

INSULAR NAVIGATION COMPANY,

FOR THE
AZORES, MADEIRA, AND LISBON.
Connecting for the Canary and Cape Verde Islands.
SS. VEGA, ABOUT NOV. 22.
Steamer fitted with electric lights, baths; carries surgeon, stewards; all improvements.
For rates, &c., illustrated pamphlet, apply to
FALCK & COMPANY,
General Passenger Agents, 29 Broadway.

GUION LINE.
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
From Pier B, foot of Grand St., Jersey City.
ALASKA....Saturday, Oct. 28, 8 A. M.
Cabin passage, $50 and upward; second cabin, $35; steerage, $25. A. M. UNDERHILL & CO.,
Telephone, 3,095 Cortlandt. 35 Broadway.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.
FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE every Saturday.
LA TOURAINE, Frangeul....Sat., Oct. 21, noon
LA CHAMPAGNE, Laurent....Sat., Oct. 28, 6 A. M.
LA BRETAGNE, Collier....Sat., Nov. 4, 1 P. M.
A. FORGET, General Agent, No. 3 Bowling Green.

COOK'S NILE STEAMERS.
Departures from CAIRO for the
FIRST and SECOND CATARACTS of the NILE every few days during the season. First departure Nov. 14. Berths and information from
THOS. COOK & SON, 261 & 1,225 Broadway, N. Y.

HEARN. West 14th St.
Trunks, Satchels, Bags, Steamer Chairs, Rugs, &c.
Largest stock and best values in New-York.

COLUMBIAN LINE.
NEW-YORK—COLON.
Panama, South Pacific, Central America, Mexico, and California,
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.
Sailings from Pier 34, foot Canal St.:
S. S. City of Para....Monday, 30th Oct., noon
S. S. Newport....Friday, 10th Nov., noon
S. S. Colombia....Monday, 20th Nov., noon
For freight, passenger, and general information, apply to the General Agents,
STAMFORD PARRY, HERRON & CO.,
35 Broadway, or pier foot Canal St., N. R.

SAVANNAH LINE.—THREE STEAMERS Weekly from New Pier 35 N. R., foot of Spring St.
S. S. Nacoochee....Wednesday, Oct. 18, 3 P. M.
S. S. Tallahassee....Friday, Oct. 20, 3 P. M.
S. S. City of Augusta....Saturday, Oct. 21, 3 P. M.
S. S. Chattahoochee....Monday, Oct. 23, 3 P. M.
Connecting with C. R. R. of Georgia and S. F. and W. R'y for all points in GEORGIA, FLORIDA, SOUTH CAROLINA, ALABAMA, and LOUISIANA. Unsurpassed accommodations. First-class table d'hôte. For freight and passage apply to
J. D. HASHAGEN, E. Agt, W. H. RHETT, Gen'l Agt.
S. F. & W. R'y, 261 B'way. | Central R. R., 317 B'way.
R. L. WALKER, Agent Ocean Steamship Co.
G. M. SORREL, Manager, New Pier 35 North River.

CLYDE LINE.
CHARLESTON, S. C., the South and Southwest.
JACKSONVILLE and all Florida points.
From Pier 29 E. R. (foot of Roosevelt St.) 3 P. M.
CHEROKEE....Monday, Oct. 23
ALGONQUIN....Wednesday, Oct. 25
YEMASSEE....Friday, Oct. 27
SEMINOLE....Monday, Oct. 30
All steamers have first-class passenger accommodations. WM. P. CLYDE & CO., Gen. Agents,
5 Bowling Green, New-York.
FLA. CENT. & PEN. FAST F. & P. LINE via JACKS.
GRT. SO. FRT. & PASS. LINE via CHARLESTON.
T. G. EGER, Gen'l Agt., 379 B'way, N. Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
Steamers for NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, OLD POINT COMFORT, and NEWPORT NEWS, connecting for VIRGINIA BEACH, PETERSBURG, and RICHMOND, Va., and WASHINGTON, D. C.—Tues., Wed., Thurs., and Sat. For RICHMOND via JAMES RIVER—Wed. and Sat. For WEST POINT, Va.—Tues., Thurs., and Sat. From Pier 26 N. R., foot Beach St., 3 P. M. Through tickets and freight rates to all points South and West. Apply at general office of company, on pier, or at 5, 11, 229, 239, 261, 287, 317A, 362, 849, 944, and 1,225 Broadway.
W. L. GUILLAUDEU, Traffic Manager.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL, VIA QUEENSTOWN.

Etruria, Oct. 21, 2 P. M.|Etruria, Nov. 18, noon.
Campania, Oct. 28, 7 A. M.|Campania, N. 25, 6:30 AM
Umbria, Nov. 4, 2 P. M.|Umbria, Dec. 2, 1 P. M.
Lucania, Nov. 11, 7 A. M.|Lucania, Dec. 9, 6 A. M.

From Pier 40 North River, foot of Clarkson St.
Cabin passage, $50 and upward; second cabin, $35 and upward, according to steamer and location. Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. For freight and passage apply at company's offices, 4 Bowling Green.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., General Agents.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

"AMERICA'S GREATEST RAILROAD."

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

DIRECT LINE TO NIAGARA FALLS

All trains arrive at and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street; the only railroad station in the City.

LAST HALF-RATE EXCURSION

TO WORLD'S FAIR OCT. 24.

FOR PARTICULARS SEE TICKET AGENT.
TRAINS LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:

EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS.
8:30 A. M.—Except Sunday. Fastest train in the world. No extra fare.

CHICAGO FAST MAIL.
9:10 A. M.—Daily for Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Chicago. No extra fare.

NEW-YORK AND CHICAGO LIMITED.
10:00 A. M.—Daily for Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and Chicago. Wagner Service.

DAY EXPRESS.
10:30 A. M.—Except Sunday. Saturday train runs to Cleveland and Detroit only.

WORLD'S FAIR SPECIAL.
1:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 1:45 P. M. next day. Wagner Service.

SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED.
1:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Cincinnati 10:45 A. M., St. Louis 7:30 P. M. No extra fare.

EXPOSITION FLYER, (LIMITED.)
GREAT 20-HOUR TRAIN TO CHICAGO.
FOR THROUGH PASSENGERS ONLY.
3:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 10 A. M. next day. Complete Wagner Service.

ALBANY, TROY, & SARATOGA SPECIAL
3:30 P. M.—Except Sunday. Wagner Drawing-room Cars to Albany and Troy.

NORTH SHORE LIMITED.
4:30 P. M.—Daily. Due Detroit 8:55 A. M., Chicago 4:30 P. M. Wagner Service.

FAST WESTERN EXPRESS.
6:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 9:00 P. M. St. Louis 7:45 A. M. Wagner Service.

NORTHERN EXPRESS.
6:25 P. M.—Daily. Due Burlington 4:45 A. M., Plattsburg 5:08, Montreal 7:30 A. M.

BUFFALO & NIAGARA FALLS SPECIAL.
7:30 P. M.—Daily. Due Buffalo 7:30, Niagara Falls 8:50 A. M.

LIMITED FAST MAIL.
9:00 P. M.—Daily. Sleeping Car Passengers for Rochester only carried on this train.

CHICAGO NIGHT EXPRESS.
9:15 P. M.—Daily for Chicago; also through sleeping car for Ogdensburg.

PITTSFIELD, LENOX, NORTH ADAMS, AND THE BERKSHIRE HILLS, VIA HARLEM DIVISION.

Two through trains, with Drawing-room Cars, to Pittsfield daily, except Sunday: 9:01 A. M., due Pittsfield 1:35, North Adams 2:30 P. M.; 3:50 P. M., due Pittsfield 8:10, North Adams 9:10 P. M.

For time of local trains, tickets, and space in Sleeping Cars apply at Grand Central Station or at 113, 261, 413, 785, 942 Broadway, 235 Columbus Av., 53 West 125th St., and 138th St. Station, New-York; 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., and 74 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.

Above trains, except those leaving at 8:30, 9:10 A. M., 3:00, 3:30, 4:30, and 9:00 P. M., stop at 138th St.

Westcott's Express calls for and checks baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

JOHN M. TOUCEY, General Manager. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN R. R.

Stations in New-York foot of Barclay and Christopher Sts.

VESTIBULED TRAINS, PULLMAN COACHES, SPECIAL COACH EXCURSION TO WORLD'S FAIR. TICKETS, GOOD 10 DAYS, $17.00. OCT. 24. EXCURSION TICKETS, $28.00, GOOD UNTIL NOV. 15.

Direct route to NEWARK, BLOOMFIELD, MONTCLAIR, THE ORANGES, Summit, Bernardsville, Basking Ridge, Madison, Morristown, Passaic, Paterson, Boonton, Dover, Stanhope, BUDD'S LAKE, LAKE HOPATCONG, Hackettstown, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN, Washington, PHILLIPSBURG, EASTON, WATER GAP, STROUDSBURG, Pocono Mountains, SCRANTON, PITTSTON, WILKESBARRE, NANTICOKE, DANVILLE, NORTHUMBERLAND, Montrose, BINGHAMTON, OXFORD, NORWICH, Waterville, UTICA, RICHFIELD SPRINGS, Cortland, SYRACUSE, OSWEGO, ITHACA, OWEGO, ELMIRA, CORNING, BATH, DANSVILLE, BUFFALO, and all points WEST, NORTHWEST, and SOUTHWEST.

9:00 A. M.—BUFFALO, UTICA, and OSWEGO EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars. Connects at Buffalo with train for CHICAGO, arriving at 11:15 next morning.
7:40 A. M.—BINGHAMTON MAIL. Stops at principal stations.
1:00 P. M.—SCRANTON, BINGHAMTON, and ELMIRA EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars.
4:10 P. M.—SCRANTON, WILKESBARRE, and PLYMOUTH EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars.
7:30 P. M. (daily)—BUFFALO LIMITED EXPRESS. Pullman sleepers. Arrives at 7:15 A. M.
8:50 P. M. (daily)—BUFFALO, UTICA, and OSWEGO EXPRESS. Pullman sleepers.

TICKETS AND PULLMAN ACCOMMODATIONS at 73 Murray St. and 429 Broadway. Tickets at Ferry Stations, 785 and 942 Broadway, 53 West 125th St., 285 Columbus Av., New-York; 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., and 74 Broadway, Brooklyn. Time table, giving full information, at all stations.

WESTCOTT EXPRESS COMPANY will call for and check baggage from hotel or residence to destination.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(N. Y. C. and H. R. R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Excursion Tickets to World's Fair, good for Ten Days, $17; also Round Trip Tickets, good until Nov. 15, $28.00.

Trains leave West 42d St. Station, New-York, as follows, and 15 minutes earlier from foot of Franklin St:

3:30 A. M. Daily local to Suspension Bridge, except Sundays, west of Coeymans Junction.
7:30 A. M. Daily local to Albany and Saratoga. Parlor car to Albany Sundays only.
10:10 A. M. Daily for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago, except Saturday for Toronto.
11:35 A. M. Daily, except Sunday, to Catskill Mountains, New-Paltz, Lakes Mohonk and Minnewaska, Albany, Saratoga, Caldwell, Lake George. Parlor cars to Bloomville, Saratoga, and Caldwell.
4:90 P. M. Daily, except Sunday, for Catskill Mountains and Albany.
5:15 P. M. Daily for Albany, Montreal, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago.
6:30 P. M. Daily, except Sunday, for Newburg, Albany, Saratoga, and Montreal. Parlor car to Kingston.
8:15 P. M. Daily for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago.
Haverstraw Locals, 7:00 A. M., 2:45, *5:35, 7:45 P. M. Newburg Locals, 8:25, *10:10, A. M., *1:15, 4:30, 5:15, *6:30, *11:45 P. M. *Daily.

Wagner Sleeping Cars for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago on all through trains.

For tickets, time tables, parlor and sleeping car accommodations, or information, apply offices: Brooklyn, 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., Annex Office, foot Fulton St.; New-York City, 113, 291, 363, 785, and 942 Broadway, 143 Bowery, 31 East 14th St., 58 West 125th St., and at stations.

C. E. LAMBERT, General Passenger Agent,
5 Vanderbilt Av., New-York.

ERIE LINES.

Through trains for Chicago and the West leave New-York, foot of Chambers St., daily as follows, and five minutes earlier from West 23d St.

10:00 A. M.—Solid train to Chicago. Pullman sleeper via Chautauqua Lake. Parlor car New-York to Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Dining car.
3:00 P. M.—Vestibule Limited. Solid train for Chicago via Chautauqua Lake. Sleepers to Chicago, Cleveland, and Cincinnati. Dining car.
6:30 P. M.—Solid train to Chicago via Niagara Falls. Sleepers to Buffalo and Chicago.
8:30 P. M.—Via Chautauqua Lake and Niagara Falls. Solid train to Chicago. Sleepers to Hornellsville, Chicago, and Cincinnati.

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 261, 291, 401, 849, and 957 Broadway, 156 East 125th St., Chambers and West 23d St. Ferries, New-York; 333 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 200 Hudson St., Hoboken, and Jersey City Station. Erie Transfer Company calls for and checks baggage from hotels and residences to destination.

Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

Fast Express Trains to
BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, and all points West.
PULLMAN CAR SERVICE ON ALL TRAINS.
Leave New-York foot of Liberty Street.

For CHICAGO, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.
For PITTSBURG, 1:30 P. M., 12:15 night.
For CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, 9 A. M., 6 P. M.
For WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, 9:00 A. M., (11:30 A. M., Dining Car,) 1:30, 3:30 P. M., (Dining Car,) 5:00, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night. All trains run daily.
For Norfolk, Bay Line, 1:30 P. M., except Sunday.

Ticket offices: 172, 261, 415, 849, and 1,140 Broadway, 31 East 14th St., 400 Grand St., New-York; 344 Fulton St., Brooklyn; STATION FOOT OF LIBERTY ST., C. R. R. OF N. J.

New-York Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage from hotel or residence to destination.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

STATIONS foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,

In Effect Oct. 15, 1893.

9:00 A. M. COLUMBIAN EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to Chicago, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis. Arrives Cincinnati 6:35 A. M., Indianapolis 7:55 A. M., Chicago 10:00 A. M. next day.
9:00 A. M. FAST LINE.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. Parlor and Sleeping Cars.
12:00 NOON. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Drawing and State Room, Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Cars. Arrives Chicago 12:00 noon.
2:00 P. M. ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, AND CHICAGO EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to St. Louis, Louisville, and Chicago. Arrives Cincinnati 10:50 A. M., St. Louis 7:30 P. M., Chicago 5:30 P. M.
6:30 P. M. WESTERN EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping Cars to Pittsburg, Chicago, and Cleveland. Dining Car to Chicago. Arrives Cleveland 11:40 A. M., Chicago 9:30 P. M. next day.
7:50 P. M. SOUTHWESTERN EXPRESS week days, 7:45 P. M. Sundays.—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to Cincinnati and St. Louis. Arrives Cincinnati 6:00 P. M., St. Louis 7:00 A. M. second morning.
8:00 P. M. PACIFIC EXPRESS.—Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car New-York to Chicago. Arrives Chicago 7:30 A. M., (second morning,) Toledo 11:20 P. M., Columbus 7:15 P. M., Cleveland 6:10 P. M., week days.
2:00 P. M. SHENANDOAH VALLEY ROUTE, daily, with Sleeper to New-Orleans.

BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, AND THE SOUTH.

10:00 A. M.—"Washington Limited," week days. Pullman Parlor Cars and Dining Car.
3:20 P. M.—"Congressional Limited," daily. Pullman Parlor Cars and Dining Car, arriving Washington 8:25 P. M.
ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS: 8, 8:30, 9:30, 11 A. M., 2:10, 4:30, 5, 9 P. M., 12:15 night. Sunday, 8:30, 9:30 A. M., 4:30, 5, 9 P. M., 12:15 night.
9:30 A. M.—Atlantic Coast Line Express, daily. Sleepers to Charleston, Columbia, Jacksonville, and Port Tampa 9 P. M. daily. Sleeper to Jacksonville.
4:30 P. M.—Richmond and Danville Express, daily. Sleepers to Augusta and New-Orleans.
5:00 P. M.—Daily for Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Through Sleeping and Dining Cars.
FOR OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK via Cape Charles Route, 8 A. M. week days, and, with Through Sleeper, 8 P. M. daily.
FOR ATLANTIC CITY, 1 P. M. week days, with Through Buffet Parlor Car.
FOR CAPE MAY, 1 P. M. week days.
For Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, and Point Pleasant, 9:10 A. M., 12:10, 3:40, 5:10, and 11:45 P. M. week days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:15 P. M. (Do not stop at Asbury Park and Ocean Grove on Sundays.)

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Express: 6:20, 7:20, 8, 8:30, 9, 9:30, 10, 11 A. M., (12 noon, Penn'a Limited,) 12:20, 1, 2:10, 3, 4, 4:30, 5, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:50, 8, 9 P. M., 12:15 night. Sundays, Express, 6:25, 8:30, 9, 9:30, 10 A. M., (12 noon, Limited,) 2, 4, 4:30, 5, 6:30, 7:45, 8, 9 P. M., 12:15 night.

Ticket offices: Nos. 433, 944, 1,196, 113, and 261 Broadway, 1 Astor House, 134 East 125th Street, 264 West 125th Street, 251 Columbus Avenue, 737 Sixth Avenue, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 98 Broadway, and Brooklyn Annex Station, foot of Fulton Street, Brooklyn; 129 Hudson Street, Hoboken; Station, Jersey City.

The New-York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Pass'r Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY

(Anthracite Coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and comfort.)
Four tracks. Automatic Block Signals.
Trains leave station foot of Liberty St.
Time Table in Effect Oct. 16, 1893.

ROYAL BLUE LINE
TO
PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, AND WASHINGTON.

For Philadelphia, week days, 4:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 (Dining Car) A. M., 1:30, 2:15, 3:30, (Dining Car,) 4:00, (Buffet Parlor Car,) 5:00, 6:00, 7:30, 8:45 P. M., 12:15 night. Sunday, 9:00, 10:30, 11:30 (Dining Car) A. M., 1:30, 3:30, (Dining Car,) 5:00, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Baltimore and Washington, week days and Sundays, 9:00, 11:30 (Dining Car) A. M., 1:30, 3:30, (Dining Car,) 5:00, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c., 4:00 7:15, 8:45 A. M., 1:00, 4:30, 5:45, 7:30 to Allentown, P. M. Sundays, 4:30, 7:15 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.

For Wilkesbarre, Pittston, and Scranton, 8:45 A. M., 4:30 P. M. Sundays, 4:30 A. M.

For Reading at 4:00, 8:00, 8:45, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 1:30, 2:15, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45, 7:30 P. M., 12:15 night, except Saturday night. Sundays, 1:00, 1:30, 3:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Harrisburg at 4:00, 8:00, 8:45 A. M., 1:00, 1:30, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45 P. M., 12:15 night, excepting Saturday night. Sundays, 1:00, 1:30, 5:00, 5:30 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Pottsville at 4:00, 8:00, 8:45, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 1:30, 4:00, 7:30 P. M., 12:15 night, except Saturday night. Sundays, 1:00, 1:30, 3:30, 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Sunbury, Lewisburg, and Williamsport at 4:00, 8:00, 8:45 A. M., 1:00, 1:30, 7:30 P. M., 12:15 night, except Saturday night. Sundays, 7:15 A. M., 6:00 P. M., 12:15 night.

For Red Bank, Long Branch, and points south to Point Pleasant, 4:30, 8:15, 11:30, A. M., 1:30, 1:45, 4:00, 4:20, (5:38 to Red Bank and Branchport,) 6:15 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove and Asbury Park, 9:00 A. M., 4:00 P. M.

FOR LAKEWOOD,
Toms River, Barnegat Park, and Barnegat, 4:30, 8:15 A. M., 1:45, 4:20 P. M.

For Atlantic City, Vineland, and Bridgeton, 4:30 A. M., 1:45 P. M.

For Monmouth Beach, Seabright, and Highland Beach, 4:30, 8:15, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 1:45, (3:45 to Monmouth Beach and Seabright,) 4:00, 4:20, 5:38 P. M.

N. Y., ONTARIO & WESTERN R. R.

Excursion Tickets, New-York to Chicago and Return, $28.00.
SPECIAL COACH EXCURSION ON SATURDAY, OCT. 21, AT $17.00.

Trains leave foot of West 42d St. as follows, 15 minutes earlier from Franklin St.:

8:25 A. M. (daily except Sunday) for Wallkill Valley R. R. stations, Middletown, Ellenville, Fallsburgh, Liberty, Carbondale, Scranton, Walton, Delhi, Sidney, Norwich, Utica, Rome, Oneida, Fulton, and Oswego.
3:15 P. M. (except Sunday) Sullivan Co. Express for Wallkill Valley Railroad stations, Campbell Hall, Middletown, Ellenville, Mountain Dale, Centreville, Fallsburgh, Hurleyville, Liberty Falls, Liberty, Parksville, and Livingston Manor.
7:45 P. M. (daily) for Middletown, Summitville, Fallsburgh, Liberty, Livingston Manor, Rockland, Walton, Sidney, Norwich, Oneida, Fulton, Oswego.
7:45 P. M. daily, via Niagara Falls. Reclining-chair car (seats free) New-York to Niagara Falls. Through Pullman sleepers New-York to Chicago. Arrives Detroit 9:40 P. M., Chicago 7:30 A. M., St. Louis 8:00 P. M.

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Leave.	By way of	Due.
9:00 A. M.,	Springfield and Worcester,	3:30 P. M.
10:00 A. M.,	**New-London & Providence,	3:00 P. M.
10:03 A. M.,	New-London and Providence,	4:30 P. M.
11:00 A. M.,	Springfield and Worcester,	5:30 P. M.
12:00 M.	‡Springfield and Worcester,	5:40 P. M.
12:03 P. M.,	Hartford and N. Y. and N. E.,	6:30 P. M.
1:00 P. M.,	New-London and Providence,	7:30 P. M.
2:00 P. M.,	‡New-London and Providence,	7:40 P. M.
3:00 P. M.,	*Willimantic and N. Y. & N. E.,	†8:40 P. M.
4:00 P. M.,	*Springfield and Worcester,	10:00 P. M.
5:00 P. M.,	*New-London & Providence,	11:00 P. M.
11:00 P. M.,	*Springfield and Worcester,	6:15 A. M.
12:00 P. M.,	*New-London & Providence,	7:00 A. M.

*Runs daily, including Sundays.
**Five-hour limited, all parlor cars. Fare, $7, including parlor-car seat.
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‡All parlor cars.
Return service same hours and by same route.
Through parlor or sleeping cars by each train.
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Travelers' Guide—Steamboats.

NORWICH LINE.

Favorite Inside Route. Fares Reduced. To New-London, $1.00; Norwich, $1.25; Worcester, $2.00; Boston, $3.00. Corresponding reduction to all points east. Steamers leave Pier 40 (old number) North River, (next pier above Desbrosses St. Ferry,) daily, Sundays excepted, at 6 P. M., connecting with vestibuled express train leaving New-London at 5:35 A. M., reaching Worcester 7:55 and Boston 9 A. M.

STONINGTON LINE.

Favorite inside Sound route.
BOSTON, ONLY $3; PROVIDENCE, $2.25.
FARES REDUCED to WORCESTER and all other points. Famous steel screw steamers MAINE and NEW-HAMPSHIRE leave new Pier 36 N. R., one block above Canal St., at 6 P. M. daily, except Sunday, connecting at Stonington wharf with three express trains to Providence and Boston. First express has through parlor car.

NEW-HAVEN.—Fare, $1. Magnificent new twin-screw steel steamer RICHARD PECK, the flier, fastest steamer on Long Island Sound, and palatial steamer C. H. NORTHAM leave Pier 25 E. R. daily (Sundays excepted) at 3 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., arriving in time for trains to Meriden, Hartford, Springfield, and the North. N. B.—On and after Nov. 1 steamer RICHARD PECK leaves 4 P. M., arriving at New-Haven 8:15 P. M., and 11:30 P. M. steamer withdrawn temporarily.

HARTFORD.—New twin-screw steel steamer HARTFORD and sister boat CITY OF SPRINGFIELD leave Pier 24 E. R. daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 P. M., reaching Hartford in time for early trains for Springfield, Boston, and Albany.

A.—TROY BOATS.—Steamer City of Troy or Saratoga leaves Pier 46, West 10th St., daily, except Saturday, 6 P. M. Sunday steamer touches at Albany.

CATSKILL, HUDSON, AND COXSACKIE boats leave every week day from Pier 48, foot of West 11th St., N. R., at 6 P. M., connecting at Hudson with Boston and Albany R. R. for all points East.

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